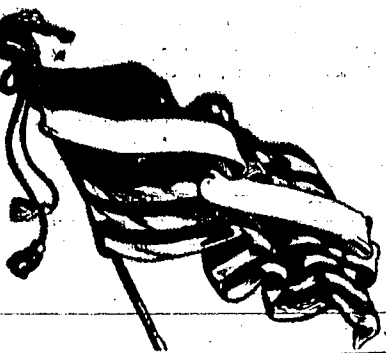


South-Jersey

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Boil It Down.

Whatever you have to say, my friend, Whether witty, or grave, or gay, Condense as much as ever you can, And say in the readiest way; And whether you write on rural affairs, Or particular things in town, Just a word of friendly advice— Boil it down.

For if you go spluttering over a page When a couple of lines would do, Your butter is spread so much, you see, That the bread looks plainly through. So when you have a story to tell, And would like a little renown, To make quite sure of your wish, my friend, Boil it down.

When writing an article for the press, Whether prose or verse, just try, To utter your thoughts in the fewest words, And let it be crisp and dry; And when it is finished, and you suppose It is done exactly brown, Just look it over again, and then— Boil it down.

For editors do not like to print An article lazily long, And the general reader does not care For a couple of yards of song. So gather your wits in the smallest space If you'd win the author's crown, And every time you write, my friend— Boil it down.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 5, 1880.

Two events to come this week are monopolizing correspondence here. Perhaps the one of deepest interest is the meeting of the Maine Legislature on Wednesday. The result will be known before this reaches many readers, but the Republicans here feel sure of being able to maintain supremacy there, according to the election last fall. The Supreme Court decided in favor of them, and they are in high spirits. It seems almost superfluous to repeat again the praises awarded Senator Blaine for the splendid manner in which he has led our forces there, but no more than justice can be done. His friends now declare that "He is the noblest Roman of them all," and that by his admirable leadership he has almost assured his nomination for President.

The next event of interest is the meeting of Congress. I find that the Conservative Democrats are prepared to present several measures of a business nature to outertain their mischievous members with, so that they may be repressed and kept under discipline. They will present some new rules for governing the House, new funding measures, new pension bills, and the like to avert them from unavoidable blunders. But it will be useless, probably. From talk now heard about the capital it is quite certain that some of the Brigadiers are determined on a fight against the election laws, and other measures to maintain honest government, and to take money out of the Treasury.

The Greenback men are looking around for some means to revive their lost cause, and one of the measures they propose to present is a bill to pay the pensioners the difference between the value of greenbacks they were paid in and gold. They are getting up petitions everywhere to forward this object, but it will not avail them much.

The feeling in favor of a 3 1/2 per cent. bond for refunding purposes is growing in favor, I believe. It is thought by many that it should be tried as an experiment, because if it fails it will do no harm. There is a report that Secretary Sherman will oppose it very strongly.

The Post Office officials are carrying on their war against the lottery business, still. They have prepared a report to the House in response to a resolution, giving facts to show that there are 150 concerns in the United States against whom they enforce their rules prohibiting the distribution of letters.

Secretary Schurz has about concluded that a severer policy is necessary with the Indians. He suspects that he has been fooled in the Ute negotiations.

New Year's day was a happier holiday than is often experienced here. The weather was beautifully calculated to enhance the social enjoyment.

MAXWELL.

Mr. Editor:—

The Hornet last week assumed to instruct the benighted people on the questions at issue in the Maine election. To our thinking, its quoting E. J. Woolley and J. E. and W. B. Woolley and U. K. Woolley, looks very much more like an attempt to pull the wool over the eyes of the people than an attempt to open their eyes, that they may see clearly. We wonder what paper it reads. Even the New York World would give us a world more light than that. We all know about the rubicund and rotund Editor of the REPUBLICAN. What we want is light, light from where it always comes, the East, the sun rise. And here it is, not from a man living five hundred miles, more or less, from the field of dispute nor from a prejudiced and warped Republican, but from a clear minded Fusionist himself, and living right in the midst of the strife, and therefore ought to know whereof he writes. This man was elected on the Fusion ticket. Hear him. E. Sprout, in an open letter, says:

"Though I was elected on an opposition ticket, and intended to support the regular nominees of my party, yet when the members are counted out on pretenses which are totally false, or exist, at least, only in the malicious ignorance of the perpetrators; when such advantages were taken by the constituted authorities, so that returns were cast out from this very cause; when some laws were strictly enforced, and others on the same subject were nullified, by which these trivial errors could have been readily corrected; when five of our largest cities, containing one seventh of our population and one-fourth of our wealth, were disfranchised, and many smaller towns treated even worse by being compelled to be represented by those whom they had once repudiated at the polls; when no longer can a man with one drop of blood of a Revolutionary father in his veins, and his favor and much less his influence, to support in aid of such systematic villany."

