THE ATLANTIC DEMOCRAT.

THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS.

VOLUME [illegible]—NO. 1. | EGG HARBOR CITY, SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1867. | WHOLE NUMBER 313.

THE GREAT

Giastieutis Let Loose!

WONDERFUL EXCITEMENT AMONG THE PEOPLE!

THOMPSON & STATION IN THE FIELD FOR SELLING CLOTHING CHEAP!

THE undersigned having purchased all the interest of D. B. THOMPSON in the

TAILORING BUSINESS,

are now ready to offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to all of the old trade, and as many new ones as may be pleased to favor them with their CUSTOM, and AS THE SEASON ADVANCES we promise that our [illegible]

Stock of Cloths and Cassimers, AND FURNISHING GOODS.

shall and will be all that any one may DESIRE.—We intend to sell them very cheap, and with Mr. James W. Thompson, who is the practical partner at the head of the customer department, and Mr. James McGowan, the celebrated cutter, whose reputation for neatness and good fits cannot be taken down in the city of Bridgeton, with the best [illegible] men that the times produce, we enter the field and most earnestly invite all our friends, and also those that are not, together with all the people of the Jerseys, to be sure and give us a call [illegible]

THOMPSON & STATION.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to the CUSTOMER TRADE. Also a good

Assortment of Ready-Made Clothing,

of our own make always on hand, which will be [illegible]

March 21 '67-ly

HUDSON COUNTY Mutual Insurance Company,

OFFICE—No. 1, EXCHANGE PLACE, JERSEY CITY.

Organized [illegible] 1842.

[illegible] CASH only, on FIRST CLASS RISKS, for a TERM OF YEARS, at the very Lowest Paying Rates.

The following Table exhibits the progress of the Company for the last eight years:

ASSETS	MARCH 1, 1858	$328,301 40
Do	MARCH 1, 1859	$400,652 76
Do	MARCH 1, 1860	$551,913 81
Do	MARCH 1, 1861	$575,731 75
Do	MARCH 1, 1862	$717,799 87
Do	MARCH 1, 1863	[illegible]
Do	MARCH 1, 1864	[illegible]
Do	MARCH 1, 1865	$1,351,032 90

[illegible] of the Company are believed to be [illegible] proportion to the amount at risk, than [illegible] company in the United States.

DIRECTORS.

[illegible]	Merchant	Jersey City
[illegible]	[illegible]	Jersey City
[illegible]	Merchant	Jersey City
Frederick B. Betts		Jersey City
John W. [illegible]	Merchant	Jersey City
[illegible]		Jersey City
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Joseph Lemon		Jersey City
Henry Holmes	Grocer	Hoboken
[illegible]		New Brunswick
[illegible]		[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Somerset Co
John Post		Jersey City
James S. Noyes		Jersey City
Orestes Cleveland	Mayor	Jersey City
William Keeney		Lafayette
[illegible]		[illegible]
John Root		[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]
[illegible]		Jersey City
[illegible]		Elizabeth

A. WOODRUFF, Agent, BRIDGETON, N. J.

SPRING GOODS. SPRING GOODS.

GARRISON & WOODRUFF FULLY UP TO THE TIMES.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF NEW SPRING GOODS.

[illegible]

CALICOES! CALICOES!

[illegible] selling elsewhere at 20 cents.

MUSLINS! MUSLINS!

Good Bleached Muslin [illegible] cents; one yard wide [illegible] and heavy [illegible] extra fine [illegible] unbleached sheeting and shirting, at wholesale prices.

BED TICKINGS

from 20 cents to 45. Ticking warranted to hold feathers. A full line of

FLANNELS.

Shirting, checks and stripes.

GINGHAMS, &c. &c.

BALMORALS.

[illegible]

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.—Cassimers, Cloths, Jeans, &c. Don't fail to look at our extra Heavy Kentucky Jeans [illegible]

CRASH! CRASH!—[illegible] Russia Crash [illegible] cents.

N. B.—You can come to cloudy weather if you wish, for our store is lighter these days than most stores are in clear weather. Don't forget the place! [illegible] East of the Post Office, BRIDGETON, N. J.

[illegible] GARRISON WOODRUFF

D. SCULL & SON,

House and Sign Painters,

[illegible]

DRY & MIXED PAINTS,

[illegible]

Wall Paper, Oil Shades [illegible]

Paper Curtains.

[illegible]

D. SCULL & SON,

Laurel street, two doors above First Presbyterian Church, Bridgeton, N. J. [illegible]

THOMAS SITES,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, BRIDGETON, N. J.

