

South-Jersey Republican

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Hammonton, N. J., Saturday, October 9, 1880.

Five Cents per Copy.

END, OR BEGINNING?

A bunch of flowers,
A book or two,
A little bidding,
A little coo,
A little coming
And going, till
They go to church,
And say, "I will,"
And that ends it.
—Gale Sunbeam.
Young man you're wrong—
You surely are;
You worked that rhyme,
Just one too far.
It ends right there!
Oh, no, it don't!
For, coming home,
She says, "I won't!"
And that begins it.
—Kittie Gazette.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4, 1880.

The latest and most ridiculous charge made by the Democrats against the Republicans is that General Weaver the Greenback Candidate is secretly working in the interests of the Republican party, and that to aid him, Secretary Dorsey has given \$300 of the Republican campaign fund. Truly, Democratic efforts to throw bad odor on the Greenback and Republican parties are alarming. The truth is, the Democrats are put out with Weaver, because of his denunciation of the Alabama frauds, and because of his refusal to "fuse" with them in doubtful States. General Weaver has commanded attention and respect wherever he has spoken, and the Democratic attempt to throw discredit upon him will react, not in their favor, as they hope, but against them. Secretary Dorsey, of the Republican National Committee, has denied the charge that he paid Weaver money, and denounced it as a lie out of whole cloth. He says that to suppose for a moment that even an agreement was made with him is foolish.

Republican leaders have acted wisely in not encouraging their followers in the belief that Indiana will give Republican majority. Though we have a good fighting chance, and many Republicans believe the State safe, there are no reasonable grounds upon which to base a certainty. The Democrats are making the most desperate fight ever known there. They well know that Indiana lost, all is lost. Republicans but hope to carry the State. If they fail, the defeat will not be a serious disappointment, or a set-back in other States. If the majority of 1876 is cut down, it will be glory enough in a Democratic State. Mr. English is growing rapidly into intense popular disfavor. His treatment of campaign workers from other States, has been shabby, not to say insulting. Prominent politicians visiting Indiana have not received from him the ordinary courtesy of life. General Slocum, of New York, says: "My opinion of English is that he is a d—d bog, and I would not stay in Indiana a day were it not for Hancock." In fact it may be said that the tail of the democratic animal is dead in the affection of the people that the remedy of splitting it has been tried by skillful Democratic doctors, but no blood flows.

Senator Bayard's recent financial speech in New York has much disgusted the Indiana Democrats. They say it undoes much of the hard work done on the stump in that State to conciliate the Greenbackers. To sum up the Indiana situation, it may be said that while many personal differences divide the Democratic camp, the Republicans are working in perfect harmony, united and determined to win if possible. Their canvass has been of such a character that they enter upon the last days with increased confidence and better prospects. The Democratic campaign is weakening, and the Republican gaining. It is evident to all observers that there is a strong under current setting toward the Republican party, the effect of which will not be made manifest until election day. The Democrats, aware of this, will rely upon the counteracting effect of their money. They make bold to say that they will have plenty of it on election day.

The recent speeches of Senator Conkling and Secretary Everts, are among the best ever delivered in behalf of the Republican party.

MAXWELL

Grant's History of Hancock's Order.

The Cincinnati Gazette of Oct. 5th prints the report of an interview between Rev. C. H. Fowler, D. D., and General Grant, which gives some startling points in connection with the inside history of Hancock's Order No. 40. General Grant talked freely to Dr. Fowler, and after the interview gave his written consent to its publication under certain restrictions as to time. Dr. Fowler, was until recently editor of the Advocate, a leading Methodist paper published in New York. He is now missionary secretary of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The conversation took place in General Grant's library at Galena on the 21st of September. Speaking of Hancock, the ex-president said:

"Down to 1864 he seemed like a man ambitious to do his duty as an officer; but in 1864, when McClellan was nominated, Hancock received one vote, and that greatly excited and changed him. He was so delighted that he smiled all over. It crazed him. Before that we got on well; after that he would hardly speak to me. I was working to enforce the law of Congress and he was working for the presidency. Perhaps he thought I did not praise him enough; but anyway, he hardly spoke to me. It was on my nomination that he was made a brigadier general in the regular army. When I was made general, Stanton told me it was a compliment to me and that I could name the men to fill the vacancies in the lieutenant generalship and major generalship caused by my promotion. I nominated him for the vacant major generalship in the regular army." He acknowledged it manfully. He was a very fair corps commander, but was never thought of for any great place. When the army of the Potomac was hunting for a commander it took almost everybody—even came over into the West for officers, but nobody ever even suggested Hancock for the place. After he received that vote in 1864, he had the bee in his bonnet and snapped everything to gain Democratic and Southern favor. He has watched, and planned, and waited, till at last he has received the Democratic nomination."

"General, do you think he is in sympathy with the South?" "He is crazy to be president. He is ambitious, vain and weak. They will easily control him." "Do you think, general, that his celebrated Order No. 40 represents the direction of his sympathies?" "Well, I will give you the true, inner history of Order No. 40. Congress was striving to prevent Andrew Johnson from undoing the reconstruction laws. Whenever Congress passed a law, Johnson bent his energies to defeat its enforcement, and would find pretexts to dodge around it. Then Congress would pass another law to hedge him up there. So it went on till Congress had taken from him all control of the generals commanding the seven districts of the South, except the power to remove them and appoint others in their places. These commanders could remove any civil officer of any grade, judge or governor. When I was made general and they were determining my power and duties, they gave the general, by accident—I think, or without seeing all it involved, co-ordinate power with these district commanders, and as I was senior, it gave me authority. General Sheridan was sent to the department of Louisiana, covering Louisiana and Texas. He is very shrewd and very able. He kept his eyes open, learning rapidly the men who were not worthy to occupy their places, and discovering competent and worthy men to put in their places."

"The Legislature of Louisiana passed a law authorizing the issue of \$7,000,000 of levee bonds, ostensibly for the levee. They conditioned their sales on their bringing to the State not less than 80 per cent. of their face. The governor and three commissioners were to place the bonds on the market, but they soon found out that the bonds would not bring more than 40 or 50 per cent. To avoid the law they invented the plan of borrowing money and using the bonds as collateral. They could borrow about 34 or 35 per cent. of the face of the bonds. Just at this juncture, to prevent these men from defrauding the State, Gen. Sheridan took off the heads of the governor and commissioners so quick that they did not know what ailed them, and appointed good men in their places. For some reason, the removed men were very anxious to be reappointed. They employed Reverdy Johnson and another lawyer to work for them, agreeing to pay them \$250,000 if they were reinstated. This is a great deal of money for four men to pay for positions, unless there is some special gain in case. Reverdy Johnson came to me, but I was so stupid and stubborn that I could not be induced to reappoint them. He went to Johnson, who sent for me and asked me to reinstate those men. I refused

to do so. He said: 'Reinstate them even if it is only for one day. I will promise that they will resign.' I thought Johnson might not know of the motive why they were so anxious to be reinstated, and, thinking I would do him a great service in keeping him from a great blunder, I told him that one hour would do those men as well as one day, and I unfolded their intent. But Johnson insisted on their being reinstated. I refused and excused myself."

"Johnson then removed General Sheridan and appointed General Hancock. He called Hancock to Washington to instruct him in defeating the laws of Congress concerning reconstruction. As soon as I learned that Hancock was in town I called at his hotel instead of sending for him. I wanted to see him privately in his own room. I found him in his room, perhaps before he had his breakfast. I said: 'General, you and I are soldiers—army officers. We have life positions. We serve under successive administrations without regard to party. It is our duty to enforce the laws of Congress. We are not responsible for the wisdom of the laws; Congress bears that responsibility. We simply enforce them.' He said: 'Well, I am opposed to nigger domination.' I said: 'General, it is not a question of nigger domination. Four millions of ex slaves, without education or property, can hardly dominate 30,000,000 of whites with all the education and property. It is a question of doing our sworn duty. He said: 'Well, I'm opposed to nigger domination.' I saw that my only chance to influence him was by the remnant of authority left in my hands. He was determined to please the Democratic party and the South. He went South and removed the governor and commissioners that General Sheridan had appointed."

