

The Hammonton Item.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF HAMMONTON AND MAKING MONEY.

VOL. II.—NO. 3.

HAMMONTON, N. J., SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1873.

\$2.00 PER YEAR

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Gentlemen of the Senate and General Assembly:

I congratulate you upon assembling to commence the duties of legislation. In entering upon the business of the session we should give thanks to Almighty God for the many blessings He has bestowed upon us, and for the general prosperity He has vouchsafed to our State during the past year.

It is the duty of the Governor to communicate to the Legislature, at the opening of each session, the condition of the State, and to recommend such measures as he may deem expedient.

FINANCES.

Among the important subjects demanding consideration is that of finance, and to this I first direct attention.

The following general statement gives, in consolidated form, the financial transactions of the State during the last fiscal year:

Receipts.	
Agricultural College Fund.....	8,000.00
School Fund (including special school tax).....	1,886,440.23
War Fund.....	376,000.00
State Fund (including Library).....	700,452.21
Balances in Bank to credit of all the Funds, Oct. 31, 1871.....	125,830.75
Total.....	8,845,882.19

Disbursements.	
From Agricultural College Fund.....	6,760.00
From School Fund, including distribution of special school tax.....	1,201,681.72
From War Fund.....	375,710.88
From State Fund, (including Library).....	680,373.24
Balances in Bank to credit of all the Funds, Oct. 31, 1872.....	8101,449.25

In order to legislate intelligently upon financial measures, the sources of revenue and the objects of disbursement of these several funds should be understood.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND.—The income of the Agricultural College Fund is derived from the proceeds of land-scrip donated to New Jersey by Act of Congress of July 2, 1862, for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts. The sum of one hundred and sixteen thousand dollars was obtained by sale of the scrip, and has been invested in State bonds, which are held in trust by the Treasurer. On the fourth day of April, 1864, the Legislature passed an act directing payment of the interest of money resulting from the sale of the land-scrip, to the Trustees of Rutgers' College, to be devoted to maintaining, in the department known as the Scientific School, such courses of instruction as should carry out the intent of the act of Congress. The annual interest thereof, amounting to six thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars, is received by the State Treasurer, and paid by him semi-annually to the Trustees of Rutgers' College for the purpose before designated. It will be observed that the income and disbursements of this fund are and must continue to be the same in amount.

SCHOOL FUND.—In the year 1810, the Legislature first made provision for a School Fund. During that year it amounted to only fifteen thousand dollars, but in the year 1817 it more than doubled, and has since steadily increased until the value of its investments exceed eight hundred thousand dollars. The fund is securely loaned, and by constitutional provision the principal and all appropriations to augment it, shall remain perpetually dedicated to free school education, for the equal benefit of all the people of the State. The securities now belonging to the School Fund are as follows viz:

Receipts.	
From State Tax of 1871.....	3376,000.00
Balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1871.....	2,400.70
Total.....	3378,400.70

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid Commissioners of Sinking Fund	\$271,000.00
Paid Home for Disabled Soldiers.....	49,492.43
Paid Soldiers' Orphan's Home.....	38,078.60
Paid State Military Paid Families of Volunteers.....	17,565.63
Paid Discharged Volunteers.....	331.80
Paid Expenses of Com'tee of F. V. G. at Gettysburg Cemetery.....	175.00
Balances in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....	82,776.82

SINKING FUND.—The act creating the War Fund contemplated a Sinking Fund, but no law authorizing the appointment of commissioners was passed until March 26, 1864. The distinguished gentlemen who were then appointed Commissioners of the Sinking Fund have been continued in office through all subsequent administrations, and for a compensation so small as to be considered almost nominal, as to discharge their responsible duties. These duties have grown an onerous as to require almost constant attention. The investments of money on mortgage are numerous, and great care in investigating title and ascertaining value of the lands offered in security, is required.

At the close of the fiscal year of 1864, there was in the Sinking Fund less than three hundred thousand dollars. On the first day of October, 1872, the securities and money in hand belonging to this fund exceeded a million and a quarter of dollars. The following statement represents the condition of the Sinking Fund at the date last mentioned:

SECURITIES ON HAND.