STONE AND BRICK WORK promptly and neatly executed in all the various branches.—Contracts taken, large or small, and for [illegible].—He is prepared to put up Buildings in the Spring and Summer of 1867, [illegible] on reasonable terms. [illegible] Ranges set, Cisterns built, Cement Floors put in Cellars, all warranted [illegible] Contractors, builders, and those intending to build will please give me a call. [illegible] All orders [illegible] HOTEL, Bridgeton, N. J., will be promptly attended to.

THOMAS SITES.

March 21, '67-6m

Notice of Dissolution.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between C. C. Grosscup, Joseph McCowan and Joshua J. [illegible], trading under the name of C. C. Grosscup & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts of the late firm will remain [illegible] in the hands of C. C. Grosscup, who is [illegible] to settle the same. All indebted, either on book or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment, as above, as the accounts will soon be placed in other hands for collection.

[illegible] C. C. GROSSCUP.

Bridgeton, [illegible] 1867. [illegible]

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, the large Dwelling House, lately occupied by [illegible], on the road leading from Bridgeton to [illegible]. The house is pleasantly situated, and in good repair. There is on the premises a good Barn, Wagon House, [illegible] and the whole is under good fence. Will be sold on [illegible] easy terms. [illegible]

May 24 [illegible]

BEALE'S, LATE POWELL'S EMBROCATION

FOR ALL DISEASES INCIDENT TO HORSES, CATTLE and the HUMAN FLESH.

[illegible] having a full knowledge of all the [illegible] Public [illegible] it will work its [illegible] its usefulness. It is pronounced by Farriers, and all who have tried it, to be the best application ever used. This Embrocation has been put up for over [illegible] at the urgent request of my friends and the Public that I send it forth as the grand remedial agent for the various diseases to which that noble and useful animal, the horse, is subject.

Many remedies have been offered the Public under different forms, some of these are injurious, [illegible] proper to answer the purpose for which they are recommended.

A judicious and really useful composition, free from these objections, has therefore long been desired by many gentlemen who have valuable horses [illegible] and practical Farriers. Their wishes [illegible] prepared and brought out to the public. The Embrocation was extensively used by the [illegible] during the war.

Address all orders to Dr. EDMOND BEALE, [illegible] For Sale by Country Storekeepers generally. [illegible] FRANKLIN DARE, Agent, Bridgeton.

ALLEN & NEEDLES' IMPROVED SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

[illegible] AGRICULTURAL WORKS, PHILADELPHIA.

The high reputation of our Phosphate [illegible]

THE SAME IN QUALITY.

[illegible]

ALLEN & NEEDLES.

[illegible]

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

NEW SPRING STYLES, [illegible] Own Make

EMBRACING every New and Desirable size, [illegible] and are in every respect FIRST QUALITY, and especially adapted to meet the wants of First Class and most fashionable Trade.

[illegible] of Hoop Skirts are lighter, more elastic, more durable, and really cheaper than any other make of either single or double spring Skirt in the American Market. They are warranted in every respect, and wherever introduced give universal satisfaction. They are now being extensively sold by Retailers, and every Lady should try them.

Ask for "Hopkin's Own Make," and see that each Skirt is Stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA." No others are genuine. A Catalogue containing Style, Size and Retail Prices, sent to any address. A uniform and liberal discount allowed to Dealers. Orders by mail or otherwise, promptly and carefully filled—Wholesale and Retail, at Manufactory and Sales-rooms, No. 628 ARCH Street, Philadelphia.

SKIRTS made to order, altered and repaired.

Terms Nett Cash. One Price Only.

March 21, '67-10m WM. T. HOPKINS.

THE STEAMER CUMBERLAND

WILL commence running [illegible] TRIPS between Bridgeton and Philadelphia,

On Monday, March 4th, 1867.

Will leave Bridgeton, Mondays and Thursdays, at 3 o'clock P. M. Returning—leave Philadelphia, (second wharf below Arch street,) on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 5 o'clock, P. M., stopping at Tyndall's, Greenwich and Lanning's, going and returning. On her up trip [illegible] Tyndall's before [illegible] o'clock, P. M. [illegible] Fare [illegible] Freight taken at usual rates. [illegible]

JAMES McINTYRE, CAPTAIN.

Feb. 28, '67.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED!

[illegible] MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

[illegible] restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will be married, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future [illegible] the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. [illegible] Parties living at a distance [illegible] equally as satisfactory to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, [illegible] The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. [illegible]

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO, P. O. Drawer [illegible], Buffalo, N. Y.