"I instantly telegraphed him not to appoint to office any man who had been removed and to give me his reasons, by mail, for removing the men. He telegraphed, in a long reply costing the government \$250, his reasons. I telegraphed him that his reasons were not sufficient: to end by mail other reasons. He again telegraphed about the same points, only not quite so long, costing only \$150. He telegraphed that if he could not have freedom to act his usefulness would be destroyed, and that he would have to ask to be relieved. I telegraphed him to revoke his order. He asked Johnson to relieve him, as no one else could. That is the inner history and spirit of his celebrated Order No. 40. This order resulted in the loss of many lives. I know of cases and can give them. His statement that the civil authorities are supreme is a truth admitted by all in time of established peace, but I can demonstrate that he did not subject the military power to the civil, but that he used his military power to overthrow the civil."

Mr. Gladstone, being one day in the London offices of Mr. Lindsay, ship owner, making a note of some shipping returns for his budget, a brusque and wealthy Sunderland ship owner, who was watching him, and who was struck by the industrious and intelligent way in which he went to work, without dreaming of who he was, said:

"Thou writest a bonny hand, thou dost."

"I am glad you think so," was the reply.

"Thou dost; thou makst thy figures well: thou'st't just the chap I want."

"Indeed?"

"Yes, indeed," said the Sunderland man; "I'm a man of few words—noo, if thou wilt come over to Sunderland I'll give thee £120 a year. Noo then?"

"I'm much obliged for the offer," was the answer, "and when Mr. Lindsay comes in I'll consult him."

Mr. Lindsay, when he came in, kept up the joke, saying he would not stand in the young man's way, and the sooner they knew each other the better.

"Allow me, therefore, to introduce to you the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, of the exchequer."

There was much laughing.

There can be no late sleeping in Lowell. There is a general ringing of the factory bells at 4 1/2 in the morning. This is for the boarding-house keepers, who are expected to arise at this time to prepare the morning meal. One hour later the bells ring again, this time to call the operatives to breakfast, and in fifty minutes more the ringing is repeated to summon to work.

It is a bad rule to blame your fortune rather than yourself when matters go ill with you. "If your sword is to short," said the wise Roman, "you can make it long enough by taking a step forward."

The Italians also say, "A good knight is never at loss for a lance."

On the bank holiday at the Alexandra Palace, London, 100,000 persons were turned into one enclosure; 30,000 cups of tea and coffee, 350 barrels of ale, 42,000 loaves of bread, and 60,000 buns and dates were consumed between morning and night.

Katie drew the bed-clothes round her little sister and left her alone. Annie had been ill for a long time, and she often grew weary lying there, and wanted something to look at, for she was only seven years old. So slipping out of bed, she glanced around the room, seeing a paper on the table, she took it up and began to read. It was about a wicked man who did not believe in God, and when he died, he said, "I'm going, I'm going, I'm not where!" He did not believe in the home, nor in the things that God has prepared for those who love Him. The child did believe, so she softly repeated his words, altering them to suit herself: "I'm going, I'm going, I know where! I'm going to Jesus, His home I shall share."

The poor man who had thought himself so wise, "by wisdom knew not God." The child did not understand all about the great God, but she had learnt that He loved her, and knew Jesus as "the way, the truth, and the life."

Reader where are you going?

E. H. CARPENTER, HAMMONTON, N. J.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Hats, Caps, Ladies' and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS,

Blank and School Books,

Stationery, Sewing Machine Needles, Silk, Cotton, Notions, Fancy Articles, &c.,

At Reasonable Prices

FOR SALE!

Now is the time for me to sell. Will you buy I offer you a two-story house, with two well-ventilated stores, and dwelling above, in the business part of the town. A first class garden, set with fruit trees and grape vines.

I want to make a new residence by selling the old. Call, or address,

JOSEPH COAST, Hammonton, N. J.

DR. W. E. DAVIE, Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College,

GIVE HIM A CALL

who has opened the rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Stucking.

