

South-Jersey Republican

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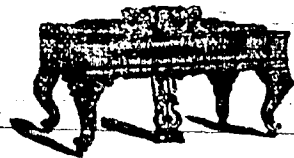
Vol. XVIII. No. 8.

Hammonton, N. J., Saturday, February 21, 1880.

Five Cents per Copy.

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**What a Young Man
Learns**
AT THE
C. C. C. C.
TRENTON, N. J.

1. Learns to write a good business hand.
2. Learns to write a good business letter.
3. Learns how to spell, capitalize, punctuate and paraphrase any written matter.
4. Learns the use of and how to draw legally and properly all kinds of business papers—Bills, Invoices, Drafts, Checks, &c.
5. Learns the responsibility of parties connected with business paper; how to hold parties; how to avoid liability.
6. Learns the nature of a contract and the liability of the parties thereto.
7. Learns how to keep a systematic record of business transactions; to show results at the year, loss and continuation of business, so essential to successful dealing; in fact, prepares himself on all points to meet business men as such, and to make business success certain.

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Proprietors.

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Improved Farms and Village lots with good buildings
pleasantly located, in and near the center of the town.
For Sale from \$600 to \$3,000
In easy payments.
TO RENT FROM \$200 A MONTH.
Apply to
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—DENTIST—
Office over the store of H. M. Tinsley & Co.
**EXTRACTING AND FILLING TEETH A
SPECIALTY.**
Children's Teeth Regulated and Ex-
amination FREE.
Prices to suit the times.

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WM. HANEY,
Fashionable Hair Cutter,
has taken the shop recently occupied by Jos. Covert, and will attend to every particular in the business—Hair cutting, Shampooing, Shaving, etc.
A Clean Towel to Every Man!
Open every day. On Sunday from 7 to 10 in the morning.
Hammonton, Dec. 1st, 1879.

NOTICE.
Boot and Shoe Store!
Having bought out the stock and taken the Store lately occupied by E. L. Lovett, I now offer to the public an extensive stock of Eastern, City, and my own manufactures. Thanks for past favors, with renewed facilities I solicit a continued patronage of old and new friends.
D. C. HENNER.
P. S. Goods made to order, and repairing
as usual.

**GERRY VALENTINE,
UNDERTAKER,**
Is prepared to furnish
CASKETS, COFFINS, WITH HANDLES & PLATES,
In every variety, at the lowest cash prices.
Funerals promptly attended to.
Also repairs Chairs and repairs and renovates Furniture.
Shop upstairs over the wheelwright shop, Egg Harbor road, Hammonton, N. J.

Ladies' Store.
Corner of Bellevue Avenue & Horton Street
Hammonton, New Jersey.

TOMLIN & SMITH.
Hamburg Embroideries, Laces,
White goods, Fancy Arti-
cles and Toys.
Ladies Furnishing Goods a Specialty.

**LECTURE
To Young Men.**
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope, Price 6 cts.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical
Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, Induced
by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency,
Spermatorrhea, and Impediments to Marriage generally;
Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and
Physical Incurability, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVER-
WELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lec-
ture, clearly proves from his own experience that the
most awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually
removed without medicine, and without dangerous
surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or
catheters; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain
and effectual; by which every sufferer, no matter what
his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately
and radically.
This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands
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Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address,
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The Culverwell Medical Co.
41 Ann Street, New York; Post Office Box 4585

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If you want to purchase a first class PIANO
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Old instruments taken in exchange.
Special inducements offered to Churches and
Schools.

A Rare Chance!
**For Sale for One-Half
its Value.**
One of the most delightful places in the
**Town of Hammonton, near the
Lake.**

143 acres, 10 in cultivation, with over 400
fruit trees, mostly in bearing. Apples,
pears, peaches, Quinces, Plums, Cherries, Eng-
lish walnuts, chestnuts, butternuts, fibberts,
hick walnuts, grapes, currants, strawberries,
raspberries, cranberries, blackberries, &c. A
large two-story new room house, with piazza
on front and one end, large four-light piazza.
The best well in the county, being walled with
hard brick laid in cement from the bottom to
the top. The water is always cold, clear, pure,
abundant and never falling. The pump and
wet sink is in the house only eight feet from
the cooking stove, and six from the cellar, pantry,
bathing room or dining room doors. Barn
20x10 ft., carriage shed 9x21. Store and
furniture will be sold with the house if desired.