[illegible]

Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.

These Pills are composed of various roots having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts which are the cause of bilious affections in general.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, [illegible]

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," [illegible]

[illegible]

REPARATOR CAPILLI.

Throw away your false frizzes, your switches, your wig—Destructive of comfort, and not worth a fig; Come aged, come youthful, come ugly and fair, And rejoice in your own luxuriant hair.

REPARATOR CAPILLI.

For restoring hair upon bald heads (from whatever cause it may have fallen out) and forcing a growth of hair upon the face, it has no equal. It will force the beard to grow upon the smoothest face in from five to eight weeks, or hair upon bald heads in from two to three months. [illegible]

[illegible] try the Reparator Capilli [illegible] If your Druggist does not keep it [illegible] we will [illegible] return the money, which will be refunded [illegible]

[illegible]

KNOW THY DESTINY.

[illegible]

World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight as to enable her to impart knowledge of [illegible]

[illegible]

CRISPER COMA.

[illegible] and beautifully permanent curls, is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address [illegible]

W. L. CLARKE & CO., Chemists, No. 3 West Fayette-street, Syracuse, N. Y.

[illegible]

WONDERFUL BUT TRUE.

MADAME REMINGTON, the world renowned Astrologist and Somnambulistic Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, &c. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired information.

Address in confidence, MADAME [illegible] REMINGTON, P. O. Box [illegible], West Troy, N. Y.

Feb. 14, '67-ly

MEDICAL INSTITUTE, FOR SPECIAL CASES,

No. 14 Bond-street, New York.

Full information, with the highest testimonials; also, a Book on Special Diseases, in a sealed envelope, sent free. [illegible] will not be received, for by advertising physicians are generally impostors without references, no stranger should be trusted. Enclose a stamp for postage and direct to DR. LAWRENCE, No. 14 Bond St., New York.

Free to Everybody.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes. It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved. No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their address, and receive a copy, postpaid, by return mail. Address [illegible] Drawer 21, Troy, N. Y.

Feb. 14, '67-ly

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, [illegible] and the numerous as well as dangerous diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs prevail in our changeable climate at all seasons of the year; few are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important then to have at hand a certain antidote to all these complaints. Experience proves that this exists in Wistar's Balsam to an extent not found in any other remedy; however severe the suffering, the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wonted health.

Mr. JOHN BUNTO,

of BALDWIN, CHEMUNG COUNTY, N. Y.—writes:

"I was urged by a neighbor to get one bottle of the Balsam for my wife, being assured by him that in case it did not produce good effects, he would pay for the bottle himself. On the strength of [illegible] evidence of its merits, I procured a bottle. My wife at this time was so low with what our Physicians termed SEATED CONSUMPTION as to be unable to raise herself from the bed, coughing constantly and raising more or less blood. I commenced giving the Balsam as directed, and was so much pleased with its operation that I obtained another bottle, and continued giving it.—Before this bottle was entirely used, she ceased coughing, and was strong enough to sit up. The fifth bottle entirely restored her to HEALTH, doing that which several Physicians had tried to do, but failed."

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont street, Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

SCROFULA.

[illegible] Chemists of Europe said:

"The most astonishing results may be anticipated when Iodine can be dissolved in pure water."

Dr. H. ANDERS, after fifteen years of scientific research and experiment, has succeeded in dissolving [illegible] of Iodine to each fluid ounce of water, and the most astonishing [illegible] Scrofula and diseases therefrom. Circulars free.

Dr. H. Anders' Iodine Water is for sale by J. P. DINSMORE, 36 Dey Street, New York, and by all Druggists. [illegible]

A Cough, A Cold or A Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED.

IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, A Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

Singers and Public Speakers

will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered. Sold everywhere.

An Effectual Worm Medicine.

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS,

OR WORM LOZENGES.—Much sickness, undoubtedly, with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms.—The "Vermifuge Comfits," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and [illegible] to children.

Children having worms require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

[illegible] Worms in the stomach and bowels cause [illegible] which can be removed only by the use [illegible]

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS

[illegible] to give the best possible effect with safety.

Sold by dealers in medicines, at 25 cts. a box.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors, New York.

[illegible]

CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. [illegible] in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by

W. L. CLARKE & CO., Chemists, No. 3 West Fayette-st., Syracuse, N. Y.

The only American Agents for the sale of the same. Feb. 14, '67-ly

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

An Essay of warning and instruction for young men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the Vital Powers, with sure means of relief. Sent Free of Charge, in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

[illegible] General Order No. 10, published [illegible] Reconstruction act, for the information of all concerned, and announces that the [illegible] as follows, and the persons [illegible] to the appointees:

First District, State of Virginia, Brevet Major Gen. J. M. Schofield; headquarters at Richmond, Va.