Again, read what John Quincy Adams, a prominent Democrat of Massachusetts, says, as reported in the New York World of Dec. 29th: "I have made no careful examination of the law, and do not know whether Governor Garcelon was acting legally or not. But I know that he is acting stupidly. He and his associates have made a miserable blunder in counting out a decided Republican majority on mere technical points. The Governor was bound to execute the spirit of the law rather than the letter. Had he done that, he would have satisfied the people of his State without distinction of party and his own conscience. As it is, he has made a fatal mistake—a sad blunder—one that will have an injurious effect upon the political party to which he belongs."

They had better decline to take their seats, or at least to resign them, when convinced that their opponent obtained more votes at the polls than they did. That would be the fair and manly course to pursue, and justice would then be done, even if the strict letter of the law was not complied with. If I had been a candidate, and received a certificate of election to the Legislature when I was certain that my opponent obtained more votes than myself, I would snuff out my hand off than take the proffered seat. I should feel that I was taking what did not belong to me."

Now as the readers of the Hornet outnumber those of the REPUBLICAN, (in the egotistic brain of its simple editor) many of the former may never see these quotations unless the Hornet publishes them. If it really wants to give light, it will. We shall see.

INSTRUCTED.

Hammonton, Jan. 2d, 1880.

A Woman's Opinion.

The following is an extract from a letter recently written by a Maine woman to the Hon. James G. Blaine, and which was handed to us with a request that we give it room in our columns:

Hon James G. Blaine,

DEAR SIR: I venture to address this to you begging that you will not cast it aside, but give it a perusal. We trust that women may have the privilege of addressing Congressmen as much as they have to abide by Congressional laws. The women of Maine are proud of the high moral and patriotic position their Senators have ever taken, when stalwart injustice and crime have menaced the people and the Government, and they feel that he will conscientiously employ his noble talents in defeating the admission to the Union of Utah with its barbarism, its foul disgrace to the nation, its Hydra-headed barotry and outrage upon all civilization. It seems to us the most consummate foolishness when we hear people say, "O, it is a part of their religion and the Constitution tolerates all religions." If that is the spirit and letter of the Constitution then must tolerate human sacrifice whenever the Chinese, the Hindu or other heathens become numerous enough to knock for admission, as that is a part of their religion. The Bedouin Arabs might, colonize here and as plunder and murder is a part of their religion the Constitution and Federal Government would have to allow it! But does the spirit or letter of the Constitution tolerate anything, in any religion, so immoral, so unchristian and so utterly at variance with the government and even the Constitution itself? Can anything in the Constitution or Federal Government be made to support aught in law or religion that is base, heathenish, and an outrage upon the moral sense of the people? To say that the Constitution or Federal Government is powerless in these matters is acknowledging that we have no Government, and amounts to just the same thing as another class affirms, viz.: that the Federal Government has no right to interfere with the butchery and disfranchisement of the colored or white Republicans at the South. Does not the tenor of the Constitution guarantee to every State that its citizens shall be protected in life and property and equal rights, and so leave it with Congress to enforce the power thus given it in upholding law and order, and civil rights, and putting down anarchy, sedition, or the denial to the citizens of any part of the Republic of their civil rights? Of course all these questions have long been settled in your mind; if we are in the dark we hope to be enlightened.

We wish to add a query or two in regard to "civil service," which Democrats, Independents, and the New York Daily and Weekly Witnesses are demanding so furiously that the Republicans carry out, and which everybody knows that the Democrats never did and never will carry out in the least. Please ask Mr. Hayes if he don't think the action of Garcelon and his Council in Maine ought to encourage him to appoint more Democrats to civil service offices. As the Democrats never regard the civil service, will you tell us women away "down east," in the State of Maine, why the Republicans are required so peremptorily to fill these places with Democrats when they have a plenty of men of their own party just as honest and just as well qualified, and who are more in sympathy with the Government than with traitors? If we are true patriots we shall wish success to the party possessing the best platform and principles. But how shall we decide which party has the best platform and principles? By their fruits you shall know them. Haven't the Democrats always affiliated with the priest-ridden foreigner, the rum distiller and seller, the advocate of liquor license, and with the slaveholder—that was, and the treacherous, murder-loving, blood-thirsty Southerner that is? This demand upon the Republican party sounds like the howl of Horace Greeley and his ilk for universal amnesty and universal suffrage when none but the intriguing, the malevolent and foolish count fail to see the dire consequences of reinstating traitors, who had never kept any promise with the Government, in full political power. Is it indeed sin in the Republicans when in power, to appoint to said service men who aid Government rather than those who would upset it to place themselves in power, and when there, have made a general sweep of Republicans even to one limb and maimed soldiers if of the federal army?

