

The Hammonton Item.

Devoted to the Interests of Hammonton.

VOL III.-NO. 34.

HAMMONTON, N. J., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1874

\$2.00 PER YEAR

Insurance.
MILLVILLE
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
MILLVILLE, N. J.
Assets May 1, 1873, as follows:
PREMIUM NOTES, \$928,960
CASH ASSETS, 145,225
TOTAL, \$1,074,185
Insurance office on the

Term of TEN Years
AGAINST LOSS BY
Fire and Lightning;
And for one and three year term when desired.
The Premium Notes required by this Company, are but one half as large as other Mutual Companies in this District, while the Cash Payment, is the same.
Fire Buildings and Contents
will be insured at the very lowest rates.
All losses are promptly paid.
NATHANIEL STRATTON, President.
FURMAN L. MULFORD, Secretary.
FRANCIS REEVES, Treasurer.

AGENTS.
J. Alfred Bodine, Williamstown; C. E. P. May, May's Landing; A. Stephens, Egg Harbor City; Capt. Daniel Walters Ableson; Thos. E. Morris, Somers Point; Hon. D. S. Blackman, Port Republic; Allen T. Leeds, Tuckerton; Dr. Lewis Reed, Atlantic City; Alfred W. Clement, Haddonfield; H. M. Jewett, Winslow.
H. E. BOWLES, H. D.,
31-14 HAMMONTON, N. J.

The Cheapest
AND
The Best!
Life Insurance at Actual Cost
THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CHICAGO, invites the attention of those contemplating insuring their lives to its **Mutual or Reciprocal**

PLAN, which enables even the poorest man to provide for his family in case of death, without depriving them of the necessities of life, as do many who endeavor to pay the high premiums of old life companies, who charge for Assurances as heavy as lead for extravagant expenses. On this plan you only pay for the cash value actually experienced, and as they occur, with a small fixed sum for expenses. Call on the agent for circular fully explaining this system.
The Practical Results!
Since its organization, in 1870, the NATIONAL has paid in death losses \$57,760, at a cost to the deceased of \$791,000 in premiums. Old Life Companies would have paid, on the same premiums \$21,221, showing a gain by insuring in the NATIONAL of over \$36,539.
The Capital and Securities of this Company are sufficient to comply with the Insurance Laws of any State in the Union.
H. E. BOWLES, President.
Agent for Atlantic County, New Jersey.

GERMANIA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 781 Broad St.,
NEWARK, N. J.
This Company insures against loss or damage by fire upon all descriptions of insurable property—buildings, furniture and merchandise—at rates as low as consistent with safety.
OFFICERS:
JAMES M. PATERNON, President.
AULIUS B. BROCK, Secretary.
L. L. PLATT,
Agent for Hammonton and Vicinity.
INSURE IN THE

Co-Operative Mutual
LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF THE
County of Lancaster, Pa.
The Best and Cheapest Life Insurance in the World.
Yearly income and provision in case of death.
S. E. TAYLOR, Mutual, CHARTERED, PRESIDENT.
J. W. H. FIDMA, Vice President.
Hammonton, N. J.

Local Advertisements
HAMMONTON
HARDWARE
STORE
AND
FURNITURE DEPOT.

The subscribers keep constantly on hand a general assortment of goods in their line, comprising nearly everything usually called for in a country Hardware or Furniture Store.
We propose hereafter to sell our goods at the lowest Cash Prices, and to enable us to do so, we must sell for ready pay. Thankful for past favors,

we solicit a continuance of the same liberal patronage that we have had in the past.
M. D. & J. W. DePuy.
Jan. 3, 1873.

1000 Acres
CHOICE

Cranberry Lands

Situate near
ATSIION STATION
In the
TOWN OF HAMMONTON,

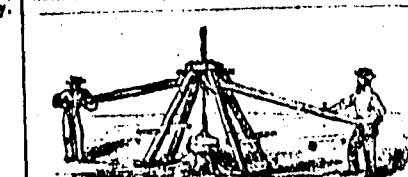
and adjoining the land of the
Hammonton Cranberry and Improvement Association.