Second District, North and South Carolina, Major Gen. D. E. Sickles, Columbia, S. C.

Third District, Georgia, Florida and Alabama, Major Gen. G. H. Thomas, Montgomery.

Fourth District, Mississippi and Arkansas, Brevet Major Gen. E. O. C. Ord, Vicksburg.

Fifth District, Louisiana and Texas, Major Gen. P. H. Sheridan, New Orleans, La.

Ninety-First New Jersey Legislature.

WEDNESDAY, March 20.

SENATE.

10 A. M.—Senate met.

Passed—Supplement to act to prevent accidents from the use of locomotive engines on railroads; act allowing railroad companies to run trains through incorporated cities or towns at a rate of fifteen miles an hour; further supplement to act to establish public schools.

Bills Introduced—Mr. Bettle, supplement to act to enable the owners of marsh line on Newton Creek, Gloucester county to erect bulkheads.

The Impeachment—The hour of 12 having arrived the Court met.

The managers on the part of the House of Assembly appeared, and Mr. Runyon presented the replication to the answer of the plea of Peter N. Horsley.

The Court set down 3 P. M., Tuesday, the 26th inst., for the trial of the case.

The Senate then resumed its regular business.

The House amendments to an act to establish a system of Public Instruction were concurred in. Adj.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

3 P. M.—Senate met.

Passed—Further supplement to act authorizing business of banking; an act to establish a system of public instruction was taken up.

On a question of agreeing to the amendments made in the Assembly,

Mr. Richey objected to the insertion of the clause forbidding corporeal punishment.—This punishment is very often necessary for the well being of the scholars.

Mr. Wurtz was satisfied with the provision. Many of the teachers are perfect brutes, and nothing irritates parents so much as to have their children beaten. It seems best to prohibit this punishment, and if the pupils are incorrigible let them be sent home, and the [illegible] the proper persons to inflict punishment.

The amendments were concurred in.

Ordered Third Reading—Supplement to Mount Holly and Moorestown Turnpike company.

A message was received from the Governor, endorsed nominations.

The Senate went into Executive session at the conclusion of which the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

10 A. M.—House met.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Miller.

Reports of Committees—Mr. Nixon, Judiciary, an act relative to evidence in criminal prosecutions; supplement to an act relative to the compensation and duties of law and chancery reporters.

Mr. Tyrrell, Miscellaneous Business, relative to the running of trains and the fares thereon on the Camden & Amboy railroad.

The Education Bill—The bill to establish a system of public instruction was taken up on its third reading.

Mr. More spoke at some length in favor of the passage of the bill as follows:

Mr. Speaker—I have not occupied much of the time of this House in speech-making, but I feel that I cannot sit still and cast my vote for this bill without giving my reasons for so doing. We have been legislating for every class of our community for for the last two months, except that most important class, the youth of our state; those who will soon occupy the places we now occupy, as well as in the councils of the nation; those to whom the church will look to lengthen her cords and strengthen her stakes. That a revision of our school laws is necessary no one will doubt. We have been progressing faster in most everything than in the cause of education. The public schools of our state do not receive that support and attention they deserve. Let us make the public schools what they can be made and should be, and there will be no demand by denominations or sex to draw their proportion of the money appropriated to public schools. I do not say that this bill will make our schools what they should be, but I do say that I believe it will do much to improve them. Our present law consists of special acts, supplements, amendments and repeals. It is confused and imperfect. This bill is clear and concise; its provision generous and complete, and plain to be understood.

Wise legislation gave us a State Board of Education; this Board is composed of the warmest and enthusiastic friends of public schools, who are willing to give their services to the cause without compensation. As this board is composed of the highest officials in the state, and to prominent and influential citizens from each congressional district, (without regard to party) can we not safely entrust to that body the great and responsible duties [illegible] giving us first class men for our county [illegible] not be entrusted to such a class of men, there is no body of men in the state to whom the people can entrust them.

I believe they will be [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] our public schools—[illegible]

[illegible] from ten to twelve thousand dollars. We also have forty-two county examiners receiving annually about two thousand more. The money paid to these officers is partially thrown away. By the change I believe the state will save annually about twelve thousand dollars, which will be almost sufficient to pay the salary of the twenty-one county superintendents of this state. Therefore I can see no danger to be apprehended in the change. I feel a deep interest in the cause of education, and believe this change will promote its best interests. Observation and experience have taught me the truth enunciated by the Father of his Country; "Promote as an object of primary importance, institutions for the general diffusion of knowledge. In proportion as the structure of a government gives force to public opinion, it should be enlightened."