TEMPERANCE.

We have received several numbers of a neatly printed, well conducted, and interesting sixteen page paper, published in New-York City, by Wm. O. McDowell, proprietor, and edited by C. N. Bovee, at No. 11 Coal and Iron Exchange Building, Courtlandt St. It is full of good things, and begets a good taste for more refining and elevated reading and we wish it success.

In the number for January 3d, it has an interesting article which we give below:

Concerning Drunkenness. A New Method for its Limitation.

While there can be no question concerning the good that resulted from the temperance movement of twenty or thirty years ago, or that the total abstinence societies, and the Washington societies of that time produced most admirable effects, yet, there can be little doubt concerning those who have studied and observed the prevalence of the habit of drinking, that the same methods do not to-day appear to be as effective as they were in their own time. The excessive use of liquor at that time differed in character from that which is so dangerous to-day; and to meet these new conditions requires new methods.

It was considered forty years ago an obligatory rule of hospitality to offer liquor of some kind to every guest; and upon the guest it was equally a binding rule of good breeding to accept. To not do this, whether standing in the relation of either host or guest, was really thought to be such an offence against good breeding as amounted almost to an insult.

The temperance movement of that time, did away with this social necessity, for either offering or receiving liquor, and gave to each party the liberty of refusing without thereby giving offence. It is almost impossible for those whose entrance upon life took place since this reform in the customs of hospitality has existed, to appreciate, or conceive what an important advance it was in social freedom, and individual independence. A faint suggestion as to the strength the custom had, may be gathered now and then, when on some public occasion, a public dinner is given some public man, and no wine is furnished. The outcry raised at such a time can faintly suggest the pressure which was brought on all private occasions, to offer or receive liquor of some kind. Earlier in our history the custom was even stronger than at the time we speak of. JOHN ADAMS, in one of his letters to his wife, speaks of dining with WASHINGTON, then President, and of his apologizing for setting before his guest nothing but some New England rum; on the ground that he felt it a duty to encourage home manufactures.

It is not from our customs of social hospitality that the excessive use of liquor comes to-day. The individual can act in this matter just as he thinks best, giving no offence. It is the drinking in saloons that sustains our cross of drunkards. To the social observer, the steady, yearly increase in the number of these saloons is alarming. For not only are they getting so abundant in all our towns and cities, that the constant suggestion for drink must induce thousands, who without this would not indulge; but their growing numbers suggest a worse danger; the advent of a solidly organized liquor interest in our politics. Any suggested reform must be able to cope with this new power,

which is so rapidly becoming conscious of its political value.

Prohibition is unable to contend with this, as can be plainly seen by its attempted application in Maine. The country's experience with this proposed method of reform, shows that to rely upon it is worse than trusting to a broken reed.

There is, however, a method which has succeeded wherever it has been tried, and which, from the town at Gothenburg, in Sweden, in which it originated, is known as the Gothenburg method. The foundation of this method is to destroy all private profit in the sale of liquor. The community assumes the control of the whole business, and carries it on in the interest of sobriety and moderation, instead of allowing it to be carried on, as it is now.

In Gothenburg, a city of 70,000 inhabitants, it has been in force twelve years, and has diminished drunkenness, according to the police reports, one-half. So successful has the method proved there, that Stockholm, with a population of 140,000, has voted to introduce it; so recently, however, that we have no reports of its results. It is proposed to introduce it in England, and the matter has been brought before Parliament. The town council of Birmingham has voted unanimously for its adoption; Liverpool has commenced to discuss it; The Contemporary Review printed last August an excellent article in its favor; and the readers of *Thoughts and Events* should have their minds directed to it, as the most competent method suggested as yet, to limit and control the evil of the excessive use of liquor. E. H.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of writs of fieri facias, to me directed, issued out of the New Jersey Supreme Court and Atlantic Circuit Court, will be sold at public vendue, on

Saturday January 31st, 1880, AT TWO O'CLOCK in the afternoon of said day, at the Hammonton House, in Hammonton, all that certain tract or parcel of land situated in the town of Hammonton, in the county of Atlantic and State of New Jersey bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the centre of the Egg Harbor road corner to land formerly owned by one H. A. Andrews; thence following said Andrews west line north 40 degrees 26 minutes, east fifty eight perches and three feet to a point in said line; thence (2) north 49 degrees 34 minutes, west eleven perches to a point; thence (3) south 40 degrees 26 minutes, west fifty-eight (58) perches three feet to the centre of said Egg Harbor road; thence (4) along the centre of said road south 49 degrees 34 minutes, east eleven perches to the place of beginning, containing four acres strict measure, being part of the same lot conveyed to the present grantor by Joseph S. Reed and wife by indenture bearing date 22d day of May, 1873, and recorded in the office of the County Clerk at May's Landing, in book 44 page 581, &c.