Address or call upon
T. S. WETHERBEE,
Hammonton, New Jersey.

Time Turns the Tables.

Ten years ago, when she was ten,
I used to tease and scold her;
I liked her and she loved me then,
A boy, some five years older.
I liked her; she would fetch my book,
Bring lunch to stream or thicket;
Would oil my gun and bait my hook
And field for hours at cricket.
She'd mend my cap or find my whip;
Ah! but boys' hearts are stony;
I liked her rather less than "Gyp"
And far less than my pony.
She loved me then, though Heaven knows why
Small wonder she had loved me;
For scores of dolls she had to cry,
Whom I decapitated.
I tore her frocks, I mussed her hair,
Called "red" the sheen upon it;
Out fishing I would even dare
Catch tad-poles in her bonnet.
Well, now I expiate my crimes.
The Newells of fables
Comes after years—to-day old Time
On me has turned the tables.
I'm twenty-five, she's twenty now;
Dark-eyed, fair-cheeked and bonny;
The curls are golden round her brow—
She smiles and calls me "Johnny."
Of yore, I used her Christian name,
But now, through fate or malice,
When she is by, my lips can't frame
The letters that spell "Alice."
I who could laugh at her and tease,
Stand silent now before her;
Dumb through the very wish to please,
A speechless, shy admirer.
Or, if she turns to me to speak,
I'm dazzled by her glance;
The hot blood rushes to my cheek,
I babble commonplaces.
She's kind and cool; ah! Heaven knows how
I wish she brushed and fanned me;
She likes me and I love her now;
—Ah me! how things have altered!

The Skeleton of Devil's Island.

To the Editor of the Republican:—
On Tuesday, the 19th inst., it was reported to
me, that a human skeleton had been found by
some persons while working on the line of the
new R. R. As soon as possible I made a care-
ful investigation of the matter, and found the
following to be the facts of the case:—
On Saturday, the 7th inst., while Mr. Thos.
Collins was at work on the line of the West
Jersey and Atlantic R. R., in Gravelly Run
Swamp, a cut four miles from May's Landing,
at a place called Devil's Run, one of his men
found a bone when he thought to be human,
and on examining the place near by, he found a
skull, two femurs, tibia—one fibula and one
humerus. Further search failed to bring to
light any others. The bones were those of a
white man. The skull was rather large, being
twenty-four inches in circumference ante-o pos-
teriorly, and the person had probably worn a
number 7 1/2 hat. This description is given thor-
oughly for the purpose of identification. Of the
full set of teeth usually found in remains of
this kind, only four molars were pre-ent;
the others in all probability were lost before
death. Near the skeleton was found portions
of his boots, but no traces or parts of other
clothing, such as buttons, etc. These were
"fine" boots, supposed to have been made of
calf skin; little of the "uppers" and all of the
soles were recovered. No 7's narrow at the
bottom, half round toes, hand sewed, except at
the heel seam, which were pegged; they had
been half-soled which were well worn. These
had been sewed on, and three rows of nails
driven, one on either side and one in the cen-
ter; low heels; sole of one side; the "out-
sole" of left boot was worn away at the great
toe; the shank and instep shows them to have
been of fine quality, the style has been in vogue
for the past eighteen years, but the manner in
which it was made—the pegging of heel-seam—
gives indication of a more recent date. Near
by was found a half-gallon earthenware jug,
of common make, the handle of which was broken
off to its appearance—was, when taken there;
the bottom was missing—very probably having
been broken since. A leather strap, an inch in
width, with an ordinary buckle attached, the
end of which fastens through the loop, was
picked up near by; probably this was worn
around him, or more likely used to carry the
jug. The epinal-o-lum and other bones which
are missing have no doubt been carried away
by carnivorous birds and animals, as a number
of vulture's feathers, in a good state of preser-
vation, were found near by.
Devil's Island is situated about three-quarters
of a mile from the west, and one-half of a
mile from the east side of Gravelly Run Swamp,
on the west side of the stream. It is so called
because of its dense undergrowth of swamp,
wood and briars, in fact so dense is it that it is
almost impossible for man or animal to make
his way through them.
It is conjectured that this man was a sailor,
and had wandered to this place and died, some
ten or fifteen years ago. He must have been a
stranger, as no one has been missed from the
vicinity. The remains are in my possession,
and will be kept for a time, that those interest-
ed may examine them.