These lands are among the **Best in the State.** having all facilities for

Flooding and Draining, are easily and cheaply cleared and **ADMIRABLY LOCATED,**

for COMPANY or INDIVIDUAL PURCHASERS.
Lands shown free of expense and all information given by
G. F. MILLER.
BELLEVUE AVE., HAMMONTON, N. J.

Richard's "Cranberry and its Culture" sent free on receipt of



PIONEER STUMP PULLER

Having reserved the right to manufacture and sell this Favorite Machine in the counties of Camden, Burlington, Ocean, Atlantic and Cape May, I hereby give notice that I am prepared to fill orders at following rates:

NO 1 MACHINE, \$65.00.
NO 2 " " \$55.00.
These Machines are warranted to be the BEST in the market.

For particulars send for circular.
G. W. PRESSEY,
Hammonton, N. J. Inventor & Manufacturer.

GEO. W. PRESSEY
AGENT FOR THE
CUMBERLAND
Fire Insurance Co.
Hammonton, N. J.

GRAND JOHN BROWN SONG.

Enclosed I send some lines written, it is said, by a nephew of Bishop Brownwell, of Hartford. They were published early in the war, and are, as you will see, a fine graft upon the old "sour apple tree." The idea of the old hero, as a spectre form hovering above the battle-field and leading on the charge, is very fine. I hope you will think it worth while to give them a place in your columns, for they well deserve a place beside Mrs. Howe's grand battle hymn.
Yours, respectfully,
G. W. P.
Newton Centre, Aug. 4.
Boston Transcript.

John Brown's body lies mouldering in the grave,
John Brown's body lies mouldering in the grave,
But John Brown's soul is marching with the brave,
His soul is marching on!
Glory, glory, Hallelujah, etc.
He has gone to be a soldier in the army of the Lord,
He is sworn in as a private in the ranks of the Lord,
He shall stand at Armageddon with his brave old sword,
When men are marching on!
Glory, glory, Hallelujah.
He shall file in front when the lines of battle form,
He shall face to front when the squares of battle form,
Time to be column, and charge with the storm!
When men are marching on!
Glory, glory, Hallelujah.
He! foul traitors, do you see him when he comes?
He! black traitors, do you hear him when he comes!
In the thunder of the cannon and the roll of the drums!
When men are marching on!
Glory, glory, Hallelujah.
Men may die and moulder in the dust,
Men may die and turn again to dust,
But John Brown's soul is forever with the just;
His soul is marching on!
Glory, glory, Hallelujah.

Reform Democracy.

Wherever the Democracy got into power under the cry of reform and economy, they soon gave the lie to their professions and show by their conduct that their practices are as hollow as their policies are depraved. It is so in New Hampshire and Missouri, and notably in Connecticut, the legislature of which State has recently adjourned after electing W. W. Eaton, one of the most renowned copperheads of the warperiod, to the Senate of the United States. This act alone should stamp the party with the ineffable mark of disgrace. It illustrates the truth of the charge that the old virus of treason and disloyalty still courses through the veins of the party, and it permitted to extend itself would poison the entire body politic of the country. The result of the triumph of Democracy in Connecticut, especially in the legislature, has been such that the people of that State will not be anxious to try the experiment of investing it with power again very soon. No wholesome laws were enacted during the session; but on the contrary, two registry laws were changed in the interest of fraudulent voting, unexceptionable officers were displaced by ring politicians, gerrymandering was tried where it promised partisan success, local self-government was disregarded, and the agricultural interests of the State shamefully ignored. Though the farmers asked for special laws calculated to promote their interests, the only legislation they secured was an act authorizing towns to give bounty of \$5 on each fox killed; the railroad obtained all they wanted, for they bought up the legislature with free passes, and the miserable tools of those rich corporations, on the last day of the session by a trick passed the act passed two years previously, to protect farmers principally, requiring the railroads to leave all lands adjoining their tracks. The New Haven Palladium sums up the general character of the legislation of the session, in the following words: "The registry law was repealed, avowedly in the interest of partisanship, and in violation of the pledges given by the majority of the Democratic press before election. The right of the cities of the state to govern themselves was contemptuously ignored, in spite of the protests of Democratic members who believed in Democratic principles. In a word, except in the conception of partisan schemes, the Demo-