Also all that certain tract or parcel of land situated in the town of Hammonton, county of Atlantic and State of New Jersey bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the middle of Egg Harbor road at the distance of twenty seven and 8/100 perches southeast of the easterly line of H. J. Stephens' land (now owned by The Third St. Park Association); thence extending (1) north forty degrees twenty six minutes, east seventy and 93/100 perches to a point; thence (2) south seventy two degrees and sixteen minutes twenty-two 100ths perches to a point; thence (3) south forty degrees and twenty-six minutes, west twenty-one and 56/100ths perches to the middle of Egg Harbor road; thence (4) along the middle of said road north forty-nine degrees and 1/100th perches to a point; thence (5) north forty-nine degrees and 1/100th perches to the place of beginning, containing one acre of land strict measure, being the same tract of land that Michael G. Landi and wife conveyed to Horatio M. Andrews by deed dated May the 10th, 1860, and is recorded in the Clerk's office of the county of Atlantic, N. J. in book P of deeds, folio 140, &c.

Also, all that certain piece, parcel, lot or tract of land situate, lying and being in the town of Hammonton, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the centre of Egg Harbor road at the southeast corner of Pressey's land, formerly owned by H. A. Andrews; thence extending along said land north 40 degrees 26 minutes, east twenty nine 86/100ths rods to one Brett's land; thence (2) along Brett's line south 72 degrees 10 minutes, east two 74/100ths rods to a corner in same; thence (3) still along said Brett's line north 17 degrees 44 minutes, east six 30/100ths rods to Earle's line; thence (4) along Earle's line south 72 degrees 16 minutes, east thirteen rods to a corner in said line; thence (5) in a southerly direction in the stream or lake (as shown by a map hereto affixed) to a point, said point being twenty-two rods from the centre of Egg Harbor road aforesaid; thence (6) north 49 degrees 34 minutes, west twenty-two rods to a line, said line being one and half of one rod easterly of the land deeded to one Fisher; thence south 40 degrees 26 minutes, west twenty two rods to the Egg Harbor road aforesaid; thence (7) along the same road 40 degrees 34 minutes, west six and half of one rods to the place of beginning, containing eleven acres and one hundred and forty-seven rods of land be the same more or less.

Sold as the property of The Hammonton Park Association, taken in execution at the suit of Sundry Plaintiffs, and to be sold by M. V. B. MOORE, Sheriff.

Dated Nov. 28th, 1879. P's Fee \$12.85.

It is estimated that 50,000 men and women are employed in Philadelphia in the manufacture of clothing, and 20,000 suits are made there every year.

The Republican.

E. E. Bowles M. D., Editor & Prop'r.
H. C. Dole, Associate Editor.
HAMMONTON, ATLANTIC CO., N. J.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1880.

THE REPUBLICAN has been entered in the Post Office Department, as Second Class Matter, in accordance with the Postal Laws and Regulations.

Thomas Garcelon was elected Governor of Maine by a large majority, but he has been elected himself a large majority by a large majority.

Alonso Garcelon was a stranger, and we took him in. Then he took us in. The difference lies in the motives—we were honest about it.—Portland Press.

The Governor of Alabama, on Tuesday, appointed John P. Fry as Attorney General, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Houston. Mr. Fry was the law partner of Senator Houston and has never held office before. The Legislature will elect a Senator next November.

Nearly four thousand miles of railroad were opened in the United States during the past twelve months, the exact figures being 3,333. This is a record which has not been equaled since 1873, the year in which the Hudson river and the Troy and Saratoga roads were opened.

Gen. James A. Garfield is to be the next United States Senator from Ohio, in the place of Senator Thurman. There is no question as to his eminent fitness and qualifications for the dignity to be conferred upon him, but the House will sustain a loss by the operation that it will not be easy to replace. Gen. Garfield was the Republican leader in the House, and he had shown more than ordinary ability for the position that has not been really filled since the promotion of Senator Blaine. In the Senate he will prove an able debater and a staunch upholder of Republican principles, but his influence will not be as powerful as it has been in the lower branch of Congress, yet we can still depend upon him to make himself felt by his opponents in his strict adherence to the firm Republican principles of truth and honesty.

Ex-Congressman Eugene Hale says: "While I found everywhere I went great enthusiasm for Mr. Blaine, and have no hesitancy in saying that I believe he will receive the solid vote of every State with possibly one or two exceptions—west of Ohio in the National Convention. I think he is one of the New England States, and will have many friends from the middle States. General Grant, every one knows, is loved and honored for his invaluable services to the country; but I believe to-day that Senator Blaine will make the stronger candidate of the two. There are many who, while admiring General Grant, would not vote for him for a third term. Mr. Blaine's record is clear, and if he is nominated he will command the full strength of the party."