Gentlemanliness—Where?

Among the learned professions. There we
expect to find it if nowhere else. But do we?
Not invariably. Perhaps the unlearned South-
ern negro race would furnish a more and better
specimens. Men are often fraudulently pushed
their position and use an unwarrantable authority
or criminal familiarity. I thought of their
own superiority they forget the courtesy due to
their equals and disregard their inferiors, those
over whom they preside, or those whom they
serve. We would say a few words of the cler-
ical, as that of which we expect most. The
clergyman ought to be an example in the public
and out of it, in dress, manner, conduct and
spirit. To be rare, he must be "all things to all
men." He must "descend to men of low
estate." This is required by the Divine Book
and the nature of his calling. But this allness
and lowness do not preclude gentlemanliness,
or demand rudeness. His vocation requires
gentlemanliness and furnishes opportunity for
its fullest exercise. He is the man of all men.
With divine sanction and the most sacred tes-
tament; sent forth as the messenger of God
and exponent of truth and goodness; entrusted
to deal with men in things most tender and
precious, the clergyman ought to be the
model gentleman. He is above all in honor or
office, and deserves recognition and respect
from the greatest and the highest; but he should
mortify those more by his character than his
office. If he is rude and uncultured in man-
ner, the office is disgraced, and he will be de-
spised as a man. Though of so high an office
and receiving so much honor from man, he ac-
counts himself the servant of all, even the lowly,
and treats them with great respect. His kindness
and affability are known to all men. Impartial,
unprejudiced and social, he mingles among men
with the truest grace of gentlemanliness. In
the mansion he is refined and courteous, and
the cabin he is friendly and familiar without
lowering the dignity of his profession.

Respectfully, &c.,
D. B. INGRAM, M. D.,
Atlantic City Physician.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16, 1880.
The Fitz John Porter case is stirring up con-
siderable political animosity in Congress. —
When first presented, the probabilities were
that it would pass with a rush. But since dis-
cussion has been had, many members are of
opinion that Congress has no constitutional
right to legislate any man into office belonging
to the patronage of the Executive. This be-
lief has gained strength in Congress among
Republicans and a few Democrats. The refusal
of the House on Saturday to consider the mat-
ter suspends for a time only a violent partisan
debate. It is believed that Congress will, in-
stead of passing the bill now before it, grant
the General a new trial, setting aside, if the
evidence is sufficient, the decision of the origi-
nal Court Martial.
Mr. Blaine's friends in and out of Congress
here gave a new impetus to his boom on Sat-
urday. They organized a Club to keep open
rooms for the reception of visiting friends until
they go to Chicago in June. The Officers of
this Club are: President, Representative Price
of Iowa; Vice Presidents, Senators Booth of
California, and Blair of New Hampshire; Rep-
resentatives Burrows of Michigan, Ketchum,
of New York; Williams, of Wisconsin; Hal-
kell of Kansas; Browne, of Indiana; Mitchell
of Pennsylvania; and General A. Hurlbut, of
Illinois; R. C. McCormick, of Arizona; J. M.
Wilson, of Indiana; John Lynch, of Maine;
W. Brown, of Kentucky; James T. Wilson, of
Iowa, and Dr. Purvis, of this city. Mr. J. W.
Bartlett, of Massachusetts, is Secretary. And
William E. Chandler, John H. Rice, and John
R. French, late Sergeant at Arms of the Senate,
are on the Executive Committee.
The interest, especially by our hotel and restau-
rant keepers, taken by the latter, in the efforts
now being made to secure Washington as the
place for holding the Democratic National
Convention, is very lively, for in such an event
business would be brisk, and more money would
be taken to Washington than carried away by
the Democratic delegates. Democrats enjoy a
good spree, and, from the reports of their Con-
gressmen, they know that Washington is a
splendid place for them. The House Committee
on Public Buildings favor granting the use of
the National Museum building, and if so, this
with its other brilliant attractions will secure to
Washington the honor of being the city where
the last Democratic Convention was ever held.
Voorhees, the Exodus Senator, is still harp-
ing upon the responsibility of Republican poli-
ticians in Indiana and elsewhere, for inducing
the exodus of colored people from the South.
He can't be convinced that Republican politi-
cians had nothing to do with this movement.
He has been told by witnesses both white and
colored the real reason to be the oppression of
the colored people, in fact he has heard evi-
dence enough to satisfy any other man in this
country that no Republican politician instigated
or in any way helped the movement; but that
it was a spontaneous rising of an oppressed
people to escape the wrongs endured for cen-
turies. In this matter the Democrats have en-
tirely failed to make political capital, and they
may as well give this investigation up.