State Bonds at par.....	5276,400.00
City Bonds at par.....	28,710.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	900,000.00
U. S. Bonds.....	7,000.00
Township and School District Bonds.....	6,000.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	3,500.00
Bank Stock.....	10,000.00

Add balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....

82,776.82

THE STATE FUND.—The School Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....

8287,100.72

The Governor, President of the Senate, Speaker of Assembly, Attorney General, Secretary of State and Comptroller are associated with this fund, together with accountants thereto, for the purpose of investment. By virtue of recent enactments, all moneys arising from the sale and rental of land under water belonging to the State, are required to be paid into the School Fund. From this source, during the last fiscal year, there were received by the School Fund in cash and securities, which were proceeds of such grants and rentals, the sum of one hundred and sixty-three thousand two hundred and one dollars and six cents.

The receipts and disbursements of the School Fund for the year 1872 were:

Receipts.	
State Bonds at par.....	5276,400.00
City Bonds at par.....	28,710.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	900,000.00
Add balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....	82,776.82

The receipts and disbursements of the School Fund for the year 1872 were:

Receipts.	
State Bonds at par.....	5276,400.00
City Bonds at par.....	28,710.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	900,000.00
Add balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....	82,776.82

The receipts and disbursements of the School Fund for the year 1872 were:

Receipts.	
State Bonds at par.....	5276,400.00
City Bonds at par.....	28,710.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	900,000.00
Add balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....	82,776.82

The receipts and disbursements of the School Fund for the year 1872 were:

Receipts.	
State Bonds at par.....	5276,400.00
City Bonds at par.....	28,710.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	900,000.00
Add balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....	82,776.82

The receipts and disbursements of the School Fund for the year 1872 were:

Receipts.	
State Bonds at par.....	5276,400.00
City Bonds at par.....	28,710.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	900,000.00
Add balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....	82,776.82

The receipts and disbursements of the School Fund for the year 1872 were:

Receipts.	
State Bonds at par.....	5276,400.00
City Bonds at par.....	28,710.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	900,000.00
Add balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....	82,776.82

The receipts and disbursements of the School Fund for the year 1872 were:

Receipts.	
State Bonds at par.....	5276,400.00
City Bonds at par.....	28,710.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	900,000.00
Add balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....	82,776.82

The receipts and disbursements of the School Fund for the year 1872 were:

Receipts.	
State Bonds at par.....	5276,400.00
City Bonds at par.....	28,710.00
Stock of Railroad Companies,.....	900,000.00
Add balance in Bank to credit of this Fund, Oct. 31, 1872.....	82,776.82

The receipts and disbursements of the School Fund for the year 1872 were:

Receipts.	

<tbl_r cells="2" ix="5" maxcspan="1" maxrspan="1"

THE CUCKOO.
BY G. L. CALVERT.

Forth I wandered, years ago,
When the world was new,
With the forest all alone,
With hills light and low,
And the brook to rise,
And in vain the singer sang.

And the trees stood gray—
But the love of simple lay
Over the cowlings of May.

“I was just a little boy,
My mother, of course,

May we just a little house,
And a pair of shoes of woe.”

Certain notes,

Sighed and moaned men over,

People pulses, my stirred,

By the wind, the sun, the rain,

It was now the close of time;

Reflected that the sun,

Had set.

And I kept—

Looking up; I made a maid

Looked over her the shade,

“I am bound to you,

And I will be your mate,

THE ITEM.

J. S. POWERS, M. D., *Baron & Powers' Saturday Evening Post*.

SATURDAY JAN. 19, 1872.

HAMMONTON ATLANTIC CO., N. J.

The legislature convened on Tuesday.

Both Houses organized by the election of Republicans throughout. John W. Taylor was made President of the Senate.

In the House, Mr. Isaac L. Fisher was elected Speaker. In the Republican Caucus, he was nominated on the fifth ballot by a vote of 23 to 21 for Col. A. H. Willets. After the organization was effected, the Governor's Message was received and read. Soon after, both Houses adjourned till next Monday evening. The Committee will then be announced.

