

DR. JOHN BULL'S  
Smith's Tonic Syrup  
FOR THE CURE OF  
FEVER and ACUE  
Or CHILLS and FEVER,  
AND ALL MALARIAL DISEASES.

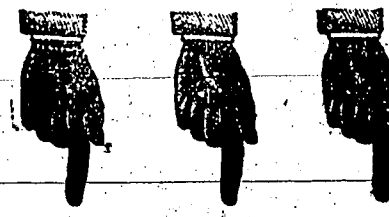
The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the SAFE, CERTAIN, SPEEDY and PERMANENT cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion that in no case whatever will it fail to cure if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order. Should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA is the old and reliable remedy for impurities of the blood and Scrofulous affections--the King of Blood Purifiers.

DR. JOHN BULL'S VEGETABLE WORM DESTROYER is prepared in the form of candy drops, attractive to the sight and pleasant to the taste.

DR. JOHN BULL'S  
SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP,  
BULL'S SARSAPARILLA,  
BULL'S WORM DESTROYER,  
The Popular Remedies of the Day.

Principal Office, 831 Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.



We print anything you want  
printed, from a Calling Card to  
a Constitution.

TUTT'S  
PILLS

TORPID BOWELS,  
DISORDERED LIVER,  
and MALARIA.

From these sources arise one-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, Saline water cutting, Eructation of food, Irritability of the system, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluctuating heat at the Head, Bouts between the eyes, Light-colored Urine, COASTIFICATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the liver. As Liver medicine, TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their net action on the kidneys and skin is also prompt, removing all impurities through the three excretory organs of the system, producing a healthy, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor laxative with daily use and are a perfect ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.  
"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and TUTT'S are the first that have done me any good. They have cleared me out nicely. My appetite is good, and I feel like a new man."  
W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, N. Y.  
Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 41 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.  
GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a Glossy Black by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.  
Office, 41 Murray St., New York.  
TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

DAY BY DAY  
Day by day, God's promise is  
To his people's feeble trust:  
That he will not miss their portion  
Nor leave them trampled in the dust.  
Sometimes in their doubts they wonder  
What shall be their lives' real trend;  
Day by day he lifts the shadows,  
And he will unto the end.  
Day by day did Israel gather  
Heavenly food along their way;  
With the dew each morn they saw it,  
Each morn gathered for that day.  
Mid their murmurings and their marchings,  
Still their board was spread the same;  
Day by day their life o'er taught them  
How to spell Jehovah's name.  
Day by day his mercy brightens  
All the clouds that cross our path;  
Day by day his love enlightens  
Each dark doubt his servant hath.  
Day by day, then, let us trust him  
At each point our journey through;  
Day by day his grace will prove him  
Loving, tender, strong and true.

From the Capital.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19, 1884.

One of the most important events of the present session of Congress was the decision of the House Committee on post offices and post roads, yesterday, as follows:

Resolved, That that it is the sense of this committee that it is expedient to adopt a contract system of postal telegraph.

This of course does not necessarily mean the adoption of such a system at this time, but the vote of ten to one for the resolution shows that very soon the government's Post Office Department will utilize the telegraph wire as it has already employed the steamboat and the railroad when they were added to the general facilities for communication among the people.

There is now, I am glad to say, a disposition among Congressmen to push forward really necessary public business. A representative who usually knows what he talks of says to-day that most of the eighty or ninety members of the House who are down for speeches on the tariff question will see the error of their ways, and that the debate will close within ten days. No one, however, counts upon adjournment before July 15th, and the general opinion is that August will see the two houses here. A couple of months, at least, have been wasted since Congress met in December.

The naval and post office appropriation bills have had attention during the week, but progress has not been marked. On Friday Senator Plumb made a notable speech on the latter, advocating a large increase over the amounts in the bill as it left the House. Upon the Naval appropriation bill the question is as to providing for the new cruisers. There seems to have been little of party so far in the discussion of this subject in the Senate.

There is comment, and it is necessarily favorable, upon the course of the House Committee upon private bills--upon that class of legislation which is found, a year or more after Congress has taken action, to contain 'jobs.' It may be that the last days of the session will be its worst in this respect, but so far the most critical can find no fault.