MAXWELL
A further supplement to the act entitled "An
act concerning cities."
1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General
Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That if
any common council or any incorporated
city of this state by any debt, resignation or
disqualification of any incumbent, shall vacate
said office, the mayor of such city, by the
appointment of a suitable and discreet citizen
of such city, who shall continue in said office
until the next regular election.
2. And be it enacted, that the provisions of
this act shall not apply to any incorporated
city in which the filing of vacancies in the
office of alderman or common council is al-
ready regulated by its charter.
3. And be it enacted, That this act shall
take effect immediately.
Approved February 5, 1880.

CHAPTER II.

A further supplement to the act entitled "An
act concerning cities for the trial of small
causes" (Revision), approved March twenty-
seventh, one thousand eight hundred and
seventy-four.
1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General
Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That
section one hundred and thirty-five of the act
to which this is a further supplement, which
reads as follows, to wit:
"135. And be it enacted, That the constables
of the several counties of this state shall be en-
titled to receive from the county collector of the
said county, their lawful fees for serving any
original warrant, together with all and any
expenses by them incurred in conveying any
offender to the county jail for commitment to
the custody of the sheriff, whether any such
offender shall be indicted or not, for the
offense for which such offender may have been
so committed," be amended to read as follows:
"135. And be it enacted, That the constables
of the several counties of this state shall be en-
titled to receive from the collector of said
county, their lawful fees for serving any criminal
warrant, together with any proper and
reasonable expenses by them incurred in con-
veying any offender to the county jail for com-
mitment to the custody of the sheriff, who has
been offender shall be indicted or not, for the
offense for which such offender may have been
so committed; provided, that the bill or process
so incurred shall be returned and shall be cer-
tified by the prosecutor of the pleas of said
county to be proper and reasonable.
Approved February 5, 1880.

CHAPTER III.

An act relating to the distribution of law and
equity reports and other publication.
1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General
Assembly of the State of New Jersey, that all
publications, or publications, of the law and
equity reports of this state, and all reviews
or digests of laws or reports made or published
since January first, one thousand eight hun-
dred and seventy-seven, and hereafter to be
made or published, shall be distributed to the
president law judges of the common pleas in
all counties having such judges, in the same
manner as they now are and have been dis-
tributed to the justices of the supreme court.
2. And be it enacted, That this act shall
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Approved February 5, 1880.

In the fitness the ministry are
equal to any class of professional men. The
ill-mannered bore among them is the exception.
But many, by association with all sorts of men,
have become careless and indolent in their
habits and conversation. The endeavor to
please all men makes them liable to do as they
do, and if they be common and rough, he may
lose the finer qualities of the gentleman. The
clergyman has need to be watchful lest he be-
come those habits which are not approved by
the most refined. The heart of the minister
may be better than his manner. The indulgence
allowed him by the people is a temptation to
careless deportment. I once heard a young
lady say, "Oh, you think because you are
minister it makes no difference how high you
prop your feet." The ministry has some
fledglings. They were hatched in common
life. They carry their natural roughness with
them and are too much blinded by bombast to
see their improprieties. They can never be a
credit or a success without reform.

Smiles.

We protest against the tolls of this senseless
demand that the money of the land should be
kept in circulation. That's just the trouble
with it; it circulates too fast. What we are
trying to do is to stop a little of it.—Burlington
Hawkeye.
It was written, "her dainty feet were incased
in shoes that might have been taken for lady
boots," but the compositor made it to read,
"her dirty feet were incased in shoes that
might have been taken for lady-boots," and
he is no longer a dweller in Cincinnati, but a
fugitive in the land.—Chicago Tribune.