The contest for the speakership of the next House of Assembly appears to have settled down to Messrs. Van Dune and Aldrich, although the names of Messrs. Patterson, Voorhees, Stiles and Vernon are used in this connection and each is identified with some strength. Either Mr. Van Dune or Mr. Aldrich would fill the office acceptably, but the people of Essex, and of the northern section of the State generally, would be especially gratified in the selection of the former. As our readers are aware, Mr. Van Dune made a notably excellent record last Winter, not only concerning local affairs, but in general legislation. His personal characteristics are such as to especially fit him for the responsible duties of the Speakership, and he would guide the House through the difficult duties it will be called upon to perform with more than usual success.—Sentinel of Freedom.

A pleasant anecdote of Mr. Ralph Waldo Emerson was related by a lady in Meadville, Penn., the other day, and is reported by the Index of that town. When Mr. Emerson was travelling in Egypt with his daughter they met an Englishman who did all in his power to make it pleasant for them, and when the time came for their separation said: "You may wonder, sir, at my having overstepped my usual reserve so far as to become so intimate with you, but it is for the sake of a countryman of yours, one heard of some time ago, named Emerson—Ralph Waldo Emerson. He has done much good, and I hope some time to cross the ocean to meet him." And Mr. Emerson never told him it was himself who sought.

The Affair in Maine.

The Legislature of Maine met on Wednesday, and completed a bogus organization, every step of which was opposed in the lower house by Mr. Hale, who acted for the Republicans in working to prevent the stupendous outrage which the Fusionists were determined to carry out. James D. Sampson was elected President of the Senate, though under protest of the Republicans that "the election was not by legally elected members of the Senate." In the House, although no quorum was present, owing to the Republicans and two or three of the Fusionists not answering to the roll call, yet they proceeded with the utmost audacity to elect John C. Talbot Speaker by 72 votes. During the further proceedings of the House there were disgraceful scenes of noise and confusion the like of which has never before been known in steady old New England. It seems that it was predetermined on the part of the miserable thieves there, to organize the Legislature under any circumstances, and the event proves that there is no political fraud and thievery too far from them to stoop to the accomplishing of their base ends. The whole country now cannot fail to see the depth of disgrace to which the Democratic party in Maine has fallen, and the results of their pretty policy will appear before the close of 1880, in the great addition made to the popular vote that will be cast for the Republican Presidential candidate next fall. Garcelon submitted the disputed questions to the Supreme Court, and the Supreme Court unanimously decided against him in every particular although it is made up of men from both parties. Now Garcelon, entirely ignoring the decision of the highest State tribunal, has pursued to the end, the path of a grant dishonesty in which he first started. Regardless of Constitution or law, he has recklessly plunged himself into a pit of corruption—the stain of which he will never be able to clear himself in the eyes of the people. The Democrats of Maine have put their foot in it and the Democracy of the United States will suffer in consequence. In the petty, dishonest attempt of the party in one State to gain a little step, they will lose immeasurably in the grand contest for President, toward which all these things tend.

The sixty Republican members of the Legislature, who at first refused to take any part in the proceedings, finding that the Fusionists were going ahead at any cost, quorum or no quorum, legally or illegally, have presented themselves for qualification, thinking they could better serve their constituents by taking their seats than by giving the conspirators undisturbed possession of the government. It is believed that the Republicans will test the legality of the organization of the House before the Supreme Court, though Garcelon and his minions seem to have very little regard for the decisions of that tribunal at the prime movers.

Let us take a look at the prime movers in the rascally game, and see what kind of men they are. Garcelon is a renegade Republican. John D. Lamson, President of the Senate, and ex-Officer, Governor until the Legislature shall elect a Governor, is a renegade Republican. John C. Talbot, a elected Speaker of the revolutionary House, is a renegade Republican. The most pronounced supporters of the outrage are also, with only a few exceptions, renegade Republicans. They are, of course, new, and have been for some time, Democrats; but originally, and unswerving, members of the Republican party, they acted with that party. Here you have the whole story of their obstinacy in the course they have taken. Does it not wear a pretty aspect?

General News.

The bell punch netted \$3,755 to Texas in one month.

Dan Rice has turned temperance lecturer on his own hire.

The Texas and Pacific Railway, 750 miles long, is to be built at once.

Seven machines in Pittsburgh produced last year 1,063,745 kegs of nails.

The production of coal in the year 1879 reached 25,000,000 tons.

Over one thousand cheese factories are operated in the State of New York.

Milwaukee made 750,000 barrels of flour year, being an increase of 200,000 barrels over 1878.

Pittsburg iron workers are happy over the discovery that every iron mill in that region is in full blast.