Much space, I see, is being given in journals outside of the city to the new inquiry into events connected with the Jeannette Polar expedition. Here, where the officers of the unfortunate venture were well known and without exception much respected, there was a very general feeling that the investigation was uncalled for, and that it can result in no good whatever.

Almost the first fair spring weather of the year has been on one or two days of the week now closing, and it has been so closely joined to heavy rains and rough winds that no one felt secure in adopting the idea that spring had really come. Washington, in the opinion of the very oldest inhabitant, never knew such a March and April as those of 1884.

HOWARD.

Man little knows what calamities are  
boy, and his power to bear until he tries  
them.

The Philadelphia University  
of Medicine and Surgery.

At the request of a large number of my friends, I publish the facts in relation to my connection with the school. I was elected Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in 1860, and continued to teach until 1872, when my connection with the teaching of the school was virtually ended, although I allowed my name to be used for a few years longer. I owned the building occupied by the College from 1863 to 1874, when the College was removed to another place, and I rented the building to the University of Pennsylvania, now located in West Philadelphia. They occupied it until I tore it out and built a hotel on the lot.

From 1872 until its close in 1880 the school was conducted by Dr. Miller and others, and I was in no way responsible for its management. My reasons for withdrawing were declining health, and the great expense imposed upon me as, in order to keep up the building free of rent, but out of my individual funds pay most of the teachers, as the College never paid expenses; besides the prejudice of the people against medical reform, the persecution, the misrepresentation, the glaring falsehoods of old school bigots, rendered it, in our judgment, impossible to establish a free liberal, reform, medical institution in one age or generation.

Unfortunately for me and the cause, I attempted to expose what I believed to be one of the most stupendous frauds ever perpetrated. This, as a matter of course, brought down a shower of opposition, misrepresentation, falsehoods, and persecutions, that were only equaled in the persecutions of Jenner, Harvey, Mondauni and others, who possessed moral courage sufficient to attempt to exposed medical ignorance and superstition. Old physis, being re-inforced by political allies, commenced the cry of "Bogus Diplomats," and to give it some semblance of truth they arrested a notorious diploma vender, and so associated my name with his as to lead the people to believe that I was in some way responsible for his acts, although I never had any connection with him, not even a speaking acquaintance, and they knew it. They even bought up a cheap newspaper, assessed medical scientists, hired men to manufacture horrible stories, published partial list of matriculants headed "Bogus Doctors," etc.

In short, every device, slander, falsehood, mean and base misrepresentation that medical bigots could invent green-eyed envy, ugliest, or political knives cognate, they put into circulation. In their mad career they made an attack upon the President, the Rev. W. J. P. Ingraham, than whom a more pure, just, and upright man never lived. For buncombe, they commenced a suit to remove the charter of the college, and to their everlasting disgrace and shame, after years of the most diligent work of detectives, aided by vast sums of money, the influence of politicians and the entire combination of old physis, were compelled to come into court on the 16th day of March, 1881, and acknowledge that they could detect no irregularity of the college. Hence the decree of the court was that the Commonwealth expressly recognized all diplomas granted in "accordance" with the Charter, and validating all its past acts. For full particulars see the records of the Court of Common Pleas, No. 3, for the County of Philadelphia, held March 15th, 1881. This leaves the graduates and teachers of the Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery in a far better position (legally speaking) than any other college in the United States; as they not only have the ordinary charter rights but a special decree of the court recognizing their standing as physicians and surgeons; leaving the character with all its powers and privileges unadected. During the last fifteen years of persecution and the constant misrepresentation by many of the public journals, we have never felt that we had the time to spare to refute any of these malicious publications, and this is the first time that we have alluded to the matter in a public way. Personally we care nothing about it, as in 1843, when we embarked in medical reform, and made our attack upon blood-letting, calomel and other disastrous forms of practice, together with the discovery of the germs of disease and successful means of cure, past history made us fully aware that all reformers and innovators must be targets for denunciation and persecution. Our reward is the acknowledged usefulness of our labors, and our satisfaction consists in observing the great changes that have occurred in the medical, surgical, sanitary management of disease, in all of which we have taken a prominent part.