That education that cultivates and refines the immortal mind should be fostered by every lover of his race, of his country, of his God. I believe the state can do much to shield herself from crime—as more to educate and elevate the masses and appropriate more for the institutions of learning; then we can appropriate less for the enlargement of our prisons and jails. Those places are not enlarged for the purpose of incarcerating the wise and good, but the ignorant and depraved.

The whole subject of education is daily becoming of more and more importance with advances we are making towards a general participation of all the people in the political power of the state and nation. It is a matter of great importance that the educational interests of the State shall be fostered by every possible means. Knowledge such as Public Schools can afford should be made as free as the air of heaven to all who desire it. Then let us pass this bill, and I believe the people will tell us when it comes into active operation that it was one of the best acts of the session.

Mr. Morris said he would record his vote [illegible]

for the bill with a great deal of pleasure, believing that the schools would be greatly improved thereby.

The bill was passed—42 gentlemen voting [illegible] and 7 in the negative.

Ordered Third Reading—To establish free [illegible] in Englewood, Bergen county.

Passed—Supplement to an act to revise and amend the charter of Elizabeth. Adj.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

3 P. M.—House met.

Mr. Murphy, Ways and Means, reported Senate joint resolution in relation to the payment of certain bounties out of the treasury.

Passed—Supplement to the charter of Millville and Glassboro Railroad Company.

Ordered Third Reading—To incorporate the Fenwick Fire Company of Salem. Adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

8 P. M.—House met.

Mr. Murphy presented petitions in favor of universal suffrage from residents at Montclair and Bloomfield.

Mr. Bruere offered a resolution setting forth that as the Senate has adjourned for want of business, the special order for the evening (the bill to call a convention to form a new constitution) be postponed until Tuesday evening next. Agreed to.

Reports—Mr. Tyrrell, Miscellaneous Business, reported an act to prevent accidents from the use of locomotives.

Bills Introduced—Mr. Fort asked leave to introduce an act to annex part of the county of Bergen to the county of Passaic.

The House refused to receive the bill.

By Mr. Coate, to prevent horses, cattle, &c. running at large in the township of Medford, in Burlington county. Adj.

THURSDAY, March 21.

SENATE.

10 A. M.—Senate met.

Prayer by Rev. D. Henry Miller, D. D.

Bills Introduced—Mr. Richey, supplement [illegible] records of judgment.

Mr. Cobb, supplement to act to regulate elections.

Ordered Third Reading—A further supplement to act to incorporate Bridgeton; act relative to freights and fares on railroads; act appropriating $50,000 for the extension of the State Prison.

Passed—An act to prevent cruelty to animals; supplement to Glassboro' and Carpenter's Landing Turnpike company; further supplement to act relative to commissioners of deeds. Adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

3 P. M.—Senate met.

Reports of Committees—Mr. Ware, Municipal Corporations, act to annex the township of Pittsgrove, Salem county, to Cumberland county.

The Senate took up an act to incorporate a township of Washington from Essex, when

Mr. Hays said he was authorized by the friends of the bill, and therefore did, move to postpone the bill until the next meeting of the Legislature. Agreed to.

Mr. Ludlam, from Finance Committee, presented the opinion of the Attorney General on the rights of the State in lands under water, and moved that the Attorney General be invited to read his opinion. Agreed to.

Ordered Third Reading—Supplement to act to enable owners of meadows and marshes on Newton creek to erect banks and bulkheads; supplement to General Accident Insurance company.

In accordance with the invitation the Attorney General appeared in the Senate and read his opinion. The opinion is a very lengthy document showing a thorough study of the question; and closing with the following conclusions:

That the title to these lands under water is in the State of New Jersey, as a part of the public domain.

That the riparian owner has rights over them growing out of his adjacency to the navigable waters by which they are covered.—They, however, are rights of enjoyment, only, and not of possession or encroachment and can prevent the free use of the land, only for purposes inconsistent with them.

That the Legislature, at once the representatives of the sovereignty of the State and of its people, may grant these lands to any person; but the grantee will take them subject to the rights of the riparian owner.

That these rights are rights of private property, and cannot be taken for private use.