The new editor of the Shelby Sentinel em-
braces the opportunity to thank his fair cor-
respondents, but before he has been an editor
three weeks he will embrace his fair corre-
spondents and thank the opportunity. One's
taste improves wonderfully under journalistic
training.—Kentucky Intelligencer.

It's all very well to tell an editor that he'll
receive his reward in heaven; but the next
thing is how is he going to get there to receive
the reward?—Elmira Sunday Telegram.

A mean man put sixteen horses in a whis-
key bottle and gave it to a Texas man, in the
mark, to take a drink out of it, and though the
horses got in their work as they went down,
the Texas man remarked that it wasn't real Texas
whiskey, as it lacked fire.—New-York Tele-
gram.

[BY AUTHORITY.] LAWS OF NEW JERSEY.

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Give Me Three Grains of Corn, Mother.

This poem was written by Miss Edwards in 1877, and is the best of its kind in Ireland. It is said to be the best of its kind in Ireland. It is said to be the best of its kind in Ireland.

Give me three grains of corn, mother—
Only three grains of corn;
It will keep the little life I have
Till the coming of the morn.
I am dying of hunger and cold, mother—
Dying of hunger and cold;
And half the agony of such a death
My lips have never told.

It has gnawed like a wolf at my breast, mother;
A wolf that is fierce for blood;
All the livelong day and the night beside,
Gnawing for lack of food.

I dreamed of bread in my sleep, mother,
And the night was heavy to see;
I awoke with an agony, famishing lip,
But you have no bread for me.

How could I look to you, mother—
How could I look to you;
For bread to give to your starving boy,
When you were starving too?

For I read the famine in your cheek,
And in your eyes so wild,
As you laid it on my baby hand,
The queen has hands and gold, mother—

The queen has hands and gold, mother—
The queen has hands and gold;
While you are forced to your empty breast,
A skeleton babe to hold—

A babe that is dying of want, mother,
As I am dying now;
With a ghastly look in its sunken eyes,
And famine upon its brow.

What has poor Ireland done, mother—
What has poor Ireland done;
That the world looks on and sees us starve,
Perishing one by one?

Do the men of England care not, mother—
Do the men of England care not;
The great men and the high,
For the suffering sons of Erin's isle,
Whether they live or die?

There is many a brave heart here, mother,
Dying of want and cold,
While only empty stomachs, mother,
Are many that roll in gold;

There are rich and proud men there, mother,
With wondrous wealth to view,
And the bread they fling to their dogs to eat,
Would give life to me and you.

Come nearer to my side, mother—
Come nearer to my side;
And hold me close, as you held
My father when he died;

Quick, for I cannot see you, mother,
My breath is almost gone,
Mother! dear mother! ere I die,
Give me three grains of corn.

Give me three grains of corn, mother—
Give me three grains of corn;
It will keep the little life I have
Till the coming of the morn.

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What has poor Ireland done, mother—
What has poor Ireland done;
That the world looks on and sees us starve,
Perishing one by one?

Do the men of England care not, mother—
Do the men of England care not;
The great men and the high,
For the suffering sons of Erin's isle,
Whether they live or die?

There is many a brave heart here, mother,
Dying of want and cold,
While only empty stomachs, mother,
Are many that roll in gold;

There are rich and proud men there, mother,
With wondrous wealth to view,
And the bread they fling to their dogs to eat,
Would give life to me and you.

Come nearer to my side, mother—
Come nearer to my side;
And hold me close, as you held
My father when he died;

Quick, for I cannot see you, mother,
My breath is almost gone,
Mother! dear mother! ere I die,
Give me three grains of corn.

Give me three grains of corn, mother—
Give me three grains of corn;
It will keep the little life I have
Till the coming of the morn.

I am dying of hunger and cold, mother—
Dying of hunger and cold;
And half the agony of such a death
My lips have never told.

It has gnawed like a wolf at my breast, mother;
A wolf that is fierce for blood;
All the livelong day and the night beside,
Gnawing for lack of food.

I dreamed of bread in my sleep, mother,
And the night was heavy to see;
I awoke with an agony, famishing lip,
But you have no bread for me.

How could I look to you, mother—
How could I look to you;
For bread to give to your starving boy,
When you were starving too?