W. PAINE, M. D.,  
250 South Ninth St., Phila.

Human government is imperfect because human nature is.

The steamer Oregon, of the Williams and Gulon line, crossed the ocean in six days ten hours and thirty minutes, the fastest time on record.

The bill introduced Monday by Representative Hentley to encourage education in the states and territories provides that all newspapers hereafter published in the several states and territories, in any language whatsoever, shall be carried free of postage through the mails within the limits of the United States and territories.

The time of the fast mail from New York to San Francisco will be shortened a day, next week, and a letter then mailed in New York City can be delivered on the shore of the Pacific less than six days afterward. Thirty years ago it took six months to make the trip by water; and the fastest record of a clipper ship is that of the Flying Cloud, in 1851--eighty-four days from New York to San Francisco.

A lady is said to have collected a string of buttons twenty-four feet long. That must be the reason why so many are going around with their suspenders fastened with a shingle-nail.

THE  
Manchester Strawberry

What is said of it.

Jesse B. Rogers, Chairman Fruit Committee New Jersey State Horticultural Society, says: "Manchester has done nobly throughout the State. It yielded with me both in market rows and in hills full do ble what any other variety did. It cannot be too highly praised."

J. T. Lovett says: "The Manchester has fairly distanced all competitors in the race for public favor in the season just past, it was without exception by far the most profitable and satisfactory strawberry I have fruited."

A few thousand good strong plants for sale by Z. U. MATTHEWS, Middle Road, Hammonton, N. J. Price \$2.50 per thousand, 40 cts. per hundred.

JUST ARRIVED.

A Car-Load

OF  
KAINIT

THE thing for your Raspberry Vines. For sale by

GEO. ELVINS,

1000 Tons

First Class New

York City HORSE Manure for sale right.

Now is your time to order.

M. PARKHURST, Agt.

DR. L. C. TERRY, late Professor of Physiology and Clinical Lecturer on Nervous Diseases, has discovered a New Remedy which is externally applied. It affords instant relief in all Neuralgia, Rheumatic or Gouty Pains, Asthma, Pleurisy, Hysterics, Sciatica, Headache, Enlarged and Painful Joints, Pain in the region of the Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, Dizziness, Sore Throat, Pains in the Shoulders, Tightness of the Chest, Sleeplessness, &c.

Testimonials.

Two applications of Dr. Terry's New Remedy cured me of a severe attack of rheumatism. Albert H. Lander, Magistrate Court No. 11, 305 Vine St., Phila.

It instantly relieved and positive cured me of Asthma. Charles Landron, 345 Juliana St., Phila.

One application permanently cured me of Chronic Catarrhal Discharge. A. F. Potts, Phila Post Office.

It cured me of Dimness of Vision. E. O. Hoedrich, 1228 Lehigh St., Phila.

Cured me instantly of a severe attack of Neuralgia in the right kidney. H. C. Garrison, Ex-Sheriff, Gloucester County, N. J.

One application cured me of Chronic Headache. S. P. Waith, 814 Vine St., Phila.

Cured me of Sciatica. W. J. Leo, 375 North Second St., Phila.

It instantly cured me of a deep-seated pain in my hip joint. J. Holt, 1912 Gouthbert St., Phila.

I had rheumatism in my hands and feet, was unable to work for four weeks; my physician failed to afford me any relief. One application of Dr. Terry's New Remedy cured me instantly. H. Hurdigan, 313 Vine St., Phila.

Those suffering from any disease incidental to human life are cordially invited to consult me. I guarantee to cure all cases I undertake. I. C. TERRY, M. D., Office, 315 North Sixth St., above Vine, Philadelphia. Office hours from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m., and 6 to 9 p. m. Sundays, from 10 a. m. to 12 m.

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Bellevue, Avenue.

Hammonton, New Jersey,

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Dry Goods,

Notions, Etc.

Groceries,

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Wm. Bernshouse,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

[Of 32 years' Experience.]

Steam Saw and Planing Mill

Lumber Yard.

Doors, Sash, Moldings,

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Window-Glass,

Odd-sizes cut-to-order.