cratic and reform Legislature of 1874 has shown itself the most incompetent body that ever assembled in Connecticut; and even in its partisanship it blundered egregiously, that the most intelligent Democrats are now already ashamed of the work in which they were compelled to share." If Democracy take as a law-making agency, it has a happy faculty of voting away the people's money. A large number of hangers-on about the capitol were voted appropriations for work they had not performed. A pen and ink sketch of the plan of the sears of the house, the execution of which required about three days' time, was paid for by the liberal appropriation of \$150. It was a petty steal, but characteristic. The reporters, who were paid for their services by their employers, were voted \$200 each—a gross steal of \$4,500. And so it went—all who had claims, and many who had none at all, were allowed to run their hands into the public treasury and bring out as much of the people's money as it was prudent to allow them to carry off. Democracy thus illustrated its old time belief in the divine right of the party to plunder at will. The session of the legislature was one of the longest on record; and in consequence of the generosity of the railroad companies in granting free passes, so many of the members absented themselves that the house was more than two thirds of the time without a quorum!

GEN. BUTLER'S RIVAL.—The Boston Journal of Monday says: "Gen. Butler will soon be obliged to take his coat-off and look after the chances of his re-election in the Sixth District. A formidable opposition has developed itself, and Gen. William Cogswell is the chosen champion of those who do not propose to accept the present situation. We understand that Gen. Cogswell has consented to run, and his friends will seek to secure him the nomination of the Republican Convention. The many claims of the new candidate will rally to his support—hundreds who have not taken much active part in politics for some time, while not a few of the friends of Gen. Butler who have been active in his behalf are ready, it is stated, to go in for Gen. Cogswell with a rush."

It has been ascertained from a reliable source that Spain, instead of carrying into effect the understanding of the Fish-Lolo protocol—namely to investigate the conduct of those of its authorities who have intruded on the Spanish laws or treaty obligations, and to punish those who may have offended—has made a demand of indemnity in the affair of the Virginius, and for other alleged wrongs suffered by Spain, owing to the expeditions fitted out in this country and landing or attempting to land men munitions of war on the Spanish-American coast. To this demand our Government has replied in firm but courteous terms, asserting the untenableness of the position of the Spanish Government, and reminding it of the remissness or the inexcusable delay in making reparation for the wrongs suffered by American citizens, in person and property. The latest information from Minister Cushing is that he is still pressing our demands on Spain. It seems certain the clause in the protocol providing that reciprocal reclamations shall be the subject of consideration between the two Governments will not end satisfactorily, in which case it will become the subject of arbitration, as per agreement, providing the constitutional assent of the Senate of the United States shall be given to it.

DEMOCRATIC RULE.—That New Hampshire experienced the usual results in submitting itself to Democratic control is well shown by a brief summary up in the Concord Monitor, which says: "They announced a short session; they made it one of the long at ever held. They declared a purpose to legislate for the people, they legislated for themselves only. They made great professions of economy; it would require a more powerful microscope than any yet invented to discover any exhibition of this quality. They professed a regard for civil service; they have illustrated that regard by a general removal of its publican office-holders on partisan grounds wholly, not sparing even the Judges on the bench."

That "Party of the Future."

There is no use passing resolutions that the Democratic party is a party of the future, nor of the past, unless the name be dropped. An individual does not deny his past history because of the good deeds it contains, but because it is a record of bad ones. If the Democratic Party of this country, with the brilliant opportunities it has had for the accomplishment of grand achievements, has created such a record that the leaders wish it might be turned to ashes and forgotten, what right or reason have they to speak of the future of the party in such glowing terms? The past is so full of plunders and crimes as to shroud the present, and make the leaders declare the party a party of the future and not of the past. This is not only an attempt to conceal a dishonorable record, but it betrays a guilty purpose. It is not a frank and open confession of an ill-spent life coupled with a sincere promise of reform.

A had yet ambitious man, when asking his fellow-citizens to trust him in an important position, would be strongly inclined to hide his past history. This is just what the Democracy are doing when they resolve themselves to be a party of the future and not of the past. On the other hand, a good man, when asked to fill a place of trust, has the right to call the attention of his fellow-citizens to an honorable record as the best possible indication as to what they would have a right to expect of him in a new and still more responsible position than he had before occupied. This is just what the Republican party is doing. It points to its acts in asking for a continuance of public confidence. It has a record which is plain, and of which it is proud. It is a party of the present, having well understood views as to the political duty of the day. But the Democracy resolve that they are "a party of the future, not of the past!"