For I read the famine in your cheek,
And in your eyes so wild,
As you laid it on my baby hand,
The queen has hands and gold, mother—

The queen has hands and gold, mother—
The queen has hands and gold;
While you are forced to your empty breast,
A skeleton babe to hold—

A babe that is dying of want, mother,
As I am dying now;
With a ghastly look in its sunken eyes,
And famine upon its brow.

What has poor Ireland done, mother—
What has poor Ireland done;
That the world looks on and sees us starve,
Perishing one by one?

Curled to Death.

A writer on the poisonous snakes of India says: "Natives, walking noiselessly with bare feet, are, of course, much more liable to be bitten by snakes than Europeans."

The best remedy for a snake bite is to cut the wound with a sharp knife, and then to apply a strong solution of iodine. This will destroy the poison, and prevent it from spreading.

There was a strange stillness in the room, which together with the flickering light and cool atmosphere, seemed to curdle his blood. He fancied there was a bluish light on the slender figure of flame that came from each wax-candle.

He sat down and began to run under his hands over the piano. He had never played to such a large audience before. Whether it was Amber or Donizetti, Mozart or Verdi, he was not a mummer—not a whisper—not a ripple of comment. Grave and gay fell on their ears alike.

The unearthly stillness appalled him. He felt as if he had been transported into a world of spirits, as if he breathed the cold, deathly breath of the dead. And yet the beautiful woman, about whom he had dreamed all day, seemed substantial enough. Her feet, as they came down, were like the soft, downy feet of a child's, lay almost within his reach.

Would nothing rouse his frozen audience? He brought sharply out of his vagaries by a peculiar incisive voice, and turned to face a grandiose-looking female, in a high, smoky-looking Normandy cap, surrounded by a pale countenance, a pair of sharp black eyes, a mouth garnished with projecting teeth, which showed a sort of account of the lady proceeding to give poor Ray a piece of her mind.

"Is it that, monsieur?" he asked, not the money for the music? Ah, what a world, where the rich ride over the poor, and grind their faces in the mud. Mais, oui! I have and patience—oh, yes, the patience of one of God's angels—but the end has arrived."

"But to-morrow," answered Ray, "I assure you I shall have something. I have a promise—"

"Is it that I shall feed longer on promises?" screamed Madame Chatterbox with angry sparks in her black eyes. "A day! with promises—they do not agree with me! I spit out your promises, my fine lodger, and I rent your room in two days, in one day, in an hour, if I have not the money. Go, then!"

And, much to Ray's relief, she turned on her heel in a manly fashion and strode out of the room as unceremoniously as she had entered it.

A discord seemed to pervade the music after that, and with a final crash, into which he put all the power of his fingers, the young man, at last, shut the piano and went to bed.

The next morning, after breakfasting for four sous at a crenelated, he strolled into a large piano store where he had been promised a trial of a new instrument. Ray was not in condition to despise any sort of employment, and so he was glad to answer questions of all sorts, to rattle off brilliant waltzes when a party of young people entered, to execute solemn and stately marches when a group of men in military uniforms entered.

Of course he won the five hundred francs, and made a new start in life. So, after a blushing blush to complain of the "Queer Party."

Andrew Jackson's Love for His Wife. The deep affection felt by President Andrew Jackson for his wife is illustrated by a number of incidents.

One evening, writes Mr. Trist, "after I had parted with him for the night, he lay over the directions he had given about some letters I was to prepare one for him. He was very anxious to see that they were all in order."

He was sitting at the little table, with his head bowed, and his hands clasped. He was looking at the letters, and his face was very pale. He was looking at the letters, and his face was very pale.

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Who's Afraid?

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FOR THE FAIR SEX.

Through the lonely shades alleys one is always with her lover. While the sunset light is spreading in the scented clover.

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THE FASHIONABLE HAIR.

The Kafir woman wears a piece of blue calico tied by the corners round her head, and down the back, but her principal garment is made of hide, folded round the waist and reaching the knees, and ordinary wear is a second consisting of the skin of an antelope, with a strip of blue hair peeled off down the center, ornamented with a triple row of four sewed as a finish at the lower end. It is tied over the breast and the back, and reaches nothing but the straight out in front. A belt encircles the waist, and they wear blue bracelets, anklets and armlets.

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H. T.
HELMBOLD'S
COMPOUND
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.
PHARMACEUTICAL.
A SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR ALL
DISEASES
OF THE
Bladder and Kidneys.