Corner 3rd Street and Bellevue Avenue, HAMMONTON.

All operations pertaining to dentistry performed in the very best manner.

Anesthetics administered when desired.

Established in 1810.

J. & W. JONES,

FANCY DYERS,

432 North Front Street,

Branch Office, Corner 9th and Vine Sts., PHILADELPHIA.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments of every description Dyed or Cleaned. Kid Shoes, Feathers and Gloves Dyed or Cleaned.

MOUNT HOLLY FAIR.

THE GREAT EVENT OF

Burlington County and New Jersey.

The 34th Annual Fair of the Burlington County Agricultural Society at Mount Holly,

OCTOBER 12, 13 14 and 15, 1880.

\$11,000 IN PREMIUMS.

One and all, go and see the unrivalled

Trotting, Running and Tournament.

THE LARGE AND VARIED SHOW OF

HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, SWINE,

PIGEONS AND POULTRY.

The magnificent display of Flowers, Fruits, Vegetables, Grain, Farm Machinery, Antique, Ladies' Work, Manufactured Articles, School and other exhibits.

The most Attractive Agricultural Exhibition of any County or State. Special low excursion rates on all Railroads. For schedule of premiums, Address H. I. BUDD, Cor. Soc'y.

Sept. 11th 1880.

Jos. H. Shinn,

Insurance agent,

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,

References: Policy holders

in the Atlantic City

fires.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, issued out of the Court of Chancery, will be sold at public vendue, on

Saturday, October 23d, 1880.

AT TWO O'CLOCK in the afternoon of said day, at the Hotel of Richard C. Cake, in Buena Vista:—All that certain piece of land situate in the township of Buena Vista, County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner of lot number twenty-seven, bought by Jesse Down, thence north seventy-one degrees and forty-four minutes, east twenty-one chains and eighty-nine links to a corner; thence south one degree east, forty-four chains to a corner in the road leading from Buena Vista to Blue Anchor; thence south seventy-one and three-quarter degrees, west twenty-seven chains and fifty links; thence north five degrees east, forty-six chains and fifty links to the beginning, containing one hundred and three acres and sixty-six hundredths of an acre, more or less, and is lot numbered twenty-six.

Also, all that other tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Buena Vista aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner in the road leading from Buena Vista to the residence of Mrs. Rebecca Pancost, the same being corner to lot No. 2 above described; thence along said lot south five degrees west, sixty-one chains and fifty-five links to Deep Run; thence along said Run to the corner of lot number four bought by C. Campbell Cooper; thence north five degrees east, sixty-one chains and sixty-three links to the said road, the same being corner to lot No. 16 bought by Furman L. Mulford; thence north eighty-three degrees and fifty minutes west, seventeen chains and ninety-one links to the beginning, containing one hundred and ten acres and thirty-one hundredths of an acre, more or less, subject to claims if any on Deep Run, and is lot numbered two.

Also, all that other certain piece or lot of land situate in the township, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner in the said road leading from Buena Vista to the residence of Rebecca Pancost, the same being corner to lot No. 2 above described; thence along said lot south five degrees west, sixty-one chains and fifty-five links to Deep Run; thence along said Run to the corner of lot number four bought by C. Campbell Cooper; thence north five degrees east, sixty-one chains and sixty-three links to the said road, the same being corner to lot No. 16 bought by Furman L. Mulford; thence north eighty-three degrees and fifty minutes west, seventeen chains and ninety-one links to the beginning, containing one hundred and ten acres and thirty-one hundredths of an acre, more or less, subject to claims if any on Deep Run, and is lot numbered two.