The New York World says that "no respectable Democratic paper defends the action of Governor Garcelon and the council."

The losses by fire in the United States for the year 1879 amounted to about \$30,000,000, almost as much as the interest on the national debt.

For the first time in many months the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company are paying their employees in cash, instead of scrip.

The American demand for British iron has diminished recently. One year ago 251 furnaces in America were in operation; now 87 are running.

A little boy starved to death, at Pittsburg, in consequence of a throat disease that prevented his swallowing anything. He lived four weeks without eating or drinking. His appeals for food were pitiful in the extreme.

John Wesley's chapel in Finsbury square, London, built by him in 1773, was burned down on Dec. 7. It was regarded by "the connection" in all parts of the world almost as a shrine, and visited by hundreds from Australia and the United States.

There are now, it is said, in the five great States, generally known as the cotton States of the South, seven million acres of unimproved, unoccupied lands, which are open to preemption and occupation by any citizen of the United States.

Miss Mary Madden, of Mount Holly, took the black veil at the convent of the Ursulines, at Melrose, N. Y., last week. She received the name of Sister M. Plux.

In Leadville, waiting on the tables at the Grand Hotel, is an ex-member of the New Jersey Legislature, and his letters are still addressed with the "Hon." prefix.

State Gazette: New Jersey has a full quartet of Democratic Presidential aspirants, consisting of ex-Governors Parker and Belle, Governor McClellan and Senator Randolph.

Vincennes Journal: The number of new buildings erected this fall in Vincennes has been unprecedented for a number of years, and it is probable that the activity in this direction will be still greater in the spring.

Red Bank, Monmouth County, was visited by a destructive fire last week, the total losses by which foot up about \$35,000, pretty fully insured. Anthony Reckless, President of the Long Branch Railroad, is the principle loser.

According to the statistics published by the New Jersey Sanitary Association, Philadelphia has the lowest death rate of any New Jersey town containing over 5,000 inhabitants. Morristown and Jersey City also have low rates. Hoboken has the highest death rate of any city in the State.

The Sussex Independent says: "They have been introducing another new style of scabbard down in South Jersey, and might be a good thing for the churches up here in Sussex, should they adopt it as a means of making money. It is called the 'lap' scabbard, the 'feller' holding his girl the longest time she can take. Who will start it?"

The "trotting" boys in Warwick & Stanger's window-glass manufactory, at Glassboro, are getting ready for an advance of \$3 a month in wages. All the blowers were compelled to stop work for a few days, the difficulty being then overcome by compromise, the boys accepting an advance of four dollars.

During the month of December, 1879, the Camden Post-office letter carriers delivered 89,543 mailed letters, 14,086 postal cards, 5332 drop letters, 3940 postal cards, 27,598 newspapers. They also collected 24,901 mail letters, 3532 drop letters, 6602 postal cards, 5854 newspapers. Total, 177,376.

Legislation: who at first refused to take any part in the proceedings, finding that the Fusionists were going ahead at any cost, quorum or no quorum, legally or illegally, have presented themselves for qualification, thinking they could better serve their constituents by taking their seats than by giving the conspirators undisturbed possession of the government.

It is believed that the Republicans will test the legality of the organization of the House before the Supreme Court, though Garcelon and his minions seem to have very little regard for the decisions of that tribunal at the prime movers.

Let us take a look at the prime movers in the rascally game, and see what kind of men they are. Garcelon is a renegade Republican. John D. Lamson, President of the Senate, and ex-Officer, Governor until the Legislature shall elect a Governor, is a renegade Republican. John C. Talbot, a elected Speaker of the revolutionary House, is a renegade Republican. The most pronounced supporters of the outrage are also, with only a few exceptions, renegade Republicans. They are, of course, new, and have been for some time, Democrats; but originally, and unswerving, members of the Republican party, they acted with that party. Here you have the whole story of their obstinacy in the course they have taken. Does it not wear a pretty aspect?

General News.

The bell punch netted \$3,755 to Texas in one month.

Dan Rice has turned temperance lecturer on his own hire.

The Texas and Pacific Railway, 750 miles long, is to be built at once.

Seven machines in Pittsburgh produced last year 1,063,745 kegs of nails.

The production of coal in the year 1879 reached 25,000,000 tons.

Over one thousand cheese factories are operated in the State of New York.

Milwaukee made 750,000 barrels of flour year, being an increase of 200,000 barrels over 1878.

Pittsburg iron workers are happy over the discovery that every iron mill in that region is in full blast.

The New York World says that "no respectable Democratic paper defends the action of Governor Garcelon and the council."

The losses by fire in the United States for the year 1879 amounted to about \$30,000,000, almost as much as the interest on the national debt.

