

# South-Jersey Republican

Orville E. Hoyt, Publisher.

Terms--\$1.25 Per Year.

Vol. 18, No. 42.

Hammonton, N. J., Saturday, October 16, 1880.

Five Cents per Copy.

## A PARABLE.

In a little log church in the State of Virginia. Some negroes had gathered to worship the Lord; And after the services they had a class-meeting. That each for the Master might utter a word. Their leader exhorted, and spoke of the warfare Which Christians should wage against error alway, And finished by asking the following question: "Which way is your musket a-plin' to-day?"

One after another they gave their experience; Some brothers were happy, some lukewarm or cold; One saw his way clear to the portals of glory. Another had strayed like a lamb from the fold. At last Brother Darkie—a renegade member, And Satan's companion for many a day—Arose, cleared his throat; though visibly nervous, He folded his arms and proceeded to say:

"Dear brethren and sisters, I once was a Christian, I once was as happy as any one here; I at for de Church like a battle-scarred soldier, And stood by her banners when traitors were near." "Hold on, dar," the leader excitedly shouted: "Please answer de question I axed you, I say: I've given you credit for all you fit den, dar—Which way is your musket a-plin' to-day?"

The Democrats talk of the glory of Hancock, And boast of the record of English as well; Then give them due honor; for Judas was loyal Till money was offered; he took it, and fell, I would liken their boast to the boast of old Barke, And then, with the class-leader, honestly say: "Hold on, dar, my brudder, dat isn't de question! "Which way is your musket a-plin' to-day?"

Shall men who are training with Brigadier Generals Who fought to destroy our national flag, And rise from their seats in the Forty-sixth Congress To eulogize traitors like Davis and Bragg? Shall men who bow down in Confederate churches And worship the masters they humbly obey, Shall they rule the nation by Washington founded? "Which way is their musket a-plin' to-day?"

The question, my fri-nds, is of vital importance; The nation is waiting in anxious suspense; Each voter can wield a political musket, Then wield it, I ask, in your country's defense. The issue before us is clear and unclouded: Shall the nation be ruled by the Blue or the Gray? I candidly ask, fellow-soldier and voter, "Which way is your musket a-plin' to-day?"

## Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11, 1880.

Considerable excitement is created here over the recent discoveries of fraud against the Government by the Democratic Candidate for Vice President Mr. Engleish, in a pension case he prosecuted for his grand mother's heirs. It is shown that he received the pension money, some \$4000 upon illegal letters of administration, that he refused to pay the money to the heirs, and did not for two years or more, and then only because the affair was making scandal in the departments here where he was then a clerk. This pension case is a good deal like his Chicago fire subscription. He did a mean thing, and when it created a stench he tried to crawl out of it by paying up.

The distinguished attention Senator Conkling is receiving from the people in Ohio and Indiana, will give much gratification to his friends in New York. This the first campaign in which Mr. Conkling has labored outside of New York, and he is of course a great novelty; people are anxious to see and hear him. His meetings are immense, and the good work he is doing will not be realized perhaps until the votes are counted. His speeches are printed in full and read by thousands who would not glance at a speech by any one else. They are remarkably good. His intellectual power is shown by the fact that he does not repeat himself. Thus far he has made a fresh speech on every occasion when he has appeared before an audience, and if he is as well satisfied with his reception as the Republicans are with him, it is probable he will not in the future so closely confine himself to his own State.

Next March the Senate of the 47th Congress will convene in extra session, no matter who is President. Thirty newly elected Senators will take their seats. Of these, ten will be Republicans, ten Democrats, with five not elected, and doubtful. The incomers will increase the parties to Democrats and 32 Republicans. More, should the Republicans carry five of the doubtful States, they would have a majority in the Senate of 47th Congress. In the House prospects are better. The Republicans will gain one member from Alabama, one in Texas, two in North Carolina, one in Massachusetts, and five in Ohio, and possibly some others, besides holding their present number. There are many

close Districts, and the complexion of the next House will depend in a great measure upon the drift of the campaign between now and election. The chances are in favor of a Republican majority, though perhaps but a small one.

MAXWELL.

A correspondent of the *Chenango Telegraph* relates the following:

A circumstance in the military record of Winfield Scott Hancock, touching his popularity with the soldiers, I have failed to see mentioned by the newspapers or others, except as the soldiers themselves have spoken of it to laugh over a popular Democratic delusion.

Shortly after the surrender of Lee, Hancock came to take command of the army of the Shenandoah, with which our regiment was connected. The gallant Gen. Phil. Sheridan had been in command for several months, and the army was not in a happy mood at the change. While Sheridan had made them fight like Tartars, he had won the love and admiration of every man by his kindly care and interest in their welfare. When Hancock came they were not prepared to receive the grand mogul with the worship due the fine clothes he wore and the glitter and West Point snobbery of his surroundings. His orders over-reached the moral law by several volumes in their length. In preparing for the spring campaign, he issued an order, among others obnoxious to the soldiers, that every man should draw from the quartermaster two pairs of army shoes. The men protested, but to no avail, the shoes came to make them shudder under their load of arms and accoutrements, with two pair of extra shoes and other extra clothing and extraordinary requirements, there was no end to the epithets devoted to Hancock's orders. The old fighting 6th corps were in a state of impending mutiny. They had served with Hancock in the army of the Potomac and thoroughly disliked the man and they even went so far as to turn out en masse and boot at him as he passed their camp. They finally gave expression to their disgust for red tape in a very unique and successful manner. The companies assembled with their shoes, placed them one in the other, forming a company of shoes in line, two ranks, close order. They then put the first one in the last, forming a circle which they nailed upon a building and labeled "Hancock's Wreath." There was no end of the sport over the episode and the soldiers declared their purpose to take the shoes with them in the campaign for brass works or pontoons, as the case might require. It will excite a laugh with one of the old 11th regim nt veterans to speak of Hancock's being popular with the army. He was a brave officer, but the most unpopular of them all. The fact is, Hancock was and is an aristocrat, without any sympathy or feeling in common with the volunteer officers, soldiers or common people. He is essentially what West Point has made him, a bourgeois, and he is popular only with bourgeois, men who forget nothing and neither learn anything.

## AN INDEPENDENT SOLDIER of the 114th Regiment.

The clock upon the tower of a neighboring church tolled forth, slowly and solemnly, the knell of the departed hour.

As the sound died away, Willie, who was sitting on the carpet at his mother's feet, lifted his head, and looking earnestly in her face, asked:

"Mother, what did the clock say?" "To me," said his mother, sadly, "it seemed to say, 'Gone—gone—gone—gone!'"

"What, mother? what has gone?" "Another hour, my son."

"What is an hour, mother?" "A white-winged messenger from our Father in heaven, sent by Him to inquire of you—of me, what we are doing, what we are saying, what we are thinking and feeling."

"Where is it gone, mother?" "Back to Him who sent it, bearing on its wings, that were so pure and white when it came, a record of all our thoughts, words, and deeds, while it was with us. Were they all such as our Father could receive with a smile of approbation?"

Reader! what record are the hours, as they come and go, bearing up on high of you?

Ben Butler's biography: 1877, a Republican; 1878, a Labor Reformer; 1879, a Greenbacker; 1880, a Democrat; 1881, a political reminiscence.—*Detroit Post and Tribune*.

An Ohio murderer spent the night before the day appointed for his execution in rejoicing that he was soon to go to heaven, but when a reprieve came he did not seem a bit disappointed.

A Leadville man fell over a bluff and if the man hadn't been drunk it would have killed him, and if he hadn't been drunk he wouldn't have fallen over the bluff. You can make the occurrence point whichever moral you choose.

There was a large meeting of business men and working men, in Philadelphia, Monday evening, last week. The Academy of Music proved too small to accommodate the crowd, and a second meeting was commenced in Horticultural Hall, which was also filled. Nearly every speaker was a business man or manufacturer—not a practiced public speaker—and the sentiments expressed had a freshness that was refreshing, compared to the repeated and re-hashed matter of the professional orator. We give a few select sentences to show the opinions of practical men, not politicians, upon the real issues of the day:

Now I come to another important question for our consideration—the financial system of our country, the national banking system, the wonder of the world, and the most perfect monetary system ever practiced in human wisdom. The national banks, clustered as a whole, have been ever ready to co-operate with the Government in the best offices of finance, funding the national debt at four per cent. interest, giving every aid to the return to specie payments, and at the same time extending ample facilities to every solvent enterprise of the country.

Beyond the office as banks of deposit and discount, the greater advantage lies in that they are clearance houses broadcast over the land, safe centres to enable us to exchange the products of agriculture and manufacture with the least possible cost. The circulating notes, secured by a deposit of United States bonds at the Treasury at Washington, are absolutely safe at all times and all circumstances. Other gentlemen will address you upon the subject of the tariff, and I will not elaborate upon the national banking system, about which you are so well advised. It is only needful for me to declare that the destruction of these systems of tariff and finance would entail such panics and wide-spread disaster throughout the land as has never been equalled in this country. In a word, the solid south, aided by the Democratic party of the north, would bankrupt your national credit, start the irredeemable paper-mill and bring you to ruin.