[illegible] they are themselves [illegible] of navigation and the great public uses for defence and public safety, fortifications, arsenals, breakwaters, and light houses, are examples of this class of public [illegible]

[illegible] may be taken for other public [illegible] upon compensation rendered, (turnpikes [illegible] docks [illegible] are examples of these other public [illegible]

[illegible] are the public domain, the riparian rights over them are private [illegible]

[illegible]

The Legislature is the judge of the propriety of taking private property for public uses [illegible] EMINENT DOMAIN [illegible] must exercise their discretion [illegible] In the exercise of its power, the distinction between the public domain and eminent domain must not be lost sight of. The former is the right of the State and its own property; the latter is the power of the State and the property of the private citizen. This is a part of the sovereignty and may not be sold or bartered.—It is only to be used for the common benefit and can be granted to the purchaser of the public domain only to enable him to use it for public purposes.

These are the legal principles upon which this subject rests and I think they are at once consistent with the interests of the State and the rights of private property. If the riparian owner desire to improve the State's lands, in front of him, he may do so at a greater advantage than a stranger, for he owns already a valuable interest, and should he purchase of the State, he may use for any purpose.

If he is unable or unwilling to purchase, then the State may grant to the more enterprising stranger, who will use them for any private purposes, which do not interfere with the rights of the riparian owner; while for public purposes, which may so interfere, the power of eminent domain may be invoked to extinguish the restricting rights for reasonable compensation. Thus, the riparian owner is fairly compensated for all he may justly claim as property and at the same time, the progress of public improvement is not impeded at the will of the timid or selfish. [illegible] the rights of the riparian owner, in favor of a stranger; for the State grantee [illegible]

[illegible]

Five hundred copies were ordered printed for the use of the Senate.

Passed—To incorporate Pneumatic Transportation company; act relating to freights and fares on railroads; supplement to West Jersey Mutual Fire Insurance company; act extending the increase of fees of the Judges and Criers of the Court of Common Pleas for two years; to incorporate Port Elizabeth Turnpike company.

Mr. Winfield moved to reconsider the vote by which an act relative to the Boards of Chosen Freeholders of the several counties (repealing the wharf act) was lost. Agreed to.

Mr. Wright moved to reconsider the vote by which the act limiting the speed of railroad trains to 15 miles an hour when passing through towns or cities, was passed. Agreed to. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

10 A. M.—House met.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Hall.

Reports of Committees—Mr. Coates, Banks, further supplement to the act to authorize the business of banking.

Mr. Tyrrell, Miscellaneous Business, to prevent cattle from running at large in the township of Medford.

Resolutions—Mr. Morris offered a resolution ordering 10,000 copies of the public school law, to be printed in pamphlet form for the use of the State Board of Education.

A further supplement to the act concerning taxes came up on its second reading. Adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

3 P. M.—House met.

Resolutions—Mr. Collings offered a resolution that 1000 extra copies of the educational bill be printed in pamphlet form for the use of the House.

Bills Introduced—Mr. W. N. Hill, a supplement to the act concerning taxes, providing that hereafter any person claiming deductions for debts, and holding securities of any kind not taxable, the amount of such securities shall be first deducted by the assessor from such debts, and the balance of such debts if any, shall be deducted from his or her taxable property.

Ordered Third Reading—An act the better to secure the safety of travelers on railroads; to repeal an act authorizing the planting of oysters in Barnegat Bay; to prevent horses, cattle, sheep, &c., from running at large in the township of Stow Creek; to remove obstructions to navigation; supplement to the act for the punishment of crimes.

Reports—Mr. Nixon, Judiciary, [illegible] act to provide for collection of taxes in [illegible]; joint resolutions on the revision of the tax laws.

Mr. Morris offered a resolution that 1000 copies of the opinion of the Attorney General on riparian rights, be printed for the use of the House. Agreed to.

The act to repeal an act authorizing [illegible] of lands under tide waters to build wharves upon the same, was taken up, and after some discussion was temporarily postponed. Adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

The House met at 8 P. M., when a quorum not being present, on motion of Mr. White the Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper of the Ladies' Gallery were deputized to bring in the absent members, who might be found in the city. In the meantime the House took a recess of ten minutes. The officers on their return reported that they could find none of the absent members and the House adjourned.

Protection for American Industry has been the cry of the protectionists all along, but no sooner have the wool-dealing portion succeeded in protecting their interests than we find the following in the Providence Journal:

Notices was posted on Saturday in nearly all the woolen mills of the State, announcing that after the 14th inst., the wages of the operatives would be reduced [illegible] per cent.—About one half of the woolen machinery in this section is now idle, and the remainder must stop unless some relief appears, and in these hard times lower wages are better than idleness and no wages. It is to be hoped however, that if wages are to be reduced, the price of living may also decline. A dollar goes but little way now in filling a market basket or purchasing a garment; but there are [illegible] indications that the day of lower prices is not far off.