For the first time in many months the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company are paying their employees in cash, instead of scrip.

The American demand for British iron has diminished recently. One year ago 251 furnaces in America were in operation; now 87 are running.

A little boy starved to death, at Pittsburg, in consequence of a throat disease that prevented his swallowing anything. He lived four weeks without eating or drinking. His appeals for food were pitiful in the extreme.

John Wesley's chapel in Finsbury square, London, built by him in 1773, was burned down on Dec. 7. It was regarded by "the connection" in all parts of the world almost as a shrine, and visited by hundreds from Australia and the United States.

There are now, it is said, in the five great States, generally known as the cotton States of the South, seven million acres of unimproved, unoccupied lands, which are open to preemption and occupation by any citizen of the United States.

Vick's Floral Gems.—This work is before us and shows what the country artist is capable of. Instead of getting a cheap thing, the artist can get a very handsome work of 100 pages, and get illustrations on the very best of colored paper, and as a set off to the whole, an elegant Colored Plate that will be a great prize to the artist. Published by JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

Orphan's Court Business.—The following accounts were examined and allowed by the Court: Charles S. Baker, adm'r of Elias Clevy, dec'd; Charlotte Frances and William Ireland, adm'rs of Lewis S. Frances, dec'd; Solina Bates and Henry A. Bates, adm'rs of William Bates, dec'd; Daniel Curran, John Curran and George Curran, ex'rs of George Curran, dec'd. Letters of guardianship were granted to Jeremiah Heston, guard of Sarah E. Heston, a minor, also to Caroline O. Small, guard of O. C. Small, a minor. Six months' salary to be paid to the said Sarah E. Heston, and to the said Caroline O. Small, and to the said O. C. Small, and to the said Jeremiah Heston, and to the said Daniel Curran, and to the said George Curran, and to the said William Bates, and to the said Elias Clevy, and to the said Charlotte Frances, and to the said William Ireland, and to the said Solina Bates, and to the said Henry A. 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FLUID EXTRACT

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A SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR ALL
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to exertion or Business, Shortness of Breath,
Frequent Throats, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Chest, and Head,
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If these symptoms are allowed to go on, very
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follow. When the constitution becomes affected
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— which

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DOES IN EVERY CASE.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU
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By any remedy known. It is prescribed by the
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Constipation,
Aches and Pains,
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Kidney Diseases,
Liver Complaint,
Nervous Debility,
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Nervous Complaints,
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Also a good stock of Ready Made Clothing,

Coats, Pants and Vests.

All which will be sold for Cash, and at the low-
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CASKETS, COFFINS, WITH HANDLES & PLATES,
In every variety, at the lowest cash prices.

Funerals promptly attended to.

Also re-seats Chairs and repairs and renovates Fur-
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intelligently the medium best adapted to any particu-
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thousand newspapers in the United States and Canada,
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Oranges, Lemons, Bananas,
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Beans baked on Saturdays for Sun-
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Rooms 50 cts. to \$2 per day. By the week \$2 and up
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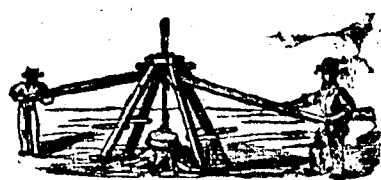
Open All Night.

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Having bought out the stock and taken the
Store lately occupied by E. L. Lovett, I now
offer to the public an extensive stock of Bos-
ton, City, and my own manufacture. Thanks
for past favors, with renewed facilities I solicit
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P. S. Goods made to order, and repairing
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Having reserved the right to manufacture and
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Camden, Burlington, Ocean, Atlantic and Cap-
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NO. 1 MACHINE, \$65.00.
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These Machines are Warranted to be the BEST
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For particulars send for circular.

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Furnished at short notice.

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of work and arrangement of different styles of building.

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Attorney-at-Law

AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
MAY'S LANDING, N. J.

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Insurance.
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Mutual Marine and Fire
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This strong and conservative Company insure
FARM BUILDINGS, LIVE STOCK and
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lowest rates, for the term of
One, Three, Five or Ten years.

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Cargoes and Freight, written on liberal form
of policies, without restrictions as to ports
used, or registered tonnage.

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Promptly Adjusted and Paid
N. STRATTON, President.
F. L. MULFORD, Sec'y

January 15th, 1878.

AGENTS.
J. Alfred Bodine, Williamstown; C. E. P. May-
hew, May's Landing; A. Stebbins, Egg Har-
bor City; Capt. Daniel Walters Absecon; Thos.
E. Morris, Somers' Point; Hon. D. S. Black-
man, Port Republic; Allen T. Leeds, Tuckerton;
Dr. Lewis Reed, Atlantic City; Alfred W.
Clement, Haddonfield, H. M. Jowett, Winslow.