The Governor's Message is a very lengthy document, but contains much matter of interest and that deserves consideration. It refers to almost every subject connected with the State. But its great length will prevent us from giving it entire. That portion relating to the finances and education is of such general importance that we cannot omit of above. The remainder we shall be obliged to give only a synopsis, and defer until next week. His remarks upon the necessity of an amendment to the Constitution deserve especial consideration. There are many reasons why an amendment to the Constitution should be made, and one of the most important is, members are not half paid, receiving hardly enough to pay board bills, thereby increasing the liability of retarding presents from parties who are desirous of securing measures through the Legislature, and securing favor and votes therefor, concluding that if not remunerated by the State, anything they can gain from outside is their right, is not looked up, or is being bribed. This should be changed, at least, but it would be better to change the old Constitution, as the State has no right.

The whole number of votes cast for the Grant electors was 3,592,684; for the Greeley electors, 2,833,247, and 33,293 scattering, most of which were for O'Connor, leaving a popular majority vote for Grant of 70,000. Now how does it appear that Grant is a minority President, as the N. Y. World pretends to claim? Wonderful powers of calculation. Since Grant's first election the Republican vote had increased 570,706, while the Democratic vote increased only 130,247, and the Republicans' majority increased 449,420. Some of the World's readers may swallow such calculations, but thinking men will not.

The public debt has been reduced during the three years and nine months of the administration of President Grant \$36,696,900, of which \$64,047,237 was since March 1st, of the present year, or at the rate of over eight million a month. While it is true that the reduction for the month of November was but little over one million of dollars, it may probably be fair to estimate the reduction for the remaining three months, to make up the full Presidential term of four years, at five millions per month, or fifteen millions for the quarter, thus placing the average reduction in four years at \$376,696,900.

This, coupled with the reduction of the excess income tax and repeal of the more objectionable features of the law, is generally esteemed satisfactory and the country will probably take the message at its word and let the tariff and the revenue laws alone the present session, if not for the term of the newly elected Congress.

The Divorce suit in Camden has created a great deal of excitement and interest. The New Republic, of 11th, gives a large share of its space to the report of the affidavit. If one half be true contained therein any woman of spirit or self respect would do all in her power to be rid of such a beast of a man as Dr. Noel. Then the question arises, is it true? Or is it trumped up evidence and pain for to cover up something of which other parties are guilty? It would be true, all his punishment is deserved, and the verdict of decent people will be, served him right.

Mrs. Lydia Sherman, who in the early summer, was tried for poisoning her husband, and found guilty of murder in the second degree, has just received her sentence, which is imprisonment for life. It is said she was "cute, cool, and collected." She has expressed herself as being happy, and hopes to accomplish some good in life yet. She has made a confession, in which, she admits of eight deaths by poisoning, by her own hand. She is not largely termed the modern Ida Smith Bangs.

Our Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 19, 1872.
The agony is now over. The Stanley dinner, of which there has been so much talk lately, came off last evening at Ward's hotel. It was quite an enjoyable affair. Speeches of rare wit and humor were made by Gen. Parley Poore, Hon. S. S. Cox, Mr. Stanley and others.

The prohibition liquor bill for the District of Columbia, which is now before the Senate, is causing a great deal of difficulty among the run-sellers of Washington. The authorities are being strongly urged by the different temperance societies here to rigidly enforce the Sunday liquor law, and to that end have caused the police commissioners to pass a resolution that no license will be granted to any hotel or restaurant proprietor who shall have violated any law the liquor law of the District.

The postal telegraph bill which has the unanimous favor of the Senate Post Office Committee, will bring forth a fierce opposition from the Associated Press monopoly. Of course it is possible for Mr. Orton to defeat this bill, it will be a much easier job under the plan of economy, to defeat Mr. Crosswell's plan for the purchase of the entire telegraph line. The bill will come up before the Senate probably about the 1st of February.