Lime, Cement, and

Calced Plaster.

Manufacturer of

FRUIT PACKAGES

Berry Chests

Cranberry and Peach

CRATES--

22" Odd Sizes of Fruit Crates

made to order.

CEDAR SHINGLES

A Specialty,--odd sizes cut to order.

Oak and Pine Wood for Sale,

Cut and split if desired.

A large quantity of Pine and Cedar

Cuttings, for Summer and kindling,

\$2.50 per cord. CEDAR PICKETS

five and a-half feet long, for chicken

yard fence.

Two first-class two-horse

wagons for sale.

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them,  
place

the bars of a double wire  
dribble them at a hot fire;  
dry and only long enough to  
be slightly crisp if they are  
fried. Immediately after they  
them dip them in finely  
cracker-dust, then in beaten  
eggs, and again in cracker-  
dust. Fry in a kettle half full of smok-  
enough to cover them. To  
nicely place enough butter  
on top of the frying pan to  
cover it at once. Fry the  
smeared breads and shake the  
very hot fire until they are  
in both sides. 1st order to  
be placed in the smoking  
oven in the baking pan, and  
smoked smeared breads on top of  
or pork, season with salt and  
place the pan on the  
oven. When the bread  
which consists of drawing  
is of bacon through the  
After baking they are

**JALOPY.**—One box of gelatine, orange juice, juice of one pint of sugar, one and a half cup of water, and one half cup of lemon juice. Beat the whites and the shell of one egg, the white and shell of the egg, beaten with two cups of cold water. Let the mixture boil, and then put in the orange juice. It will keep hot, but not boil, through a napkin. A very good use for orange jelly, and is very ornamental. It is cut in the shape of baskets, and pulp for the jelly; cut the stalk, taking the stem of the bottom of the basket. The jelly, and the basket with the jelly, and the table decoration is exceedingly good.

is one may economise in

labor, good meals and abundant sleep should govern the appointment of the table and dining room. An agreeable is a good appetizer and helps to do with good behavior. The stomach is easily affected by the food with which it is surrounded and cannot be expected to be in an hour given over to idleness and idleness and idleness. Table manners for the housekeeper begin at her table and end at her table. The table should be so arranged and so arranged that it should inspire cheerfulness in it she should banish as far as possible all vexations, cares and

Have your bouquet arranged  
now suspend from the top of  
sher or jar, stems up, and the  
well covered with the water;  
beside and do not disturb for  
four hours, when you may take  
behold the beautiful crystals  
there.

**NETTLE HANDKERCHIEF.**—Mark the cen-

Two rows of gathers a little apart make a place for the drawings, which must be drawn in between the stitches which held the lace. White lace pleated around the neck.

looks pretty, or of ringed out instead of lace. Put tassels or narrow ribbon on the four corners hang loose.

---

**PATTERN FOR MITTENS.**—Cast stitches for shell stripe. Knit plain three times. Slip one, together and draw first stitch. This makes one stitch out of three.

thread over, knit one, thread  
it one, thread over, knit one,  
over, slip one, knit two togeth-  
er, draw last stitch over. This will  
be stitches on the needle. Knit  
three times plain, then make  
min.

**THE BREAD.**—To two cups and a  
bread dough allow one cup and a  
sugar, two eggs, a quarter of a  
melted butter, half a teaspoon-  
nit a little nutmeg; knead them  
together, ring off much

**BAKE BEEFSTEAK TENDER.**—Take enough outside rim of fat, then outer edge in two places to the steak lie flat while cooking.

2. Take 1 cup of vinegar and 1 cup of water. Boil for 10 minutes. Strain and pour over the steak. Let stand an hour, then turn and let stand another hour; the steak is kept soaking the while it will become. To cook, 1, &c., run off without wiping; brook as wanted.

and covers are merely wide, jewels. Some of them are em-  
bedded very deeply on the ends  
of the staves and crewels, with a narrow  
groove at either side and a heavy knot-  
work. The colors in the embroid-  
ery are duplicated in the splashers at  
the top of the wash stand.

beef carcass weighing 1,300  
s and a mutton 160 pounds are  
standards in the British markets.