The Democratic party avows in language plain and unmistakable, in terms bold, specific and unqualified, that it is in favor of a tariff for revenue only. The word "only" in this case is quite important, and permits but one inference to be drawn, namely, that the Democratic party is opposed to customs duties levied for protection. Whoever votes the Democratic ticket, therefore, votes against protecting home industries. A tariff for revenue only is antagonistic to a tariff adjusted for both revenue and protection. It aims simply for revenue, and discards every consideration of protection, so that should any native industry be benefitted by duties imposed upon foreign products, it is accidental or incidental protection, and not the result of design. The tariff under which we have worked for a number of years past was arranged for the double purpose of revenue and protection to home industries, and it has fulfilled all that was intended and predicted by the framers of the bill.

First. It has created a revenue. More than one-half of the annual Treasury receipts are now derived from customs duties. Second. It has protected home industries, so that we have been enabled to develop our resources, and diversify our industries. Employment has been given to our own people; we have become to a great extent independent of foreigners, and the United States now occupies a prominent position among the great and powerful manufacturing nations of the world.

No one can tell how low the rates of duties will be nor what industries may be deprived of all protection by a Democratic Congress favoring a tariff for revenue only. If all protective duties should be abolished then manufacturers must do one of two things, either suspend operations and close their factories or produce at as low cost as their European competitors. The freight, insurance and charges on imported goods will not be sufficient protection. They would scarcely offset the prejudice that many Americans have in favor of foreign products. Our crude materials, fuel, rate of interest, cost of buildings and machinery, wages, and all expenses of business must be as low as in Europe or we cannot compete. Therefore a tariff for revenue only may mean the same wages as are paid in Europe. Are the workmen of the United States prepared to accept the situation? This is an important question for them to answer.

"The rates of wages in the United States, roughly estimated, are more than twice those in Belgium, three times those in Denmark, France and Germany; once and a-half those in England and Scotland, and more than three times those in Italy and Spain. The prices of the necessities of life are lower in the United States than in any of the foregoing countries."

An ex-prize-fighter is postmaster in an eastern town. His old fighting nature is still in him and hardly a day passes that he doesn't put an innocent little postage stamp.

A young man of society, but making a call may wear two watches and yet not know when it is time to get some.

The postal money order system in the United States owes its success to the measures adopted by the various Republican heads of the Post-office Department, as the system was a wretched failure under Democratic auspices before the war. The admirable administration of this service increases the public use of it rapidly with each succeeding year. Few departments of the postal service are found more reliable by the public or of more general use than this one. What is of more consequence is that it pays all its own expenses and yields a net profit to the government.

## News Items.

The Republican National Committee met at Richmond, Va., on Wednesday, and resolved to make a canvass in that State. As Gen. Grant says, there are many good men in the "Solid South" who are ready and anxious for a dissolving of the solidarity; and this move will help to accomplish this much to be desired result.

A terrible railroad accident occurred at Pittsburg, Penna., a few days ago. At last accounts, twenty-seven deaths had resulted, and nearly as many more were injured, several of whom will probably die. The collision was very similar to the one at May's Landing a few weeks ago,—steam doing more damage than the simple collision.

Over forty thousand Republicans were in line on Monday evening, in New York City—reviewed by Gen. Grant and other prominent men.

The country does want a "change" in the political complexion of the United States Congress, and every election shows that they will have their desire.

## FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

For Farm in HAMMONTON or South Jersey. Farm of 275 acres, 80 acres cleared and under cultivation. House of four rooms. All necessary out buildings. Well of splendid water. Two springs. Running stream. Soil clay loam. Timber oak, hickory, and some pine—original growth. Adapted to clover, corn, wheat, tobacco, etc. In Brunswick County, Virginia, 40 miles from Petersburg and 20 from Jarrettsville, on Petersburg and Weldon Railroad. My son lives on the place. Information given in full by Mr. P. H. JONES, corner Main Road and Broadway, Hammonton.

C. P. MORTON,  
1548 N. Sixth Street,  
Philadelphia.

## Mrs. K. TILLERY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Hats, Bonnets and Millinery Goods.

No. 538 Nth. Second St., below  
Green, Philadelphia.

A large assortment of Velvets, Satins,  
all shades, Feathers, Flowers,  
Ribbons, &c., &c.

N. B.—Dress and Cloak Making. Ladies  
Suits made to order at short notice. Knife  
Plating and Stamping.

Jan 1

## E. H. CARPENTER,

HAMMONTON, N. J.

## BOOTS AND SHOES,

Hats, Caps, Ladies' and Gents'

## FURNISHING GOODS,

Blank and School Books,

Stationery, Sewing Machine Needles,  
Silk, Cotton, Notions,  
Fancy Articles, &c.,

At Reasonable Prices

## FOR SALE!

Now is the time for me to sell. Will you buy I offer you a two-story house, with two well-ventilated stores, and dwelling above, in the business part of the town. A first-class garden, set with fruit trees and grape vines.

I want to make a new residence by selling the old. Call, or address,

JOSEPH COAST,  
Hammonton, N. J.

Jos. H. Shinn,

## INSURANCE AGENT

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,

References: Policy holders  
in the Atlantic City  
fires.

## Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, issued out of the Court of Chancery, will be sold at public vendue, on

Saturday, October 23d, 1880.

AT TWO O'CLOCK in the afternoon of said day, at the Hotel of Richard O. Calk, in Buena Vista:—All that certain piece or lot of land situate in the township of Buena Vista, County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner of lot number twenty-seven, bought by Jesse Down, thence north seventy-one degrees and forty-four minutes, east twenty-one chains and eighty-nine links to a corner; thence south one degree east, forty-four chains to a corner in the road leading from Buena Vista to Blue Anchor; thence south seventy-one and three-quarter degrees, west twenty-seven chains and fifty links; thence north five degrees east, forty-six chains and fifty links to the beginning, containing one hundred and three acres and sixty-six hundredths of an acre, more or less, and is lot numbered twenty-six.

Also, all that other tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Buena Vista aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner in the road leading from Buena Vista to the residence of Mrs. Rebecca Hancock, the same being corner to lot number one bought by Wesley Vanaman; thence south five degrees, west, along said Vanaman's line, sixty-four chains to Deep Run, thence an easterly direction along said Deep Run, the several courses and distances thereof to the corner of Lot No. 3; thence north five degrees east, sixty-one chains and fifty-five links to above named road; thence along said road north eighty-three degrees and fifty minutes west, thirteen chains and nine links to the beginning, containing sixty-nine acres and eight hundredths of an acre, more or less, subject to claims if any on Deep Run, and is lot number two.

Also, all that other certain piece or lot of land situate in the township, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner in the said road leading from Buena Vista to the residence of Rebecca Hancock, the same being corner to lot No. 2 above described; thence along said lot south five degrees west, sixty-one chains and fifty-five links to Deep Run; thence along said Run to the corner of lot number four bought by C. Campbell Cooper; thence north five degrees east, sixty-one chains and sixty-three links to the said road, the same being corner to lot No. 16 bought by Furman L. Mulford and lot No. 15 bought by Wesley Vanaman; thence north eighty-three degrees and fifty minutes west, seventeen chains and ninety-one links to the beginning, containing one hundred and ten acres and thirty-one hundredths of an acre, more or less, subject to claims if any on Deep Run, and is lot No. 3.

Also, all that other certain piece or lot of land situate in the township of Buena Vista aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a station in the Weymouth road the same being corner to lot number 10 bought by Archibald Scott and to lot number 14 bought by Furman L. Mulford; thence south five degrees west, twenty-six chains and seventy-one links to the corner of lot number fifteen bought by Wesley Vanaman; thence north eighty-five degrees west, twenty-two chains and fifty-six links to another corner of said lot number fifteen; thence north twenty-five degrees and thirty-five minutes, west nineteen chains and fifty-eight links to the Weymouth road; thence along said road south seventy-eight and a-half degrees east, thirty-three chains and eight links to the beginning, containing sixty-three acres and ninety hundredths of an acre, more or less, and is lot seventeen. All of said lots being numbered as per plan of map of the Real Estate of Ambrose Hancock, deceased, as run out for the Commissioners in the year A. D. 1856 by Samuel Wills, Surveyor. Seized as the property of Ambrose Hancock, et ux et al, Defendants, taken in execution at the suit of Burdick Harbo, Complainant, and to be sold by

M. V. B. MOORE, Sheriff.

Dated August 23d, 1880.