For Debility, Loss of Memory, Indisposition to Exertion or Business, Shortness of Breath, Troubled with Thoughts of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Chest, and Head, Rush of Blood to the Head, Pale Countenance and Dry Skin.
If these symptoms are allowed to go on, very frequently Epileptic Fits and Consumption follow. When the constitution becomes affected it requires the aid of an invigorating medicine to strengthen and tone up the system which

Helmbold's Buchu
DOES IN EVERY CASE.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU
IS UNEQUALLED

By any remedy known. It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians all over the world, in

Rheumatism,
Spermatorrhoea,
Neuralgia,
Nervousness,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Constipation,
Aches and Pains,
General Debility,
Kidney Diseases,
Liver Complaint,
Nervous Debility,
Epilepsy,
Head Troubles,
Paralysis,
General Ill Health,
Spinal Diseases,
Nervous Complaints,
Sciatica,
Deafness,
Lumbago,
Decline,
Catarrh,
Female Compl'ts.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Distress, Sour Stomach, Eruptions, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a thousand other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU
INVIGORATES STOMACH,
And stimulates the torpid Liver, Bowels and Kidneys to healthy action, in cleaning the Blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

A single trial will be quite sufficient to convince the most hesitating of its valuable remedial qualities.

PRICE \$1 PER BOTTLE,
Or 6 Bottles for \$5.

Delivered to any address free from observation.
"Patients" may consult by letter, receiving the same attention as by calling.
Competent Physicians attend to correspondence. All letters should be addressed to

H. T. HELMBOLD,
Druggist & Chemist
Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION!
See that the "private Proprietary Stamp is on each bottle."
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

GROCERIES!!

H. M. Trowbridge
will hereafter keep a well assorted stock of Groceries—Sugars, Tea and Coffee, Spices, Dried Fruits and Canned Goods, Flour, Soap, Molasses and Syrup, Butter, Lard, Pork, Salt Fish, Brooms &c.

DRY GOODS!

I shall continue my usual full assortment of Dress Goods, Cassimeres, Plaids, Alpacaes, Prints, Muslins, Jeans, Sheetings and Shirtings, Flannels, Tickings, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Threads of all kinds, Buttons, Zephyrs, Pocket Books, Stationery &c.

CLOTHING!

Also a good stock of Ready Made Clothing, Coats, Pants and Vests.

All which will be sold for Cash, and at the lowest Market Prices.

HAMMONTON, N. J.
April 21st, 1879.

IT IS SAID THAT

500,000 PERSONS

Witnessed the Grant Reception in Philadelphia.

WE WOULD LIKE ALL THE

MEN & BOYS TO CALL AT OAK HALL

Immediately and Equip Themselves for the

COLD WAVES OF 1880.

The Singularly Small Prices we started the Annual Winter Sales with, have stirred all the stores to do their best. But we eclipsed them all and they know it and the People see it, too.

These are the Prices for Our Own Carefully Manufactured Goods, not bought in the New York Wholesale stores.

A few left of the \$30 Fine Overcoats, reduced to.....\$20.00
Royal Reversible Plaid Backs, sold everywhere at \$25 (Full Image Colors and Woven Backs). Our Price.....18.00
Next Grade.....16.50
Extra Sizes in Blue and Brown Worthington Overcoats.....12.00
Next Grade.....10.00
A Good Strong Serviceable Cloth Bound Overcoat.....8.50
Everyday Working Overcoat.....5.00
Men's All Wool Suits.....10.00
The "Auburn" D. B. Suits for Business and Dress.....12.00
Extra Quality "Sage" Suits.....15.00
The Finest of Cassimere Suits.....20.00
Dress Suits of Best Imported Cloths reduced to.....25.00
Men's Every Day Pants.....1.50
All-Wool Business and Dress Pants.....2.50
Extra Fine Dress Pantalons, formerly \$10, now.....5.00
Genuine Harris Cassimere Pants.....5.00
The Very Latest Styles in Children's Overcoats.....3.00
The Double Shouldered Cape Royal Reversible Back Overcoats.....5.00
The Nicest Little Boys' Overcoats Oak Hall ever produced
Children's Suits as low as.....3.50
Higher Grades and More Elaborately Trimmed Suits.....5.00
A Great Specialty in Boys' and Youths' Pants.....2.50

Wanamaker & Brown,

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PHILADELPHIA.