Two years ago the World denounced the "Liberals" as a set of imposters. A few weeks later it declared that they, with the aid of the Democrats, would "sweep the country." A year ago it called them a miserable crowd of imposters. Yesterday it spoke of them as a small but respectable party, destined to "sweep the State"—with aid of the Democrats, as before. The Democratic managers must believe that their cause is a desperate one indeed when they once more go out on their way to implore the help of the faction which injured them so much in 1872. Disgusted with the results of that combination, the Democrats for a long period heaped every kind of abuse on the unlucky Liberator. Now, they are once more beseeching the Liberals to enter into a new alliance with them. What can a party so managed look for but constant defeat and failure?—N. Y. Times.

Some of our readers may remember the exportation to France, in 1845, of a quantity of American vines, an incident which awakened a good deal of interest among vine-growers at the time. It now appears that with these vines, planted in the Department of the Gard, was carried a species of vermin which attacks the roots of the vine, resists all attempts to exterminate it, and has worked serious disaster. In the Vaucluse, where 70,000 acres of land were formerly covered with vine, nine-tenths of the vineyards have been destroyed. The insect, which is called the phylloxera, has appeared in the Charentes and Beaujolais, and throughout Burgundy. The French Assembly, just before its adjournment, voted a reward of \$60,000 to the discoverer of a cheap and practical means of destroying this pest. A few years ago a similar reward, we believe, led to the study of a parasite effecting the silk-worm and to the invention of a preventive for its ravages. Practical science now has an opportunity for a new triumph. It may be added that the obstinate American vines are not hurt by the insect, on account of their hardness.

Tuesday was the day for opening the oyster trade in Philadelphia. For three months oyster could not be legally sold there. They have been sold all summer more or less, but the removal of the legal restraint, was an occasion for rejoicing among the oyster men.

Miscellaneous Advertisements

C. M. Englehart & Son.



Watchmakers and Jewellers
251 North Second Street,
1st door below Vine.

Watches, Jewellery, Silver and Plated Ware,
A SPECIALTY.

Particular attention paid to Masonic Marks and emblems of all kinds.

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses.

EDMONDS, PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,
No. 5 S. EIGHT STREET, PHILA.

Keeps a large assortment of all kinds of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, at the most reasonable prices.

Gold Spectacles and Eye-Glasses
A SPECIALTY

During the holidays, and at less prices than any other Optician in the City.
A fine assortment of Opera-Glasses always on hand.

Notice
TO ALL CONCERNED.

After the 20th of June, 1871,
our terms will be CASH.

Ten years of experience has fully satisfied us that the credit system is injurious to all parties involved. We now reduce everything to a cash basis, and propose to buy and sell for cash or exchange, thus avoiding all loss in bad debts and saving all discounts in buying. We feel confident that by so doing we can give our customers as good goods at less prices than formerly. Our stock is large—larger than usual—and our prices will be made on a cash basis. Any reasonable quantity of goods will be delivered. Freight both of oak and pine, but feet or stove length delivered anywhere within one mile of the station without extra charge. Thankful for past patronage we solicit a continuance of the same in the future.

P. S. TILTON.

HENRY BOWER

Manufacturing Chemist.

GRAY'S FERRY ROAD, PHILA.

has constantly on hand and for sale

POTASH SALT for MANURE.

Sulphate Ammonia for Manure,

ALSO,

SOLE PROPRIETOR & MANUFACTURER OF

BOWER'S

Complete Manure,

MADE FROM

Super-Phosphate of

Lime, Ammonia and Pot.

This Fertilizer is being prepared this

with special reference to the Wheat Crop.

Super-Phosphate of Lime contained in it is of very

high grade, having been imported by the manu-

facturer direct from the land, where the average

crop of wheat is 50 bushels to the acre.