Also, all that other certain piece or lot of land situate in the township, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a station in the Weymouth road the same being corner to lot number 19 bought by Archibald Scott and to lot number 14 bought by Furman L. Mulford; thence south five degrees west, twenty-six chains and seventy-one links to the corner of lot number fifteen bought by Wesley Vanaman; thence north eighty-five degrees west, twenty-two chains and fifty six links to another corner of said lot number fifteen; thence north twenty-five degrees and thirty-five minutes, west fifteen chains and fifty-eight links to the Weymouth road; thence along said road south seventy-eight and a-half degrees east, thirty-three chains and eight links to the beginning, containing sixty-three acres and ninety hundredths of an acre, more or less, and is lot numbered three. All of said lots being numbered as per plan of map of the Real Estate of Ambrose Pancost, deceased, as run out for the Commissioners in the year A. D. 1856 by Samuel Wills, Surveyor. Seized as the property of Ambrose Pancost, et ux et al. Defendants, taken in execution at the suit of Bardick Barthe, Complainant, and to be sold by

M. V. B. MOORE, Sheriff.

Dated August 23d, 1880.

Jas. H. Nixon, Solicitor.

Printer's Fee \$12.00

SALE FOR TAXES.

Town of Hammonton.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by N. Hartwell, Esq., to make the taxes laid on unimproved and untenanted lands, and on lands taxed by persons, not the lawful proprietors, who are unable to pay their tax, in the town of Hammonton County of Atlantic, the Collector of said town will, on the 13th of October next, at the hour of 2 o'clock P.M., at the office of the Town Clerk, sell the timber, wood, herbage and other vendible property found on the premises, taxed to the undernamed persons, to make the taxes and costs annexed to their respective names.

The Costs in each case will be 86 cts.

NAMES.	ACRES.	BLK.	LOT.	TAX.
Abbott, John,	10	18	3	\$1.22
Barstow, J. M.,	10	1	69	1.10
Belden, O. H.,	4	3	66*	0.90
Camp, C. H.,	650	Not Located.		25.20
Cochran, Benjamin, ..	10	9	39	2.41
"	20	10	24	4.48
Cooper, Wm. B.,	60	Not Located.		11.20
Evans, David,	6	17		2.31
Godfrey, Charles, ..	20	1	7	2.37
Gleason, Estate,	2	11	68	.75
Han'g's Imp't & Man'g.,	1/2	8		6.00
Hartinson & Co.,	20	14	35	2.28
Honeyey, Catharine, ..	60	1	13 17	6
Holden, Eli, Est.,	60	2	70	4.78
House, Wm. A.,	10	19	14	1.37
Jones, Evan,	10	11	10	1.28
Lippincott, Henry, ..	4 1/2	17		.70
Lippincott, L. & H., ..	9	17		.75
Lippincott, Bowman, ..	5	17		.30
McCormick, Edward, ..	5	4	21	1.20
Miller, Geo. F., Est., ..	45	1	20 22 1/2	7.11
Mutual Cranberry Co.,	50	14	22 1/2	4.23
Robinson, E. H.,	10	1	55	1.20
Shinn, Charles W., ..	33	17		2.25
Vineland Cran'ry Co.,	100	19	33	4.40
Walker, M.,	30	1	49	1.00
Wharton, James,	18	16	2	1.05
Wilson, Geo. J. W., ..	15	6	12	1.65
Woodin & Fowler, ..	10	19	23	1.27

*Part of Lot No. 66.

LEWIS HOYT, Collector.

Dated September 11th, 1880.

The Republican.

ORVILLE E. HOYT.
Editor and Publisher.

HAMMONTON, ATLANTIC CO., N. J.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1880.

Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
OF Ohio.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
OF New York.

For Presidential Electors.

First District—WILLIAM E. POTTER.

Second District—E. B. GRUBB.

Third District—SEYMOUR VAN WORMER.

Fourth District—DEWITT C. BLAIR.

Fifth District—GEORGE RICHARDS.

Sixth District—O. M. THERIAULT.

Seventh District—GEORGE C. TUFFEY.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

BANKER CHURCH, of New York.

A. K. PANGBORN, of Hudson.

FOR GOVERNOR.

FREDERICK A. POTTS,

OF Hudson County.

FOR CONGRESS.

J. HART BREWER,

OF Mercer County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

JOHN J. GARDNER, of Atlantic City.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE ELVINS, of Hammonton.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

LORENZO A. DOWN, of Hamilton.

FOR CORONER.

DR. CHARLES SOUDERS, Atlantic City.

The "Wondered Bird" always flutters.