The origin of the names of various places in this State is given as follows:

Trenton, in honor of Col. Wm. Trent; Allowaystown and creek, after an Indian chief named Alloway, who resided in that vicinity about 1675; Bordentown, iron Joseph Borden, an early settler; Cape May, named by Captain Cornelius Jacobse May, after himself; Ocean named by the Cooper family, an English nobleman who had shown himself friendly to the American colonists. F. - Hill, originally called by the Indians "Kore" - Koway, meaning "the mountain," on account of the number of gulls eggs found there by the first explorers of our coast; and Peterson, after Gov. Peterson, who signed the first charter of the Society of Useful Manufacturers.

A TERRIBLE ESTIMATE. - The annual cost of spirits and fermented liquors consumed in the United States is \$600,000,000. This does not include those balsamic mixtures of fiery spirits and trashy herbal substances, falsely labeled tonics, sold in every bar-room.

The deaths in N. Y. City, by accidents and crime, during the past year were 1,471, of which 53 were murders. We prefer Jersey lands for a place to live.

The Democrats uniformly spoke against the increase and indicated opposition to the very idea of a Bureau of Education.

Mr. Farnsworth, the liberal Republican, has always been its assailant.

It was defeated, on a vote of tellers of 74 to 78 years.

The debate was vigorous, and it is gratifying to the friends of education in the country that with all the earnestness of the attempt to break down the office, we well understand what is meant by the manner in which it is conducted.

The opponents admitted, however,

the excellence of its reports and publications, and mode of its administration.

But the office has few clerks and has no patronage. Only those members of Congress are likely to visit it, who have high motive and are devoted to the public service. It is probable that not a single member who opposes this increase has ever been within the office to give a half an hour's attention to what it is doing.

The friends of education everywhere may be sure that Messrs. Sumner, Pierrepont, Bingham, Shelleback, Hoar, Garfield, and others, in defining clearly the limitations of the national power to educate and to demand that the once so popular educational basis.

If we could fund at 4 per cent, over 6,000 bonds, now amounting to \$32,400,000, we would reduce our annual interest charge, \$22,840,000. But while we hold up before the European capitals the prospect of a speedy and enforced redemption, we cannot compete with our neighbors in the cost of the national power to educate and to demand that the once so popular educational basis.

If we could fund at 4 per cent, over 6,000 bonds, now amounting to \$32,400,000, we would reduce our annual interest charge, \$22,840,000. But while we hold up before the European capitals the prospect of a speedy and enforced redemption, we cannot compete with our neighbors in the cost of the national power to educate and to demand that the once so popular educational basis.

It is the same with the Friends of Education, who have a general aversion to the

excellence of its reports and publications, and mode of its administration.

Probably the reason why people making "good resolutions" every now and then, are that we are curious to know whether like free and independent creatures, we are running our own machines, or whether some little contemptible, half-accident habit has really got the better of us; and, unfortunately, we sometimes find it.

When a twelve-year-old girl in Lincoln, N. H., gives birth to a healthy child, the people call it a "freak of nature." But the girl says that's not his name.

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," for children teething, contains nearly one grain of the alkaloid (morphine) to each ounce of the syrup! Taking one tea-spoonful as the dose (that is, one drachm), and there being eight drachms to the ounce, consequently one-eighth of a grain of morphine is given to the infant at a dose! No wonder that it stops its racket, and ultimately stops its wind, by way of droopy, brain fever, epileptic fits, bowel complaint, etc.

A Colorado pig rooted into some cans of nitro-glycerine, and ate twenty pounds thereof. The tides, with which the proprietor of the pig now handles him, will touch the heel of a horse.

Potter County, Pa., must be a fine place to live in, Judge, from a letter in the Bradford Reporter, of the 9th inst. Potter has been at 50 per 100 for 12 years. Of this number 74 per cent are engaged in agriculture; 23 per cent are fed on surplus home products; 34 per cent imported meat; and 51 per cent on imported corn. To each hundred acres, there is a general consumption of eight acres as much as is necessary to support human beings, and the whole consuming about what is necessary to support 50 human beings. Each hundred acres, then, averaged with the support of 51 human beings, shows all this he concludes that true civilization demands that animal power should, as far as possible, be superseded by machinery. In order that a larger proportion of the fruits of the earth should be preserved green.

Germany is so full of misery that its capitalities are seeking every possible investment. Among other points attracting attention in the subject of banking in New York.