Jas. H. Nixon, Solicitor.

Printer's Fee \$12.00

## DR. W. E. DAVIE,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College,

GIVE HIM A CALL

who has opened the rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Stocking.

Corner 3rd Street and Bellevue Avenue.

HAMMONTON,

All operations pertaining to dentistry performed in the very best manner.

Anesthetics administered when desired.

Established in 1810.

J. & W. JONES,

FANCY DYERS,

432 North Front Street.

Branch Office, Corner 9th and Vine Sts., PHILADELPHIA.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments of every description Dyed or Cleaned. Kid Shoes Feathers and Gloves Dyed or Cleaned.

## Barber Shop.

Wm. HANEY,

Fashionable Hair Cutter has taken the shop recently occupied by Jan. Coast, and will attend to every particular the business—Hair cutting, Shampooing Shaving, etc.

A Clean Towel to Every Man!

Open every day. On Sunday from 7 to 12 o'clock in the morning.

Hammonton, Dec. 1st, 1878.

## The Impossible.

Man cannot draw water from an empty well,  
Or trace the stories that the gospel tell,  
Or gather the sounds of a pealing bell.

Man never can stop the bitter rain,  
Nor chain the winds till they blow no more,  
Nor drive time to leave from a maiden's door.

Man cannot create a feeling life,  
Change his what to a field of rye,  
Or call back years that have long gone by.

Man never can bribe old Father Time,  
Gain the height of a peak that he cannot climb,  
Or trust the hand that hath done a crime.

Man cannot a cruel word recall,  
Fetter a thought, be it great or small,  
Or honey extract from a drop of gall.

Man never can backward turn the tide,  
Or count the stars that are scattered wide,  
Or find in a foot a trusty guide.

Man cannot reap fruit from a worthless seed,  
Rely for strength on a broken reed,  
Or gain a heart he had caused to bleed.

Man never can hope true joy to win,  
Pleasure untroubled and free within,  
Living a thoughtless life of sin.

## COURTSHIP BY PROXY.

"Indeed," said the deacon's wife, "I knew by that she hadn't heard a word we had been saying."

"Why, yes," I repeated, a good deal discouraged, for I saw I must begin again at the beginning—she is more than 100 years old and entirely destitute. Yet she did not complain of anything but the cold. She was formerly a slave in Kentucky, but she looks like a young up here, and now has outlived every body that has ever belonged to her. I could manage to get her in the colored woman's home for the rest of her life. I should be glad. But she isn't a resident of the city. It will be necessary to pay her board. A dollar a week, Mrs. Hoyt thinks it."

"Certainly, that would be the best thing to do," replied Mrs. Deacon, "but I don't know. I don't know what we can do until we have called a meeting of the society."

"That was up to her! If the vestry was on fire, she would have stopped to call a meeting of the society before she would have ventured to throw on a dipper of water."

"But the poor creature is freezing and starving," said I, impatiently. "Can't you, as president of the society, empower me to give her at least one of those woolen socks we have on hand?"

"I don't know but I might go as far as that," said Mrs. Deacon, "but I don't know what we can do until we have called a meeting of the society."

"What do you think of Mr. Brodhead?"

"There! I shouldn't wonder if he would give us something!" I exclaimed, going down on my knees in my hearty deacon's wife for my injustice. "He is a man of means, and a generous man, I've always heard."

"The deacon's wife looked puzzled."

"Oh, your old colored woman's wife, she, directly," I wasn't thinking of you. Mr. Brodhead is a very high opinion of Mr. Brodhead. Did you know that?"

"What do you mean, Mrs. Shackelford?" I, as surprised as though the man in the moon had just come down to my friends all know how I detested such talk. And, besides, I never considered Mrs. Shackelford that sort of a woman. Her attention was usually centered in the sewing society and her flower garden.

"But for once some other idea had taken possession of her mind, and as her thoughts always ran in grooves, she never could harbor more than one at a time."

"Mr. Brodhead is a nice man, and a fine-looking man," said she, looking at her husband. "Why, he means, and a generous man, as you say."

"I suppose so," I replied, gathering my shawl about me.

"Oh, don't you go yet, Bella, or your wanting to see you, and I could. The dropping in quite providential. I was deacon and I were talking of calling on you this very evening," said the deacon's wife, putting out her hand to keep me from rising. "And when I saw you in blue shawl turning in at the gate, I said to myself: 'That was marked a token as Rebecca at the well, with the pitcher on her shoulder.' I haven't the gold earrings and bracelets to offer you, but I have all the rest," she added, laughing nervously.

"Just now the deacon came in. Now there is, in the opinion of his wife, but one reason why Deacon Shackelford didn't make the world. He found it already made. And when he came in, she looked up to him as though Atlas had come, and she came upon her knees, took him by the hand, and she picked golden apples."

"Was just speaking a good word for Mr. Brodhead to Bella's deacon's wife."

"Ah! and what does Bella say?" returned the deacon's wife as though they were a question of investing in real estate, or the price of gold.

"Bella doesn't say anything," I replied. "Certainly not before she is asked."

"I'll need not wait long, if that is all," answered Deacon. "I'll ask you now. Have you any objection to an offer of marriage from Mr. Brodhead?"

"He is a very beautiful man, Mr. Brodhead is, Bella, and he is in love with a little girl. Why, he is in love with

you," interposed Mrs. Deacon Shackelford. "He is in love with you down to his boots."

"Let it run out of his toes, then," said I, beginning to feel like a yeast.

"But you can't have anything against that," persisted Mrs. Deacon. "And think! after a while you won't have our grandfather and your Aunt Susan—"

"I don't want to, and you will rise if you don't have somebody in their place. It is best to think of these things. And you won't find a kinder man, if you search the world over with a wax candle than Mr. Brodhead."

"Mr. Brodhead is well enough, Mrs. Shackelford," I don't deny that. But the idea of making a proposal of this sort through 'middle-men'! It is too absurd!" I said, laughing, and put on my hat.

"So I went home to my class in embroidery, and drawing, and wax-work to make up a Susannah's caps and grandfather's coffee. Milly was full of monotonous work in those days, and sometimes I had a strange, uncomfortable impression of a machine wound up and running without any act of its own."

Every evening when I was putting the figures of our minister and his wife, I was so great noise of the wheels more than usual, as though the machine needed oiling, the front gaiters jammed, and steps came up the wall.

"I knowed some one was coming. I've knowed all day some one was talking of coming," said Gitty Patton, who, to accommodate, as she often told us, had kindly consented to rule over our class and with a rod of pine in the form of a cane.

"As Gitty had no home, no money, and only one foot of her own, but as good as four and two tongues, it might seem sometimes that the accommodation was two-sided. However, things are not what they seem."

"I knowed some one was coming," said Gitty, triumphantly, as pursued father opened the door and disclosed the figure of our minister and his wife. "I said this step as far as I can hear but the cold. She was formerly a slave in Kentucky, but she looks like a young up here, and now has outlived every body that has ever belonged to her. I could manage to get her in the colored woman's home for the rest of her life. I should be glad. But she isn't a resident of the city. It will be necessary to pay her board. A dollar a week, Mrs. Hoyt thinks it."

"Certainly, that would be the best thing to do," replied Mrs. Deacon, "but I don't know. I don't know what we can do until we have called a meeting of the society."

"That was up to her! If the vestry was on fire, she would have stopped to call a meeting of the society before she would have ventured to throw on a dipper of water."

"But the poor creature is freezing and starving," said I, impatiently. "Can't you, as president of the society, empower me to give her at least one of those woolen socks we have on hand?"

"I don't know but I might go as far as that," said Mrs. Deacon, "but I don't know what we can do until we have called a meeting of the society."

"What do you think of Mr. Brodhead?"

"There! I shouldn't wonder if he would give us something!" I exclaimed, going down on my knees in my hearty deacon's wife for my injustice. "He is a man of means, and a generous man, I've always heard."

"The deacon's wife looked puzzled."

"Oh, your old colored woman's wife, she, directly," I wasn't thinking of you. Mr. Brodhead is a very high opinion of Mr. Brodhead. Did you know that?"

"What do you mean, Mrs. Shackelford?" I, as surprised as though the man in the moon had just come down to my friends all know how I detested such talk. And, besides, I never considered Mrs. Shackelford that sort of a woman. Her attention was usually centered in the sewing society and her flower garden.

"But for once some other idea had taken possession of her mind, and as her thoughts always ran in grooves, she never could harbor more than one at a time."

"Mr. Brodhead is a nice man, and a fine-looking man," said she, looking at her husband. "Why, he means, and a generous man, as you say."

"I suppose so," I replied, gathering my shawl about me.