DEPOTS:

39 SOUTH WATER ST., PHILADELPHIA,

123 SOUTH STREET PHILADELPHIA,

for sale by

Geo. Elvins. A. G. Clark

BUY THE BEST!

BUCKEYE

HOWER & SELF-RAKING REAPER

35 GREENWICH ST. N.Y.

MANUFACTURED BY ADRIANCE PLATT & CO

STYLES, SIZES & PRICES. See our CATALOGUE.

Illustrative Circulars forwarded by Mail.

TALMAGE, SPURGEON

T. De Witt Talmage is editor of the

Specialist at W. C. H. Spurgeon,

and other papers in America. Three

magazines are published. Pay larger com-

mission than any other paper. CHRO-

MOSES ALL REDDY, N. Y. Metropolitan

No. 500 Broadway, N. Y. Agent recently

obtained 300 subscriptions in 80 hours

absolute work. Sample copies and cir-

culars sent free.

GENTS WANTED.

W. W. ADAMS, Publisher, 111 Chambers St., N. Y.

Miscellaneous Advertisements

EDWARD NORTH MD.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

HAMMONTON, N. J.

Residence on Central Avenue, in the

house formerly occupied by Dr. Bowles.

AMERICAN POUDETTE.

GENUINE DOUBLE REFINED UNADUL-

TERATED POUDETTE.

HALF THE PRICE OF PHOSPHATES.

Superior for all Spring Crops.

BEST KNOWN FERTILIZER FOR

GRASS and CORN.

UNEQUALLED FOR TOBACCO.

OFFICE:

No. 420 Library Street.

PHILADELPHIA. 13-1y

WATERS' CONCERTO ORGANS

are the most perfect in tone

ever made. A CON-

CERTO STOP is the best

ever placed in any

Organ. It is operated by

an extra set of keys, pe-

culiarly voiced, the

EFFECT OF WHICH IS

most CELESTIAL

STEREING, while the

IMITATION

of the HUMAN

VOICE IS SC-

PERBLY NATURAL.

WATERS' Philharmonic, Vesper

and Orchestral Organs

are the most perfect in tone

ever made, and combine the

best of all instruments in the

world. They are the only

instruments of the kind in

the U. S. and Canada. A liberal

discount is given to

churches, schools, and

educational institutions.

WATERS' New Scale Pianos

have great power and a fine

tone, and all modern improve-

ments. The BEST PIANOS MADE

are the only ones in the

U. S. and Canada. A liberal

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are the only ones in the

U. S. and Canada. A liberal

discount is given to

churches, schools, and

Camden & Atlantic R.R.

ON AND AFTER

Wednesday, October 1st, 1873.

DOWN TRAINS.

| STATION | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Vine St. Wharf | 7 30 | 8 00 | 9 15 | 10 15 |
| Cooper's Point | 7 45 | 8 10 | 9 30 | 10 30 |
| Kaighn's Siding | 8 00 | 8 25 | 9 45 | 10 45 |
| Madisonfield | 8 15 | 8 40 | 10 00 | 11 00 |
| Ashtland | 8 30 | 8 55 | 10 15 | 11 15 |
| White Horse | 8 45 | 9 10 | 10 30 | 11 30 |
| Berlin | 9 00 | 9 25 | 10 45 | 11 45 |
| Atco | 9 15 | 9 40 | 11 00 | 12 00 |
| Waterford | 9 30 | 9 55 | 11 15 | 12 15 |
| Ancora | 9 45 | 10 10 | 11 30 | 12 30 |
| Wineola | 10 00 | 10 25 | 11 45 | 12 45 |
| Vineland Junction | 10 15 | 10 40 | 12 00 | 13 00 |
| Hammononton | 10 30 | 10 55 | 12 15 | 13 15 |
| Da Costa | 10 45 | 11 10 | 12 30 | 13 30 |
| Elwood | 11 00 | 11 25 | 12 45 | 13 45 |
| Egg Harbor | 11 15 | 11 40 | 13 00 | 14 00 |
| Pomona | 11 30 | 11 55 | 13 15 | 14 15 |
| Absecon | 11 45 | 12 10 | 13 30 | 14 30 |
| Atlantic arrive | 12 00 | 12 25 | 13 45 | 14 45 |

UP TRAINS.