So many are the bills introduced in the House of Representatives relating to the

currency, and so complicated is the question to be solved, many of them disposed to pass the bill, and taxable property of \$31,097,211, and a population of 100,000. Yet Mr. Hooper's bill which provides for the issue of 3.65 per cent. certificate to the amount of one hundred millions to be exchanged for greenbacks, is that it takes capital from the capitalist and allows the banks a larger circulating medium with which to accommodate their depositors.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran is excellent. The pamphlet (copies of which will be on the desk of every Member of Congress,) "Pictorial Sketches of the Rockies," gives a good idea of those wonders; a portrait of Roger the Scalper, with a biographical sketch. Before these attractions it has "Sketches of Our Cities," "Portraits and Caricatures," fine poetry, &c., &c. The Advertiser is very

local, followed by condensed articles of

the latest news from all parts of the world.

The Advertiser for January is not behind its previous issues in richness of illustrations and in its reading matter. The design by Thomas Moran

Medical Advertisements.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring to Gray Hair its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. It soon restores faded or gray hair to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, fallen hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed; but such as remain can be saved by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning grey or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. The restoration of vitality it gives to the scalp arrests and prevents the formation of dandruff, which is often so uncleanly and offensive. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a HAIR DRESSING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lingers long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre, and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For the relief and cure of all derangements in the stomach, liver, and bowels. They are a mild aperient and an excellent purgative. Being purely vegetable, they contain no mercury or mineral whatever. Much serious sickness and suffering is prevented by their timely use; and every family should have them on hand for their protection and safety, when required. Long experience has proved them to be the safest, surest, and best of all the pills with which the market abounds. By their occasional use, the blood is purified, the torpor of the system expelled, obstructions removed, and the whole machinery of life restored to its healthy activity. Integral organs which become clogged and sluggish are cleaned by Ayer's PILLS, and stimulated into action. This important disease is changed into health, the value of which cannot be reckoned on the vast multitude who suffer it; can hardly be computed. Their sugar coating makes them pleasant to take, and preserves their virtues unimpaired for any length of time, so that they are ever fresh, and perfectly reliable. Although searching, they are mild, and operate without disturbance to the constitution, or diet, or concoction.

Pills rapidly cure—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Lassitude, languor, loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaints and its various symptoms, Gallstones, Headache, Sicks, Head-

ache, Stomach and Bilious Fevers, they should

be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dropsey, or Droposcopy, Swellings, they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression, a large dose should be taken, as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a Diarrhoeal Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of three Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

THE GERMANIA

Mutual Fire

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEWARK, N. J.

NO. 762 BROAD STREET,

(Opposite Bank Street.)

CAPITAL - - \$100,000.

This Company insures against LOSS OR

DAMAGES BY FIRE, upon all descriptions

of property, at rates as favorable to the insured as any other good company in this vicinity

either on the Mutual Street or Old Assurance plan.

Dividends declared annually.

OFFICERS.

JAMES M. PATTERSON, President

GEORGE WENNER, Treasurer

WILLIAM F. HARRIS, Secretary

JOHN P. STURGEON,

ATTY. FOR SURVEY.

DR. J. C. AYER, R. A.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

FARMERS,

AVE LABOR

Make the most of your land, by using the

BEST MANURE!

Nesbit, the great Chemical Agriculturist, says that 1 TON of Guano is equal to 33 Tons of barn-yard manure.

We have on hand a small lot of

WEST INDIA GUANO

CUANO

which we will sell on favorable terms.

ANALYSIS:
Moisture..... 13.67
Salts of Ammonia..... 30.
Organic Matter..... 22.05
Phosphate of Lime..... 23.08
Soda and Potash Salts..... 10.20
100.00

DIRECTIONS.—Use one bag to the acre; spread broadcast or with drill ten days before plowing. Harrow it in. 33-lb.

Stop taking in such medicine, eat better food!

Keystone Mill Company's Prepared Wheat

AND Sugar of Milk.

Patented July 23, 1872.

A PARIMACHOUS FOOD FOR INVALIDS AND INFANTS.