"Oh, don't you go yet, Bella, or your wanting to see you, and I could. The dropping in quite providential. I was deacon and I were talking of calling on you this very evening," said the deacon's wife, putting out her hand to keep me from rising. "And when I saw you in blue shawl turning in at the gate, I said to myself: 'That was marked a token as Rebecca at the well, with the pitcher on her shoulder.' I haven't the gold earrings and bracelets to offer you, but I have all the rest," she added, laughing nervously.

"Just now the deacon came in. Now there is, in the opinion of his wife, but one reason why Deacon Shackelford didn't make the world. He found it already made. And when he came in, she looked up to him as though Atlas had come, and she came upon her knees, took him by the hand, and she picked golden apples."

"Was just speaking a good word for Mr. Brodhead to Bella's deacon's wife."

"Ah! and what does Bella say?" returned the deacon's wife as though they were a question of investing in real estate, or the price of gold.

"Bella doesn't say anything," I replied. "Certainly not before she is asked."

"I'll need not wait long, if that is all," answered Deacon. "I'll ask you now. Have you any objection to an offer of marriage from Mr. Brodhead?"

"He is a very beautiful man, Mr. Brodhead is, Bella, and he is in love with a little girl. Why, he is in love with

you," interposed Mrs. Deacon Shackelford. "He is in love with you down to his boots."

"Let it run out of his toes, then," said I, beginning to feel like a yeast.

world into her. So, though she was a large family, and she was sick, or sorry, or in any way, she was well, whoever wished for a jolly party in health and gladness."

"Dear Mr. Kent! When I went in, there was a knocking a checked sock for young Mrs. Gable's first baby, with such a look of such a happy face that one would be willing to go over the same weary path of suffering, if it should lead at last into such a land of rest."

"I don't know what I felt sorrier," said she, when I was settled at my work by her side, "when I did for somebody who came to me last week in a love affair. He is a man of whose love any woman might be proud, but he is so full of humility and self-doubt that he doesn't even dare open his subject to the young woman herself. And I don't know but it will cost him his life. He says he is sure it would if she should refuse him, and I guess he is sure about it."

In an instant Mr. Brodhead dashed into my mind, and my heart was harder than the meeting-house steps."

"I don't know what I felt sorrier," said she, when I was settled at my work by her side, "when I did for somebody who came to me last week in a love affair. He is a man of whose love any woman might be proud, but he is so full of humility and self-doubt that he doesn't even dare open his subject to the young woman herself. And I don't know but it will cost him his life. He says he is sure it would if she should refuse him, and I guess he is sure about it."

Handsome plumed silk neckerchiefs have tiny peacock's feathers embroidered on the ends, the plumage being delicately copied in fine shaded strokes. The neckerchiefs are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

Some of the very rich new broadens are in four or five bright colors. They are worn over satin skirts trimmed with white lace. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

Italian aprons, made of linen or silk with hands of Smyrna insertion and delicate embroidery of black satin or Burah silk, richly embroidered, are all the rage.

Very large collars are placed in little girls' coats this autumn. They are made of plush and with a cord terminating in spikes constitute the whole of the collar. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

Such a way that they ruffle them especially with ladies. And he says he has seen a lady who has worn a dress made of this material. It is made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

A mist of gray waterproof satin is the latest garment that has been decried by the fashion. It is made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

## FOR THE FAIR SEX.

An Address.  
The postmaster at Centerville, Md. reports having received a letter in his office with the following address:  
To the best-looking man—  
Please forward this letter  
As soon as you can.

To Miss Bulah Cook,  
A little way down.  
Quezonville, Md.  
She was sweet as a peach,  
And as nice as a lily,  
And as nice as a lily,  
In a place that's so chilly.

Fashion Notes.  
Smoothly-fitting gowns are in higher favor than ever. They are to be worn by the willingly dropped by any woman who is in good figure.

Handsome plumed silk neckerchiefs have tiny peacock's feathers embroidered on the ends, the plumage being delicately copied in fine shaded strokes. The neckerchiefs are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

Some of the very rich new broadens are in four or five bright colors. They are worn over satin skirts trimmed with white lace. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

Italian aprons, made of linen or silk with hands of Smyrna insertion and delicate embroidery of black satin or Burah silk, richly embroidered, are all the rage.

Very large collars are placed in little girls' coats this autumn. They are made of plush and with a cord terminating in spikes constitute the whole of the collar. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

Such a way that they ruffle them especially with ladies. And he says he has seen a lady who has worn a dress made of this material. It is made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

A mist of gray waterproof satin is the latest garment that has been decried by the fashion. It is made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

## What They Said.

A gentleman lately took down verbatim the conversation of two fashionable ladies during a morning call, viz.:  
"How do you do, dear?" "Pretty well, thank you. (They kiss.)"  
"How are you this time?" "Pretty well. How have you been?" "Very well, thank you. Pleasant to-day."  
"Oh, very well, thank you. I have you seen Mary B. lately?" "No, but I have seen Susan C." "You don't say so!" "Is she quite well?" "Yes, very well, I believe."  
"Must you go?" "Yes, indeed, I have seven calls to make."  
"Do call again soon." "Thank you, but you don't expect me to call in an age."  
"Oh, you shouldn't say so, dear, I'm sure I'm very good." "Good-bye." "Good-bye, dear."

It is believed by Englishmen that in time it is possible that American competition in meat will be as formidable as the competition in wheat. The already supplied twelve and a half per cent. of the meat used in England.

The great suspension bridge over the East River, between New York and Brooklyn, will not be finished—as was hoped—by next July. The work has been retarded by unexpected delay in the delivery of the steel used in its construction.

A monster sewing machine, weighing over four tons, and run by steam, has been constructed for a manufacturing firm in Liverpool. The machine is the largest in the world. It is adapted for general manufacturing purposes of the heavier sort, although especially made for stitching cotton bedding.

The habit of clipping coins is becoming very prevalent in the United States. Shoppers in every large city are being urged to clip their coins. The coins are clipped and punched, but quarters, ten and five-cent pieces are shaved. The clipping is done by a machine, and most government officials refuse the mutilated bits.

On the Second Avenue elevated railroad, in New York, the cars run for long distances at the level of the house-tops, and the down look through the windows is a most interesting sight. A comical novelty incidental to this situation is the decoration of nearly all the cars with flaming advertisements.

Dr. Norman Kerr, in a paper read before the Medical Association, estimated the mortality from excessive use of alcoholic liquors to be 120,000 deaths per year, one-third being due to the direct effects of the liquor on the system, and two-thirds of the deaths due to starvation, disease, accidents or violence occurring to those persons by the intemperance of the toper.

Mr. and Mrs. Ames, of San Francisco, agreed that they were unsuited to each other, and that a separation was desirable; but how to obtain a divorce was puzzling, because neither had a grievance that would stand the test of the law. Their conclusion was that the husband should give up his profession, and the wife should give up her beauty, and both should become laborers.

The London Truth says: I see that at Exeter a farmer was sent to jail for the death of his cow. The cow was a most valuable animal, and the farmer was a most respectable man. The case was a most unusual one, and the jury was much puzzled.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk matching the dress fabrics, and the cord which fastens it about the waist is of the same material.

There is no doubt that acquiescence of velvet brocade will continue to be worn in the winter; always over skirts of different material. Brightly colored dresses and Japanese mixed material are also considered in good taste.

The proper gown for a bride's mother to wear at the wedding ceremony is of lavender, lilac, mauve, or pearl color. The bride's mother should wear a wedding costume, is of satin brocade wrought in gold.

Jejunes will be used in almost all of the dresses of the winter. They are made of the finest dressings this winter. They will be lined with silk

# The Republican.

Entered as second class matter.  
ORVILLE E. HOYT,  
Editor and Publisher.

HAMMONTON, ATLANTIC CO., N. J.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1880.

## Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
JAMES A. GARFIELD,  
OF Ohio.  
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,  
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,  
OF New York.

## For Presidential Electors.

First District, WILLIAM E. POTTER.  
Second District, E. B. GRUBB.  
Third District, SAMUEL VAN WICKLE.  
Fourth District, DAVID C. BLAIR.  
Fifth District, GEORGE RICHARDS.  
Sixth District, C. M. THERRELL.  
Seventh District, GEORGE C. TOWSE.

## ELECTORS AT LARGE.

BARKER QUINCY, of Mercer.  
E. J. RANBORN, of Hudson.

## FOR GOVERNOR.

FREDERIC A. POTTS,  
OF Hudson County.

## FOR CONGRESS.

J. HART BREWER,  
OF Mercer County.

## FOR STATE SENATOR.

JOHN J. GARDNER, of Atlantic City.

## FOR ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE ELVINS, of Hammonton.

## FOR COUNTY CLERK.

LORENZO A. DOWDY, of Hammonton.

## FOR CORNER.

DR. CHARLES SOUTHERS, Atlantic City.