The Largest Clothing House in America.

DR. H. J. DOUCET MAY BE
consulted at his office, 1203 GREEN Street, Philadelphia, Pa., or by letter, on all Chronic Diseases of the Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Nervous Debility, Epilepsy, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Blood, Eruptions, Tetters, Scrofula, etc. Venereal Piles and Cancer cured without the use of the knife. The treatment is bloodless, painless and successful. 32-15.

Trees!! Trees!! Trees!!
I have the largest variety and best assortment of Shade and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Hedge Plants, Scrubs, Plants, Bulbs, &c., in Atlantic City, also, Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry Trees of the best varieties. All of which I offer at prices as low as any in the country.

Call and examine my stock.
WM. F. BASSETT,
Baltimore Ave. Nurseries, Hammonton, N.J.

NO MORE RHEUMATISM OR GOUT ACUTE OR CHRONIC SALICYLIC SURE CURE.
MANUFACTURED ONLY UNDER THE ABOVE TRADE MARK BY THE
European Salicylic Medicine Co.
OF PARIS AND LEIPZIG.
IMMEDIATE RELIEF WARRANTED. PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED. Now exclusively used by all celebrated Physicians of Europe and America, becoming a Staple, Harmless and Reliable Remedy on both continents. The highest Medical Academy of Paris reports ninety-five cures out of one hundred cases within three days. Secret: The only discoverer of the poisonous Eric Acid which exists in the Blood of Rheumatic and Gouty Patients. 25¢ a box. Six boxes for \$1.50. Sent by mail on receipt of price. INDICATED BY PHYSICIANS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Address
WASHBURN & CO.
Only Importers, Depot 212 Broadway, Cor. Fulton St. (Knox Bldg), NEW-YORK.
To be had at A. W. COCHRAN'S, Hammonton.

PIONEER STUMP PULLER
Having reserved the right to manufacture and sell this Favorite Machine in the counties of Camden, Burlington, Ocean, Atlantic and Cape May, I hereby give notice that I am prepared to fill all orders at following rates:
NO. 1 MACHINE, \$65.00.
NO. 2 MACHINE, \$50.00.
These Machines are Warranted to be the BEST in the market.
For particulars send for circulars.
G. W. PRESSEY,
Hammonton, N. J.
Inv. No. 1 & 2

Insurance.

CUMBERLAND MUTUAL
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The guarantee fund of premium notes being now Three Millions of Dollars.

If an assessment had to be made of five per cent. only, twice within the ten years for which the policy is issued, it would yet be cheaper to the members than any other insurance offered. And that large amount of money is saved to the members ever been made, being now more than thirty years, that saving would amount to more than

One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars

The Losses by Lightning.

Where the property is not set on fire, being less than one cent per year to each member, are paid without extra charge, and extended so as to cover all policies that are issued and outstanding.

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Mutual Marine and Fire

INSURANCE CO.

Millville, N. J.

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PREMIUM NOTES, \$808,240.00.

CASH ASSETS, 156,478.82.

TO TAL ASSETS, \$964,718.82.

LIABILITIES, including re-

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Insurance effected on Farm Buildings and other property against loss by

Fire and Lightning,

at lowest rates for one, three or ten years.

VESSELS, Cargoes and Freight, written on liberal form of policies, without restrictions as to ports, coast, or registered tonnage

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1 Pressey's Stump Puller.

The Horse is well known as a good gentle carriage and farm horse in good order.

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JAPANESE PERSIMMON TREES 4 to 6 ft in 12 choicest kinds. Dried specimen fruits received last season from Japan would when fresh from the tree, have weighed 16 ozs. with the flavor of a rich Smyrna fig.

Should these, like the shrubs and Superb evergreens introduced from Japan, prove hardly as authorities have already pronounced them to be, we may look forward in this instance to an acquisition of the highest commercial importance as a fruit and tree of great value.

NEW PEAR.

Triumph de Lyons, a late variety whose fruit is the largest known.

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Stations. H. A. A. A. M. F. S. A.

Philadelphia..... 6:00 4:00 8:00 5:00 8:00

Cooper's Point..... 6:12 4:12 8:10 5:00 8:10

Penn. R. R. June..... 6:18 4:18 8:16 5:00 8:15