H. E. BOWLES, M. D.,
1-1v
HAMMONTON N. J.

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Fire Insurance Comp ny.

BRIDGETON, N. J.

Conducted on strictly mutual principles, of-
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it may cost to pay losses and expenses. The
proportion of loss to the amount insured being
very small, and expenses much less than usu-
ally had, nothing can be offered more favorably
to the insured. The cost being about ten cents
on the hundred dollar a year to the insured,
on ordinary risks, and from fifteen to twenty per
cent per year on hazardous properties, which is
less than one third of the lowest rates charged by
stock companies, on such risks—the other two
thirds taken by stock companies being a prob-
able return to stockholders, or consumed in ex-
penses of the companies.

The guarantee fund of premium notes being
now Three Millions of Dollars.

If an assessment had to be made of five per
cent, only, twice within the ten years for which
the policy is issued, it would yet be cheaper to
the members than any other insurance offered.
And that large amount of money is saved to
the members and kept at home. No assess-
ment having ever been made, being now more
than thirty years, that saving would amount to
more than

One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars

The Losses by Lightning.
Where the property is not set on fire, being
less than one cent per year to each member,
are paid without extra charge, and extended so
as to cover all policies that are issued and out-
standing.

BENJAMIN SHEPPARD, President.

HENRY B. LUPTON, Secretary.

AGENTS & SURVEYORS.

GEO. W. PRESSEY, Hammonton, N. J.
GEO. W. SAWYER, Tuckerton, N. J.
A. L. ISZARD, May Landing, N. J.

LONDON NURSERY.

JAPANESE PERSIMMON TREES 4 ft to
6 ft in 12 choicest kinds. Dried specimen fruit
received last season from Japan would when
fresh from the tree, have weighed 16 ozs. with
the flavor of a rich Smyrna fig.

Should these, like the shrubs and Superb
evergreens introduced from Japan, prove hardy
as authorities have already pronounced them
to be, we may look forward in this instance to
an acquisition of the highest commercial im-
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NEW PEAR.
Triomphe de Lyons, a late variety whose
fruit is the largest known.

Also large general stock of fruit, shade,
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greenhouse plants, all of which will be sold
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Hammonton, N. J.

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OLDER AND PURE CIDER VINEGAR

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Vegetables in Season.

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Prices less than half city prices, for the
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Wood, chickens, and all kinds of farm pro-
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an extra fine lot, many of the Central. I
have also many views of Hammonton, such as
the Lake, Steamboat, Fair House, Par-
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price of TEN CENTS each, or \$1.00 a dozen.
Orders by mail promptly filled, postage paid
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They are just the thing for a CHRISTMAS
PRESENT.

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Stations.	H. A. A. A. M. F. S. A.
Philadelphia.....	8 10 8 00 8 00
Cooper's Point.....	8 15 8 15 8 00
Penn. R. R. Junc.....	8 22 8 22 8 15
Haddonfield.....	8 38 8 38 8 30
Ashland.....	8 47 8 47 8 39
Kirkwood.....	8 52 8 52 8 46
Berlin.....	8 57 8 57 8 50
Atco.....	9 04 9 04 9 00
Waterford.....	9 12 9 12 9 04
Ancora.....	9 20 9 20 9 12
Winslow Junc.....	9 25 9 25 9 17
Hammonton.....	9 30 9 30 9 20
Da Costa.....	9 35 9 35 9 25
Elwood.....	9 40 9 40 9 30
Egg Harbor.....	9 45 9 45 9 35
Pomona.....	9 50 9 50 9 40
Absecon.....	9 55 9 55 9 45
Atlantic.....	10 00 10 00 9 50
May's Landing.....	10 05 10 05 9 55

UP TRAINS.

Stations.	H. A. A. A. M. F. S. A.
Philadelphia.....	7 30 7 30 7 20
Cooper's Point.....	7 40 7 40 7 30
Penn. R. R. Junc.....	7 50 7 50 7 40
Haddonfield.....	8 05 8 05 7 55
Ashland.....	8 15 8 15 8 05
Kirkwood.....	8 25 8 25 8 15
Berlin.....	8 35 8 35 8 25
Atco.....	8 45 8 45 8 35
Waterford.....	8 55 8 55 8 45
Ancora.....	9 05 9 05 8 55
Winslow Junc.....	9 15 9 15 9 05
Hammonton.....	9 25 9 25 9 15
Da Costa.....	9 35 9 35 9 25
Elwood.....	9 45 9 45 9 35
Egg Harbor.....	9 55 9 55 9 45
Pomona.....	10 05 10 05 9 55
Absecon.....	10 15 10 15 10 05
Atlantic.....	10 25 10 25 10 15
May's Landing.....	10 35 10 35 10 25