## How They Come.

Another prominent Democrat has fallen the sinking ship, Democracy. Hon. George C. Beekman, of Freehold, Monmouth county, the present Democratic State Senator from that county, formerly a Judge, and a delegate to the St. Louis Convention in 1876, has declared for Garfield and Arthur. He says he has no hesitation in saying that "in my estimation the election of Hancock would be a national calamity. Not that Hancock's patriotism and honesty are questionable, but because a President, instead of controlling the forces which elect him, is controlled by them, as no experienced politician as Andrew Jackson at length discovered." Mr. Tilton and other tried statesmen were passed by, and a man selected who is a mere child in civil experience. Mr. Beekman believes if Hancock is elected he would be governed by the imperious will of the South, and while he feels no hostility toward the South, he is not willing to trust it with the Government.

Life-long Democrats, H. F. Kneeland, and Dawson Brothers, (three brothers) manufacturers in Newark, have declared they cannot support the Democratic ticket, but will vote for Garfield and Arthur, for protection. Manufacturers and employers, life-long Democrats, all over the country, have declared their intention of voting the Republican ticket. They say they cannot afford to vote the Democratic ticket. It means death to their business, and destruction to capital. The more intelligent Irish and German laborers have begun to realize the fact that to vote the Democratic means less wages. They say "bread and butter comes from our labor, and our labor and wages depend on protection, and we will vote the Republican ticket."

The protective system of the Republican party is the system that will secure a continuation of labor and good wages. The intelligent laborer understands this, and will vote for the source from whence comes his bread and butter. Democratic manufacturers have become educators of their men, and are explaining to them why they should vote the Republican ticket this fall, and the men are replying by hundreds and thousands by joining the Republican campaign clubs, and helping in their comrades.

It is the necessity of the time that the laboring men and mechanics should vote the Republican ticket. The protection of home industries is the great question—the absorbing question. Not that there are no other important questions, as Southern claims, etc., but in this question of protection every man's bread and butter is at stake, and no manufacturer, no laborer, no patriot can afford to vote the Democratic ticket this fall. Workingmen, think over this matter well before you vote.

A dispatch from Indianapolis states that a conference of Democratic leaders were held in that city on Wednesday. The consideration of the propriety of withdrawing Hon. W. H. English from their ticket. No use, it's the party, not the man, that voters are rejecting.

# INDIANA AND OHIO BOTH REPUBLICAN AND THAT

## By Decisive Majorities!

Republican Governors in Both States!

## NINE CONGRESSMEN

Gained by the Republicans in Indiana

Six Congressmen Gained by the Republicans in Ohio.

## Both Legislatures Probably REPUBLICAN.

## What More can any Reasonable Man ask?

Of course we expected Ohio to go Republican; but we were surprised to see it roll up majorities ranging from 18,000 to 23,000.

Indiana was generally conceded to the Democrats, and when Wednesday morning's papers claimed about one thousand Republican majority, and a gain of one Congressman, we kept still, fearing that the report was premature; but Wednesday evening's reports changed it to 3,000 majority, and three Congressmen gained.

That was better still. Then came Thursday's morning reports of rising 5,000 majority for Porter, and a Republican gain of four Congressmen. That was too much; and even the most undemonstrative Republican will raise his hat for a hearty hurrah!

In Ohio we also gain six members of Congress. Now, when New Jersey gives her gain of three more, the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives will be no more; and the Republican party will control legislation.

## Two Points to Remember.

In the full flush of the October triumph there are two points which must be constantly borne in mind. The result is glorious, but it is not the end. A victorious army rejoices over the past, but it turns its eyes to the future. Remember, then, these two things:

First, there must be no relaxation of Republican energy at a single point. The final victory is clearly within our grasp, but it is not yet won. The battle goes on, and it must fight with the same resolute, unshakable spirit until the complete victory crowns our efforts. Our opponents will not be disheartened; and if their watchful leaders detect a weak point in our lines, or find us through overconfidence abating any of our hard, determined work, they will take advantage of it. Nothing but too great a feeling of security can now defeat us. Henceforward Republicans can fight not merely with the inspiration of a great cause, but with the enthusiasm of assured victory, and the battle be pressed along the whole line.

Second, it must not be forgotten that the Democrats have the final count in their hands. They hold both Houses of Congress. They see the victory they had confidently expected slipping from their grasp; they are desperate, and there is no telling what they might do if they could discover a plausible color of excuse. If the Electoral College be closely divided they may undertake to reject a State and throw the choice into the House; or, if any Republican State have a narrow margin they may attempt to find some pretext for refusing to count its vote. There is one way to battle all such schemes, and that is to make a majority so emphatic and decisive that even the most desperate partisans will not dare to dispute it. All patriotic citizens are now interested in securing such a commanding and unchallenged result. The victory is ours; let it be made overwhelming.—Press.

## Editorial Selections

It seems as though the people did want a change. Judging from the gain by the Republicans of six Congressmen in Ohio alone, the people apparently have no further use for a Democratic House of Representatives.

The Democrats made a sad mistake when, in order to please the Solid South, they inserted that free-trade plank in their platform. They under-estimated the intelligence of the public, and nothing is more fatal in politics.

The Troy Times hints that Hancock is afflicted with Presidential itch. Never mind, he will smell sulphur in November. That'll fix him.

Southern men say they like General Hancock's Southern claims letter. If they tell the truth they have shed their skins quicker than any snakes ever divested themselves before, and yet the same old covering seems to be on them.

The first gun has been fired in New Jersey. At the election in Newark, this week, Tuesday, the Republican won by about 2500 majority. Last year, the Democrats carried the city by 3,500.

Business men will breathe more freely after such a vote from the October States. Evidently the men to our manufacturing interests embodied in the Democratic programme is appreciated by the American people.

Although a great victory has been won in Indiana, it does not follow as a matter of course that the State is safe for Garfield and Arthur. Our battle is not yet won. The hardest work of the campaign is yet to be done; and we must bear in mind that the Democratic party, East and West, will use every means in their power to regain what they have lost this week. Keep the ball moving for a few days longer, and the victory will be ours.

Republican friend, don't allow the glorious victories won this week to lull you into fancied security. Our battle is not yet won. The hardest work of the campaign is yet to be done; and we must bear in mind that the Democratic party, East and West, will use every means in their power to regain what they have lost this week. Keep the ball moving for a few days longer, and the victory will be ours.

When the Republicans were defeated in Maine, stocks fell; now that they have been victorious in Indiana and Ohio, the stock market is buoyant and business brisk. This may be no more than a curious coincidence, but to believe this requires an enormous development of credulity. It is much more rational to suppose that the business men of the country have an idea that Republican success will best promote the general welfare.

Most of the bawling brigadiers from the South who have spoken at Northern Democratic insinuations love them so much they not only fall down and worship them, but they are almost "to a man and brother," going to vote for Hancock. All this sounds very effective until the Democratic Richmond Dispatch continues to announce in "cold type," "The negroes in Virginia are Republicans. If we were to admit that there are 1,000 negroes in Virginia who are Democrats, we would admit too much. Out of 112,000 negro voters, there are certainly no more than 1,000 who are Democrats." Commercial Advertiser.

# BOOTS.

## Timely Advice on Fall Clothes.

You are thinking of your clothing for fall: what it shall be; how and where you shall get it.

COME AND SEE US.

Come and see us, or drop us a line, saying what you want, as near as you can. If you are here, you can see for yourself a great variety of things, try on what you like, and go home with the old clothes in a bundle. That is very easy; and nothing can be more satisfactory.

It will cost you nothing to examine it, and if it should not prove to be what you want, we will show you a line of boots either in whole stock or split, Calf, Kip, or Cowhide, that cannot fail to suit you in price and quality.

In Youth's and Boy's sizes we have the best stocks in the market.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

# BOOTS.

## Timely Advice on Fall Clothes.

You are thinking of your clothing for fall: what it shall be; how and where you shall get it.

COME AND SEE US.

Come and see us, or drop us a line, saying what you want, as near as you can. If you are here, you can see for yourself a great variety of things, try on what you like, and go home with the old clothes in a bundle. That is very easy; and nothing can be more satisfactory.

It will cost you nothing to examine it, and if it should not prove to be what you want, we will show you a line of boots either in whole stock or split, Calf, Kip, or Cowhide, that cannot fail to suit you in price and quality.

In Youth's and Boy's sizes we have the best stocks in the market.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,

Hammonton.

# The Republican.

Entered as second class matter.  
ORVILLE E. HOYT,  
Editor and Publisher.

HAMMONTON, ATLANTIC CO., N. J.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1880.

## LOCAL MISCELLANY.

Hammonon Fair next week. Don't you forget it.

Rev. Thos. H. Gordon arrived in Hammonton last Wednesday evening.

Quite a number from Hammonton visited the Mount Holly Fair, on Thursday.

Miss Nettie Richards arrived home from her trip to Maine last Saturday evening.