By the peculiar process in which this preparation is made, all the starch-forming constituents—MALT and CELLO—elements of the grain are replaced with none of the bran, all of which being converted into Dextrin. It contains all the Lime, Sulphur, Phosphorous, Iron and Magnesium for the animal juices, and Gum and Mucus for respiration and fatty tissues, with the protein compound (PROTEIN, ALBUMIN, &c.) from which nerve and muscle tissues are formed.

It is believed by the most intelligent men that much of the suffering, sickness and mortality mankind is traceable to deficient or faulty nutrition. To the same cause may also be assigned the frequent disappointment of physicians in the result of the action of the most approved remedies. We feel sure that this article will supply the deficiency.

As a Diarrhoeal Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of three Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

THE GERMANIA

Mutual Fire

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEWARK, N. J.

NO. 762 BROAD STREET,

(Opposite Bank Street.)

CAPITAL - - \$100,000.

This Company insures against LOSS OR

DAMAGES BY FIRE, upon all descriptions

of property, at rates as favorable to the insured as any other good company in this vicinity

either on the Mutual Street or Old Assurance plan.

Dividends declared annually.

OFFICERS.

JAMES M. PATTERSON, President

GEORGE WENNER, Treasurer

WILLIAM F. HARRIS, Secretary

ATTY. FOR SURVEY.

DR. J. C. AYER, R. A.

THE GERMANIA

Mutual Fire

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEWARK, N. J.

NO. 762 BROAD STREET,

(Opposite Bank Street.)

CAPITAL - - \$100,000.

This Company insures against LOSS OR

DAMAGES BY FIRE, upon all descriptions

of property, at rates as favorable to the insured as any other good company in this vicinity

either on the Mutual Street or Old Assurance plan.

Dividends declared annually.

OFFICERS.

JAMES M. PATTERSON, President

GEORGE WENNER, Treasurer

WILLIAM F. HARRIS, Secretary

ATTY. FOR SURVEY.

DR. J. C. AYER, R. A.

THE GERMANIA

Mutual Fire

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEWARK, N. J.

NO. 762 BROAD STREET,

(Opposite Bank Street.)

CAPITAL - - \$100,000.

This Company insures against LOSS OR

DAMAGES BY FIRE, upon all descriptions

of property, at rates as favorable to the insured as any other good company in this vicinity

either on the Mutual Street or Old Assurance plan.

Dividends declared annually.

OFFICERS.

JAMES M. PATTERSON, President

GEORGE WENNER, Treasurer

WILLIAM F. HARRIS, Secretary

ATTY. FOR SURVEY.

DR. J. C. AYER, R. A.

THE GERMANIA

Mutual Fire

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEWARK, N. J.

NO. 762 BROAD STREET,

(Opposite Bank Street.)

CAPITAL - - \$100,000.

This Company insures against LOSS OR

DAMAGES BY FIRE, upon all descriptions

of property, at rates as favorable to the insured as any other good company in this vicinity

either on the Mutual Street or Old Assurance plan.

Dividends declared annually.

OFFICERS.

JAMES M. PATTERSON, President

GEORGE WENNER, Treasurer

WILLIAM F. HARRIS, Secretary

ATTY. FOR SURVEY.

DR. J. C. AYER, R. A.

THE GERMANIA

Mutual Fire

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEWARK, N. J.

NO. 762 BROAD STREET,

(Opposite Bank Street.)

CAPITAL - - \$100,000.

This Company insures against LOSS OR

DAMAGES BY FIRE, upon all descriptions

of property, at rates as favorable to the insured as any other good company in this vicinity

either on the Mutual Street or Old Assurance plan.

Dividends declared annually.

OFFICERS.

JAMES M. PATTERSON, President

GEORGE WENNER, Treasurer

WILLIAM F. HARRIS, Secretary

ATTY. FOR SURVEY.

DR. J. C. AYER, R. A.

THE GERMANIA

Mutual Fire

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEWARK, N. J.

NO. 762 BROAD STREET,

(Opposite Bank Street.)

CAPITAL - - \$100,000.

This Company insures against LOSS OR

DAMAGES BY FIRE, upon all descriptions