It says the ancient adage, and so hath

the Atlantic Times proven. A pertinent

little inquiry in last week's REPUBLICAN

struck the Times man in a tender spot,

and he squirms right lively. He says

"that the kick against a newspaper ar-

ticle in which no name is mentioned, is

not a kick at all, but a kick at the in-

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1880.

FIFTH ANNUAL FAIR

OF THE

Hammonton Park Association

Will be held on their grounds at

HAMMONTON.

ON

MONDAY, TUESDAY & WED

October 18th, 19th & 20th.

FINE DISPLAY OF

Farm Produce, Fruits, &c.

THE

Trials of Speed

Between the horses of Hammonton, the

County, and others, will take place on

Tuesday and Wednesday,

October 19th & 20th.

J. H. North, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office at his HOUSE, on

Central Avenue, Hammonton.

All calls will be promptly attended to.

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

Insurance Agency.

All matters in Real Estate attended to honorably and

promptly. Persons having property to sell or rent to

collect, would do well to place it in my hands, as I

am well posted as to the value of the property, and

descriptions of all such will be left at my office.

INSURANCE placed in a No. 1 Company, at the

lowest possible rate, and with the best security.

DEEDS, BONDS, MORTGAGES, &c.

Drawn with care and accuracy.

OCEAN PASSAGE TICKETS

For sale, to and from New York and Liverpool by the

"Gulf Line" carrying the United States Mail. Pass

agers booked to any of the principal European Cities

as low as any other line.

Drafts on Europe for sale.

All inquiries by mail promptly answered. Office and

Photographic Rooms in my building, on the Popular

Side of Bell Street.

WM. BUTTERFORD,

Hammonton, N. J.

HAMMONTON SHOE STORE

D. C. Herbert,

Dealer in all kinds of

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, etc., and every-

thing pertaining to the business.

Custom work and Repairing done

with neatness and dispatch.

No. 1 Clark's Block.

A. W. COCHRAN,

DRUGGIST,

Hammonton, N. J.

Can be found at Mr. Rathbun's if wanted

on business hours, eight or any. A large

bell at side door.

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Timely Advice

on Fall Clothes.

You are thinking of your

clothing for fall: what it shall

be; how and where you shall

get it.

COME AND SEE US.

Come and see us, or drop

us a line, saying what you

want as near as you can. If

you are here, you can see for

yourself a great variety of

things, try on what you like,

and go home with the old

clothes in a bundle. That is

very easy; and nothing can

be more satisfactory.

NOT A STRANGE PLACE.

It isn't as if you were go-

ing to a strange place. The

chances are you've been here

before, and know something

of our ways. Perhaps your

neighbor has been here; and

has told you it was a good

place to go. Perhaps you've

only read that we sell a good

many clothes, and say to people

who buy them: "Bring them back

if you don't find them every-

way to your liking.

Now this is really why we

are not strangers to any-

body: because we deal with

everybody as with a neighbor;

and expect him to come

right back if he has cause of

complaint.

If you Don't Come.

But, suppose you don't

come. How are we going

to sell you just what you

want to buy, without your

seeing things beforehand?

Try; write; say about how

much you want to pay for a

business suit, dress suit, over-

coat, or whatever you want;

say what your occupation is;

say anything that has any

bearing on what we ought to

send you. It will not take

you two minutes to guess

what you want; if we don't

guess right, that's our loss,

not yours.

HAVE YOUR OWN WAY!

Perhaps you want your

clothing made to your meas-

ure. Did you suspect that

we make to measure a

half-million dollars' worth of

clothing every year for peo-

ple we never saw and never

expect to see? You may

be very certain that we have

a way of doing such work

without much risk of a mis-

fit; for a misfit, you know,

comes right back to us. We

are pretty careful about

making blunders when we've

got them all to make good.

OUR WAY.

Our way of doing business

is to make the buyer wel-

come, at the outset, to all

the advantage and all the

guarantee he can ask for.

Wanamaker & Brown.

OAK Hall,

North and Market streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1880.

HAMMONTON HOUSE,
N. A. MARSHALL,
Proprietor.

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