H. C. Doile has secured a position as one of the editors of the Jersey Press, Camden.

We are all going to the fair, of course. It costs 25 cents for adults; 15 cents for children.

Mr. Wm. Bernshausen sent a force of men down to Maryland, Monday, to do some carpenter work.

Mr. E. E. Moore continues his Thursday morning trips with fresh fish. Potatoes and apples for sale at all times.

Ladies to the front, as usual. The first person who paid taxes in town for 1880 was a lady—Mrs. Fred Moore.

The Baptist Sociable, Hammonton evening last, at Elam Stockwell's, was well attended, and very enjoyable.

Mr. George Perkins, of Atlantic City, visited here, and Mrs. Samuel Thompson in Hammonton, this week.

Mr. Cochran returned on Saturday evening last, looking refreshed by his trip. Miss Jessie Rutherford accompanied him.

Autumn weather, surely. The leaves are falling fast from many trees, and all are assuming the beautiful tints of the season.

Mr. Pressey and his "American Star" bicycle went to the Mount Holly Fair on Thursday. The "Star" will create a sensation.

Mr. Dr. Peebles has had the sidewalk in front of her residence cleared of grass, etc., filled up, and improved generally. Plenty more needed attention.

Mr. R. W. Whelan and family, who have for the past six months occupied Dr. Peebles' handsome residence, returned to Philadelphia on Thursday last.

The Garfield and Arthur Club will not go to Atlantic City this evening. The meeting and procession there, at that date, will be purely a local affair.

The Hammonton Fair begins on Monday next. Are your preparations complete? Don't neglect this; for it is helped to make Hammonton what it is today.

Our exchanges and Republican friends will please omit the initial A from the name of our candidate for Assembly. Write it simply GEORGE ELVINS.

Mr. James Yale, of Chenequo, Co., N. Y., a brother of Mr. Barker Quincey, was last Sunday in Hammonton, visiting his sister and other relatives.

Read the advertisement of P. S. Tilton & Son, this week. "Boots" will be their specialty for a while. Please watch their half-crown for a while, and see what they offer.

Mr. S. A. Gould, finding that his business in tuning and repairing pianos and organs would be improved by locating at Atlantic City, has rented a cottage there, and moved down, last Monday.

The programmes, etc., of the Atlantic County Sunday School Convention (fourteenth annual meeting) are for the seasons will be held in the Methodist Episcopal church, the first on Tuesday evening, Oct. 20th, at 7 o'clock.

Miss Maggie Evans had the misfortune to get one of her fingers caught in the shuttle of a sewing machine in Osgood & Co's shoe factory, last Thursday, and had it badly mutilated.—Herald.

The Convention for the nomination of a Republican candidate to represent the Third Assembly district of Camden County was held at Berlin on Wednesday. Wm. H. McMurrie, of Gloucester, was nominated.

There is not much demand for wood-lots (?) in Hammonton, evidently. At the late sale, on Wednesday, of "wood and barings" the collector received bids on but four or five of the lots offered.

As we go to press, the Democratic banner is hanging over its cable, candidates heads downward. The names are falling from exposure to the sun, and the prospects of election are fading day by day.

Wm. Mortimer, the expressman, will be on hand on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next week, to carry passengers to and from the Fair. His home will run from the Hammonton House direct to the Park.

During the meeting, last Friday evening, many were interested in listening to the eloquent speech of Mr. Elvin, who, in the midst of his remarks, was interrupted by the light of the fair, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

A company, including thirty of the city of the Republican Club, went to New Canaan, last Wednesday evening. They reported an unexpected large Republican meeting there. The tavern is working, even off the light of railroads, and we cannot tell just how completely the whole pulp will be leavened with a few drops after Nov. 20.

# New Stock of Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., just received, for sale at the lowest prices.

John A. Saxton wishes to inform those desiring a ride to the park, on the days of the fair that he will be on hand with his team, to run from the corner of Bellevue and Egg Harbor Road, or will call at houses near the station if word is sent with him previously.

Mr. A. G. Clark has disposed of his interest in the property known as the "Clark Block," occupied by the Masonic Lodge, the Republican office, D. C. Herbert's Shoe Store, the Central Baptist Church, Wm. Black's Grocery and Mr. Clark's late residence. He has received, in exchange, the patent right of a corn-sheller for the States of New Jersey, Delaware, and the two Virginias. Mr. T. J. Smith is now agent for the owner of the property.

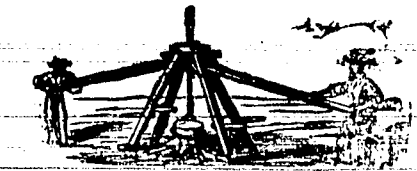
A correspondent writes us an interesting letter from Atlantic City. He says "we are working for the whole Republican ticket. Many Democrats here will vote for candidates. They don't like their candidate for State Senator." He tells a sad story of electioneering with rum, and waste men, perience people to avoid supporting such men. We are glad to hear that the American Star is to be sold, the story being at the side of the day.

For those who desire to witness the races at Hammonton Park, next week, we give the programme; giving the entries up to Wednesday last:

One-minute race—Purse, \$50. Five entries. Three-minute race—Purse, \$100. Five entries. Five-minute race—Purse, \$150. Five entries. Ten-minute race—Purse, \$200. Five entries. Twenty-minute race—Purse, \$300. Five entries. Thirty-minute race—Purse, \$400. Five entries. Forty-minute race—Purse, \$500. Five entries. Fifty-minute race—Purse, \$600. Five entries. One hour race—Purse, \$700. Five entries



**Ladies' Store.**  
Corner of Bellevue Avenue & Horton Street  
Hammonton, New Jersey.  
**TOMLIN & SMITH.**  
Lumber Embroideries, Laces,  
White goods, Fancy Arti-  
cles and Toys.  
Ladies' Furnishing Goods a Specialty.



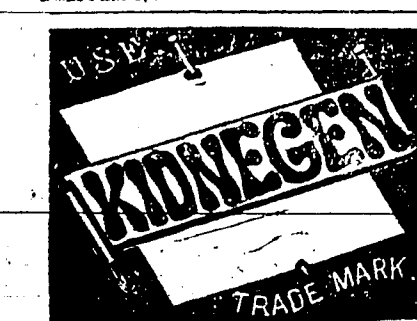
**PIONEER STUMP PULLER**  
Having reserved the right to manufacture and  
sell this Favorite Machine in the counties of  
Camden, Burlington, Ocean, Atlantic and Cap-  
May, I hereby give notice that I am prepared  
to fill orders at following rates:  
NO. 1 MACHINE, \$65.00.  
NO. 2 MACHINE, \$50.00.  
These Machines are Warranted to be the BEST  
in the market.  
For particulars send for circular.  
G. W. PRESSEY,  
Hammonton, N. J. Inventor & Manuf'r.

**London Nursery**  
JAPANESE PERSIMMON TREES 4 ft to  
6 ft in 12 choice kinds. Dried specimen fruits  
received last season from Japan, would when  
fresh from the tree, have weighed 16 ozs. with  
the leaves of a rich silvery green.  
Should these, like the shrubs and Superb  
evergreens introduced from Japan, prove hardy  
as authorities have already pronounced them  
to be, we may look forward to this instance to  
an acquisition of the highest commercial im-  
portance as a fruit and tree of great mag-  
nificence.  
**NEW PEAR.**  
Triomphe de Lyons, a late variety whose  
fruit is the largest known.  
Also large general stock of fruit, shade,  
rare evergreens, shrubs, hedge, budding, and  
greenhouse plants, all of which will be sold  
at about half price by  
J. BUTTERTON,  
Hammonton, N. J.

**A. L. HARTWELL,**  
**Architect and Builder**  
PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, DETAILS,  
BILLS OF MATERIALS, COSTS, &c.,  
Furnished at short notice.  
Parties who contemplate building are invited to call  
and examine plans which are kept on hand as samples  
of work and arrangement of different styles of building.  
Office and Shop opposite R. R. Station  
HAMMONTON, N. J.

**Just Arrived**  
-AT-  
**PACKER'S**  
A general assortment of Foreign and Dom-  
estic Fruits, Nuts, Confections, &c., consist-  
ing of Choice Eating Apples, Messing Oranges  
and Lemons, Choice Figs, Bananas, Chocolate  
Creams, Chocolate and Vanilla Caramels, Cough  
Lozenges, Horehound, Lemon and Acid  
Drops, Fine Almonds, Imperial Mixtures, &c.  
Molasses Candy a Specialty.

GEO. S. WOODHULL & SON,  
**LAW OFFICES,**  
8. W. Cor. Front and Market Streets,  
CAMDEN, N. J.  
Rooms 1 and 2, TAYLOR BUILDING.