Upon this the New York Commercial Advertiser, a Republican paper comments as follows:

It thus seems that the additional duties imposed on wools and woolens do not prevent the manufacturers from reducing the wages of their operatives, and yet one of the leading arguments in favor of Protection is that it increases the wages of labor.

But how can the advocates of Protection complain that a dollar goes but little way now in filling a market basket or purchasing a garment? Have they not yet discovered the fact that Protection reduces the aggregate production of industry, and therefore tends to increase the price of all things? How can garments fail to be dear and scarce when a penalty is imposed on those who import the materials out of which they are made? How can garments fall in price when their cost has just been artificially increased?

REPUDIATION IN PRACTICE.—The New York Tribune—whether it be right or wrong in its proposition for a remedy—gives a good deal of financial fact and Philosophy in this very brief extract:

We happen to be the owner of a $5 Government note—in other words, a Greenback. On the face thereof is the direct promise to pay, and on the back is the following:

"UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—This note is a legal tender for all debts, public and private, except Duties on Imports and Interests on the Public Debt, and is exchangeable for U. S. Six per cent Twenty Years' Bonds, redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after five years."

Turning to the latest quotations of the stock market, we find that United States Five Twenties are five [illegible] per cent premium. That is, he who has [illegible] and wishes to exchange them for Five-twenty bonds must give one hundred and five to one hundred and seven dollars in greenbacks, for every $100 of the Five-Twenties.

How is this? Does the Government [illegible] to fulfil the stipulation printed [illegible] its notes? A private debtor [illegible] refuse to give his note, payable five [illegible] years hence at suit his convenience [illegible] already due, would be considered [illegible] but if he had expressly stipulated [illegible] so to liquidate his debt, and should nevertheless refuse to do it, would he not be [illegible] a barefaced swindler?

If the Treasury will simply [illegible] fund its notes as it has expressly stipulated to do, we can make short work with the gold-gamblers and speculators in [illegible]. We guarantee an effectual check [illegible] henceforth if the Treasury will simply [illegible] its own voluntary stipulation [illegible] greenbacks being [illegible] the more [illegible] to the letter [illegible]

[illegible]

BY AUTHORITY.

Laws of New Jersey.

An act to establish a system of Public Instruction.

ARTICLE I.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That the general supervision and control of public institutions in the state of New Jersey shall be vested in a state board of education, which board shall consist of the trustees of the school fund, the trustees of the State Normal School appointed as hereafter provided, together with the trustees thereof.

2. And be it enacted, That the state board of education shall have power, and it shall be their duty;

I. To frame and modify at pleasure such by-laws as may be deemed expedient for their own government, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, and to prescribe and cause to be enforced all rules and regulations necessary for carrying into effect the school laws of this state;

II. To consider the necessities of the public schools, and recommend to the legislature from time to time such additions and amendments to the laws as are deemed necessary for perfecting the school system of the state;

III. To appoint the state superintendent of public instruction;

IV. To appoint the county superintendents of the several counties of the state, subject to the approval of the board of chosen freeholders of the several counties at their first meeting after the appointments, by the late board, but in all cases where no action is taken by any board of chosen freeholders approving or disapproving, then the appointments made by the state board shall be valid without such approval.

V. To prescribe all rules and regulations for holding teachers' institutes;

VI. To order all necessary repairs to the grounds, buildings and furniture of the State Normal School, and to keep said buildings and furniture insured, and the comptroller shall draw warrants for the payment of the same, upon the certificate of the president of the board;

VII. To authorize the payment by the state treasurer, upon the warrant of the state comptroller of all the necessary incidental expenses incurred by the state superintendent in the performance of his official duties;

VIII. To decide all appeals from the decisions of the state superintendent of public instruction.

3. And be it enacted, That the members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services, but the state treasurer shall pay the necessary expenses of the said members upon the warrant of the state comptroller.

4. And be it enacted, That the board shall report annually to the legislature in regard to all matters committed to their care.

ARTICLE II.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

5. And be it enacted, That the state superintendent of public instruction shall be elected by the state board of education by ballot, and shall hold office during the pleasure of the board, not to exceed the term of three years, receiving annually a salary of two thousand dollars; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent his re-election.

6. And be it enacted, That he shall be required to have his office in the state house in Trenton.

7. And be it enacted, That it shall be his duty to carry out the instructions of the board, and to enforce all rules and regulations prescribed by them.