| STATION | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Atlantic | 6 10 | 11 40 | 1 55 | 7 55 |
| Absecon | 6 25 | 11 55 | 2 10 | 8 10 |
| Pomona | 6 40 | 12 10 | 2 25 | 8 25 |
| Egg Harbor | 6 55 | 12 25 | 2 40 | 8 40 |
| Elwood | 7 10 | 12 40 | 2 55 | 8 55 |
| Ancora | 7 25 | 12 55 | 3 10 | 9 10 |
| Waterford | 7 40 | 1 10 | 3 25 | 9 25 |
| Vineland Junction | 7 55 | 1 25 | 3 40 | 9 40 |
| Hammononton | 8 10 | 1 40 | 3 55 | 9 55 |
| Da Costa | 8 25 | 1 55 | 4 10 | 10 10 |
| Wineola | 8 40 | 2 10 | 4 25 | 10 25 |
| Atco | 8 55 | 2 25 | 4 40 | 10 40 |
| White Horse | 9 10 | 2 40 | 4 55 | 10 55 |
| Ashtland | 9 25 | 2 55 | 5 10 | 11 10 |
| Madisonfield | 9 40 | 3 10 | 5 25 | 11 25 |
| Kaighn's Siding | 9 55 | 3 25 | 5 40 | 11 40 |
| Cooper's Point | 10 10 | 3 40 | 5 55 | 11 55 |
| Vine St. Wharf | 10 25 | 3 55 | 6 10 | 12 10 |

Haddonfield Accommodation—Leave Vine St.

Wharf 9:00 a. m., 2:00, 5:00 and 11:30 p. m.

and Haddonfield 5:50 and 11:00 a. m. and 5:00

and 10:30 p. m.

N. J. SOUTHERN R. R.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Commencing May 4, 1874.

Leave N. Y. from Pier 8 N. R., foot Rector St.

Train leave New York at 9:40, reaching

Atco at 12:10, North Hammononton 2:25, Wine-

land Junction 2:32, Cedar Lake 2:48, Landisville

2:50, Vineland 3:15, Dayside 4:15. Returning

leaves Atco at 6:20, Vineland 7:15, Landis-

ville 7:28, Cedar Lake 7:40, Wineola Junction

8:00, North Hammononton 8:03, Atco 8:25; ar-

rives in New York 12:30 P. M.

Train leave Sandy Hook at 3:00, reaching

Atco at 7:35, Wineola Junction 8:20, Cedar

Lake 8:50, Landisville 9:05, Vineland 9:13, Day-

side 11:11. Returning, leaves Dayside 2:30,

Vineland 4:50, Landisville 5:10, Cedar Lake

5:25, Wineola Junction 6:05, North Hammon-

onton 6:13, Atco 6:35, reaching New York at

3:30 A. M.

A MEDICAL TRIUMPH!

Dr. D. S. PERRY'S

Vegetable Aromatic

Bitters.

These Bitters must become the universal

remedy of the age. There is nothing like them

or equal to them under the sun. They restore

the weak, invigorate the feeble, and give new

life and tone to the broken down system. In

malarial and malarious districts they are

worth a ship load of quinine powder and pills.

They are especially adapted to persons suffer-

ing from

Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints,

Costiveness, Headach.

Neuralgia, Rheumatism,

Chills, Fever and Piles.

TO DELICATE FEMALES.

Ladies, old or young, will find these bitters es-

pecially adapted to diseases peculiar to their

sex. Nervousness, Lassitude, Want of Appet-

ite, and General Debility, all yield to the magic

charm of these invigorating Bitters.

HEAR WHAT IS SAID.

HEAR WHAT IS SAID.

HEAR WHAT IS SAID.

"Wonderful effects have resulted from your

Dr. Perry's Bitters."

"My child is gone. I can hardly believe it."

"Send me one case Perry's Bitters again.

Nothing like them here."

"I enclose address of my case. I had to do

so because you of the wonderful cure."

"Truly they are the most delightful wine

tonic in the world."

"Dr. Wilson says that you are a public bene-

factor."

"Hurray! No more rheumatism."

"No more headaches, thanks to you."

We could fill this paper twice over with just

such genuine extracts, but the above must suf-