**KIDNEGEN**  
THE GREAT  
**KIDNEY REGULATOR**  
AND DIURETIC.  
KIDNEGEN is highly recommended  
and unsurpassed for WEAK or FOUL  
KIDNEYS, DROPSY, BRIGHT'S DIS-  
EASE, LOSS OF ENERGY, NERVOUS  
DEBILITY, or any OBSTRUCTIONS  
arising from GRAVEL or BLADDER  
DISEASES. Also for YELLOW FEVER,  
BLOOD and KIDNEY POISONING, in  
infected malarial sections.  
By the distillation of a FOREST LEAF with  
JUNIPER BERRIES and BARKLEY MALT we have  
discovered KIDNEGEN, which acts specifically on the  
Kidneys and Urinary Organs, removing deposits in the  
bladder and any straining, smarting, heat or irritation in  
the water passages, giving them strength, vigor and  
a healthy color and easy flow of urine. It can  
be taken at all times, in all climates, without injury to  
anyone. Unlike any other preparation for Kidney  
disease, it has a very pleasant and agreeable taste  
and is not nauseating. Ladies especially will  
find it and Gentlemen will find KIDNEGEN the  
best Kidney Tonic ever used!  
NOTE: Each bottle bears the signature of LAW-  
RENCE & MARTIN. Beware of cheap imitations.  
KIDNEGEN is sold by all Druggists and Grocers.  
LAWRENCE & MARTIN,  
No. 6 Barclay St., New York.



**Ayer's  
Hair Vigor,**  
FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS  
NATURAL VITALITY AND COLOR.  
It is a most agreeable dressing, which  
is at once harmless and effectual, for pre-  
serving the hair. It restores, with the  
gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray,  
light, and red hair, to a rich brown, or deep  
black, as may be desired. By its use thin  
hair is thickened, and baldness often  
though not always cured. It checks falling  
of the hair immediately, and causes a new  
growth in all cases where the glands are  
not decayed; while to brashy, weak, or  
otherwise diseased hair, it imparts vitality  
and strength, and renders it pliable.

The Vigor cleanses the scalp, cures and  
prevents the formation of dandruff; and,  
by its cooling, stimulating, and soothing  
properties, it heals most if not all of the  
humors and diseases peculiar to the scalp,  
keeping it cool, clean, and soft, under  
which conditions diseases of the scalp and  
hair are impossible.

**As a Dressing for Ladies' Hair**  
The Vigor is incomparable. It is color-  
less, contains neither oil nor dye, and will  
not soil white cambric. It imparts an  
agreeable and lasting perfume, and as an  
article for the toilet it is economical and  
unsurpassed in its excellence.  
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,  
Practical and Analytical Chemists,  
Lowell, Mass.  
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

**For Sale and to Rent.**  
Improved Farms and Village lots with good buildings  
pleasantly located, in and near the centre of the town  
**For Sale from \$600 to \$3,000**  
in easy instalments.  
TO RENT FROM \$5 to \$10 A MONTH.  
Address,  
T. J. SMITH & SON,  
Hammonton, N. J.

**MUST!**  
Above product, our "specialty," is the pure  
unfermented juice of the grape as it leaves the  
press, and equivalent to this delicious fruit in  
liquid form. Possessing no alcoholic prop-  
erties, it is invaluable to Invalids, Temperance  
people and Churches for Sacramental purposes.  
"Our" MUST must not be mistaken for other  
so-called fermented wines, as it is not boiled  
and hermetically sealed to keep it from spoiling.  
The only "Process" resorted to by us is to  
permanently stop fermentation, which natu-  
rally must result in the juice remaining as it  
grew.  
The undersigned are now disposing of their  
new stock prepared from their last grape crop,  
and warrant that it will keep without special  
care.

**PRICE**  
Per case of one doz. bottles \$6.00.  
Per gallon 3.00.  
Orders should be sent direct to  
**William & J. Henry Wolsieffer,**  
Chestnut Grove Vineyards,  
Egg Harbor City  
Atlantic County, N. J.  
Terms, C. O. D.

**THE  
Albrecht Pianos,**  
ARE UNSURPASSED.  
The Leading Phila. Make.



Prices greatly Reduced.  
Our beautiful new "Illustrated Cata-  
logue and Price List" mailed free on application.  
**ALBRECHT & Co.,**  
Warehouses, 610 Arch St.,  
Philadelphia, Pa.

**SUBSCRIBE FOR THE S. J. R.**  
**NEW JERSEY  
STATE NORMAL & MODEL  
Schools, Trenton.**  
TOTAL COST FOR BOARD, TUI-  
TION, BOOKS, etc., at the Normal  
School, \$134 for Ladies and \$140  
for Gentlemen; at the Model School,  
\$180 per year. Buildings thoroughly  
heated by steam. The Model School  
offers to both young ladies and gentlemen  
superior advantages in all its depart-  
ments, viz: Mathematical, Classical, Commercial  
and in Belles Lettres. For circulars con-  
taining full particulars, address,  
W. HASBROUCK, Principal,  
Trenton, New Jersey

**CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.**  
PASSED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF ASSEM-  
BLY OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY, ON THE  
ELEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1880.  
Resolved (The House of Assembly concur-  
ring), That the concurrent resolution proposing  
amendments to the Constitution of the State,  
providing for biennial sessions of the Legisla-  
ture, having been agreed to by a majority of  
the members elected to each of the two Houses,  
be entered in the respective journals of the  
Houses with the ayes and nays taken thereon,  
and the same be referred to the Legislature  
next to be chosen in this State, and that publi-  
cation for three months previous to making such  
choice shall be made in at least one newspaper  
in each county; and be it further  
Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate  
and the Clerk of the House cause said entries  
to be made in the journals of the respective  
Houses and cause publication to be made afore-  
said according to law and the requirements of  
the Constitution in that regard, under Article  
IX, "Amendments."  
Attest: GEORGE WURTS,  
Secretary of the Senate.  
CUMMINS O. COOPER,  
Clerk of the House of Assembly.

**CONCURRENT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AMEND-  
MENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE.**  
Resolved, by the Senate—the General Assem-  
bly concurring, That the following amend-  
ments to the constitution of this state be agreed  
to:  
ARTICLE IV., SECTION I., PARAGRAPH 3. Strike  
out the words "yearly and every second year"  
after the word "November," insert the words  
"in the year one thousand eight hundred and  
eighty-two, and every second year thereafter."  
ARTICLE IV., SECTION II., PARAGRAPH 1. Strike  
out the word "three" and insert in lieu thereof  
the word "four."  
ARTICLE IV., SECTION II., PARAGRAPH 2. Strike  
out the whole paragraph, which is in the fol-  
lowing words:  
"As soon as the senate shall meet after the  
first election to be held in pursuance of this  
constitution, they shall be divided as equally as  
may be into three classes; the seats of the sena-  
tors of the first class shall be vacated at the  
expiration of the first year; of the second class  
at the expiration of the second year, and of the  
third class at the expiration of the third year,  
so that one class may be elected every year;  
and if vacancies happen, by resignation or  
otherwise, the persons elected to supply such  
vacancies shall be elected for the unexpired  
terms only," and insert in lieu thereof the  
following:  
"The senate meeting in January, one thou-  
sand eight hundred and eighty-three, shall be  
divided as equally as may be into two classes;  
the seats of the senators of the first class shall  
be vacated at the expiration of the second year,  
and of the second class at the expiration of the  
fourth year, so that one class may be elected  
every second year; if vacancies happen, by res-  
ignation or otherwise, the persons elected to  
supply such vacancies shall be elected for un-  
expired terms only."  
ARTICLE IV., SECTION III., PARAGRAPH 1. Strike  
out the word "annually," and insert in lieu  
thereof the word "biennially."  
ARTICLE IV., SECTION IV., PARAGRAPH 7. Strike  
out the word "annually," and insert in lieu  
thereof the word "biennially."

**C. M. Englehart & Son.**  
**Watches, Jewelry,  
Silver & Plated Ware.**  
Agents for the Howard Watch Co.

**Masonic Marks & Badges**  
**Rogers & Bro., Celebra-  
ted Plated Ware.**  
No. 25 North Second Street.  
PHILADELPHIA.

**WM. BERNHOUSE,**  
**Contractor and Builder,**  
Manufacturer and Dealer in  
Doors, Sash, Blinds,  
Shutters, Mouldings, Window-Frames,  
Brackets, Lattice Stair Bailing, Ballusters and New  
Posts, Lime, Calcined Plaster, Land  
Plaster, Plastering Hair, Cement,  
Bricks, Building Stone,  
&c., &c., &c.

**BUILDING LUMBER OF ALL KINDS CONSTANT  
LY ON HAND.**  
**Cedar Shingles**  
at the lowest market rates.  
30 qt. Berry Crates, filled with  
Baskets furnished at  
\$1 each.  
Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

**COAL.**  
Thankful for past patronage, we solicit the  
continuance. Our prices are below  
competition. Consult your own interests  
and see us before engaging coal elsewhere.  
We are ready to take orders to fill your cars  
We have  
**The Only Coal Yard.**  
And the only place in Hammonton where you  
can get coal at any time and in any quantity,  
large or small, and any size. Is a yard in  
Hammonton a benefit and convenience. If so  
help sustain it. Terms—Cash on delivery of  
Coal. All orders for coal on cars, not filled in  
the month in which order is given, will be sub-  
ject to the monthly change in prices.  
G. F. SAXTON.  
Hammonton, Aug. 14, 1880.  
**WM. MOORE, J.**  
**Attorney-at-Law**  
AND  
Solicitor in Chancery.  
MAY'S LANDING, N. J.

**Insurance.**  
**CUMBERLAND MUTUAL  
Fire Insurance Company.**  
**BRIDGETON, N. J.**  
Conducted on strictly mutual principles, of-  
fering a perfectly safe insurance for just what  
it may cost to pay losses and expenses. The  
proportion of loss to the amount insured being  
very small, and expenses much less than usu-  
ally had, nothing can be offered more favorable  
to the insured. The cost being about ten cents  
on the hundred dollars per year to the insurers  
on ordinary risks, and from fifteen to twenty-five  
cents per year on hazardous properties, which is  
less than one-third of the lowest rates charged by  
stock companies, on such risks—the other two-  
thirds taken by stock companies being a profit  
accruing to stockholders, or consumed in ex-  
penses of the companies.  
The guarantee fund of premium notes being  
now Three Millions of Dollars.  
If an assessment had to be made of five per  
cent. only, twice within the ten years for which  
the policy is issued, it would yet be cheaper to  
the members than any other insurance offered.  
And that large amount of money is saved to  
the members and kept at home. No assess-  
ment having ever been made, being now more  
than thirty years, that saving would amount to  
more than  
**One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars**  
**The Losses by Lightning.**  
Where the property is not set on fire, being  
less than one cent per year to each member,  
are paid without extra charge, and extended so  
as to cover all policies that are issued and out-  
standing.  
BENJAMIN SHEPPARD, President.  
HENRY B. LUPTON, Secretary,  
**AGENTS & SURVEYORS.**  
GEO. W. PRESSEY, Hammonton, N. J.  
GEO. W. SAWYER, Tuckerton, N. J.  
A. L. ISZARD, May Landing, N. J.

BENJ. F. GRAFTON, STORY B. LADD,  
HALBERT E. PAINE.  
Late Commissioner of Patents.  
**PATENTS**  
**PAINE, GRAFTON & LADD,**  
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of Amer-  
ican and Foreign Patents.  
412 FIFTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.  
Practice patent law in all its branches in the  
Patent Office, and in the Supreme and Circuit  
Courts of the United States. Pamphlet sent  
free on receipt of stamp for postage.

**TURKISH, RUSSIAN  
AND OTHER  
BATHS,**  
No 25 S. Tenth St.,  
Philadelphia.  
WM. A. ELVINS, Prop'r

**Trees!! Trees!! Trees!!**  
I have the largest variety and best assort-  
ment of Shade and Ornamental Trees, Ever-  
greens, Hedge Plants, Shrubs, Plants, Bulbs,  
&c., in Atlantic Co. Also, Apple, Pear, Peach  
and Cherry Trees of the best varieties. All of  
which I offer at prices as low as any in the  
country.  
Call and examine my stock.  
WM. F. BASSETT,  
Bellevue Ave. Nurseries, Hammonton, N. J.

**GEO. FOELKER,**  
Wholesale Dealer in  
**Carpets, Oil Cloths,**  
YARNS, TWINES, WICKS, BATTS, &c., &c.  
**WOODEN & WILLOW WARE,**  
249 Market and 236 Church Sts., Philada.

**DYSPEPTICS, TAKE NOTICE!**  
**CANTRELL'S  
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC  
POWDER**  
Will cure all cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency, Heartburn, Sick Stomach, Sick  
Headache, Giddiness, etc., etc. To be had of all Druggists, and at the Depot, 1000 S. SECOND  
St., Phila., Pa.

**M. L. JACKSON**  
IS SELLING  
FRESH BEEF,  
MUTTON, VEAL & PORK.  
Corned Beef, Sugar-Cured Hams,  
Lard, Salt Pork, &c.  
Also,  
YORK STATE BUTTER  
Cider, & Pure Cider Vinegar  
CONSTANTLY ON HAND. ALSO  
**Vegetables in Season.**  
Our wagon runs through the town on Wednesdays and Saturdays

**Railroads.**  
**Camden & Atlantic R. R.**  
Monday, Oct. 4th, 1880.

Stations.	DOWN TRAINS.				UP TRAINS.			
	H.	A.	A.	M.	H.	A.	A.	M.
Philadelphia.....	8 00	4 15	8 00		8 20	4 35	8 00	
Cooper's Point.....	8 12	4 25	8 10	4 00	8 12	4 25	8 10	4 00
Penn. R. R. Junc.....	8 18	4 31	8 16		8 18	4 31	8 16	
Haddonfield.....	8 24	4 37	8 22	3 55	8 24	4 37	8 22	3 55
Ashland.....	8 30	4 43	8 28	3 50	8 30	4 43	8 28	3 50
Kirkwood.....	8 36	4 49	8 34	3 45	8 36	4 49	8 34	3 45
Berlin.....	8 42	4 55	8 40	3 40	8 42	4 55	8 40	3 40
Atco.....	8 48	5 01	8 46	3 35	8 48	5 01	8 46	3 35
Waterford.....	8 54	5 07	8 52	3 30	8 54	5 07	8 52	3 30
Ancoats.....	9 00	5 13	9 00	3 25	9 00	5 13	9 00	3 25
Winslow Junc.....	9 06	5 19	9 06	3 20	9 06	5 19	9 06	3 20
Hammonton.....	9 12	5 25	9 12	3 15	9 12	5 25	9 12	3 15
De Costa.....	9 18	5 31	9 18	3 10	9 18	5 31	9 18	3 10
Elwood.....	9 24	5 37	9 24	3 05	9 24	5 37	9 24	3 05
Egg Harbor.....	9 30	5 43	9 30	3 00	9 30	5 43	9 30	3 00
Pomona.....	9 36	5 49	9 36	2 55	9 36	5 49	9 36	2 55
Absecon.....	9 42	5 55	9 42	2 50	9 42	5 55	9 42	2 50
Atlantic.....	9 48	6 01	9 48	2 45	9 48	6 01	9 48	2 45
May's Landing.....	9 54	6 07	9 54	2 40	9 54	6 07	9 54	2 40

Hammonton Sunday Accommodation leaves Ham-  
monton at 9:25 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 and  
returning leaves Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m., reaching  
Hammonton at 6:56.  
**Philadelphia & Atlantic City**  
Time-table of Sept. 12, 1880.

Stations.	M. & A. Acc.				Acc. Sund'y			
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Philadelphia.....	8 00	4 15	8 00		8 20	4 35	8 00	
Camden.....	8 12	4 25	8 10	4 00	8 12	4 25	8 10	4 00
Oakland.....	8 18	4 31	8 16		8 18	4 31	8 16	
Williamstown Junction.....	8 24	4 37	8 22	3 55	8 24	4 37	8 22	3 55
Cedar Brook.....	8 30	4 43	8 28	3 50	8 30	4 43	8 28	3 50
Winslow Junc.....	8 36	4 49	8 34	3 45	8 36	4 49	8 34	3 45
Hammonton.....	8 42	4 55	8 40	3 40	8 42	4 55	8 40	3 40
De Costa.....	8 48	5 01	8 46	3 35	8 48	5 01	8 46	3 35
Elwood.....	8 54	5 07	8 52	3 30	8 54	5 07	8 52	3 30
Egg Harbor.....	9 00	5 13	9 00	3 25	9 00	5 13	9 00	3 25
Pomona.....	9 06	5 19	9 06	3 20	9 06	5 19	9 06	3 20
Absecon.....	9 12	5 25	9 12	3 15	9 12	5 25	9 12	3 15
Atlantic.....	9 18	5 31	9 18	3 10	9 18	5 31	9 18	3 10
May's Landing.....	9 24	5 37	9 24	3 05	9 24	5 37	9 24	3 05

The Express train which leaves Atlan-  
tic City at 7:00 a. m., stops at Hammonton 7:53  
arriving at Philadelphia at 9:00. Returning,  
leaves Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m., Hammonton  
at 5:11, reaching Atlantic City at 6:05.  
**GERRY VALENTINE,**  
**COMMISSIONER**  
To take acknowledgment and  
proof of Deeds.  
Hammonton, N. J.