8. And be it enacted, That he shall be ex-officio secretary of the board of education, president of the state association of school superintendents, and a member of the state board of examiners, and of all county and city boards of examiners.

9. And be it enacted, That he shall have the supervision of all the schools of the state receiving any part of the state appropriation; and shall be the general adviser and assistant of the county superintendents; he shall from time to time, as he shall deem for the interests of the schools, address circular letters to said superintendents, giving advice as to the best manner of conducting schools, constructing school houses, furnishing the same, and procuring competent teachers.

10. And be it enacted, That the state superintendent, under the directions of the trustees of the school fund, shall apportion to the several counties the state school moneys to which each may be entitled, which apportionment shall be made in the ratio of the number of children between the ages of five and eighteen in the said counties, as ascertained by the last annual report of the state superintendent; he shall furnish to the state comptroller, and to the county superintendent, and the county collector of each county, an abstract of such apportionments, and shall draw his [illegible] the state comptroller for the amount which each county is entitled to [illegible] the county collector of said county.

11. And be it enacted, That he shall have power, and it shall be his duty [illegible]

[illegible]

school business.

13. And be it enacted, That he shall decide, subject to appeal to the state board of education, and without cost to the parties, all controversies or disputes that may arise under the school laws of the state or under the rules and regulations prescribed by the state board of education; the facts of which controversies or disputes shall be made known to him by written statements by the parties thereto, verified by oath or affirmation, if required, and accompanied by certified copies of all documents necessary to a full understanding of the question in dispute; and his decision shall be final until a different decision shall be given by the state board of education.

14. And be it enacted, That he shall preserve in his office such school books, apparatus, maps, charts, works on education, plans for school buildings, and other articles of interest to school officers or teachers as may be procured [illegible] state.

15. And be it enacted, That he shall file all school reports of this state and of other states which may be sent to his office, and shall keep a record of all the acts connected with his official duties, and preserve copies of all decisions given by him.

16. And be it enacted, That he shall provide a seal with suitable device for use in his office, by which all his official acts and decisions may be authenticated.

17. And be it enacted, That he shall report to the state board of education, at its annual meeting in December of each year, a statement of the condition of the public schools, and of all the educational institutions receiving support from the state, which report shall contain full statistical tables of all items connected with the cause of education that may be of interest to the school officers or people of the state, together with such plans and suggestions for the improvements of the schools and the advancement of public instruction in the state as he shall deem expedient.

18. And be it enacted, That he shall, at the expiration of his term of office, deliver to his successor his official seal together with all property, books, documents, maps, records, reports, and other papers belonging to his office, or which may have been received by him for the use of his office.

ARTICLE III.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

19. And be it enacted, That the State board of education shall appoint for each county one person, as is provided in the fourth provision of section two, of suitable attainments, as the county superintendent of public schools for that county, who shall hold office during the pleasure of the board, not to exceed the term of three years; provided, that nothing herein contained shall prevent his re-appointment.

20. And be it enacted, That the yearly salary of the county superintendent shall be at the rate of ten cents for each child in the county between the ages of five and eighteen, as ascertained in the last annual report of the state superintendent, which salary shall be paid by the county collector, on the warrant of the state superintendent; provided that the salary in no case shall be less than five hundred dollars, nor more than twelve hundred dollars; and provided, that in case any city shall have a city superintendent of schools, who is not also the county superintendent, the children belonging to such city shall not be counted in determining the salary of the county superintendent, and the supervision of the schools of said city, which would otherwise belong to the county superintendent, shall devolve on the city superintendent.

21. And be it enacted, That the county superintendent shall apportion annually among the several townships of his county, and to the city or cities therein, not included in said townships [illegible] the board of chosen freeholders, the school money belonging to said county, in the ratio of the number of children between the ages of five and eighteen as ascertained by the last preceding annual report of the state superintendent of public instruction.

22. And be it enacted, [illegible] their apportionment among the several school districts of each township the state appropriation to which they are entitled, together with the township appropriation, in the ratio to the number of children between the ages of five and eighteen, as reported by the district clerk.

23. And be it enacted, That he shall issue orders on the county collector in favor of each township collector and of each city treasurer for that portion of the state appropriation to which said township or city are entitled [illegible]

24. [illegible] general supervision and superintendence over the county, in accordance with the regulations prescribed [illegible] by the state board of education.

25. And be it enacted, That he shall have power, and it shall be his duty, to appoint trustees for any district which for any cause fails to elect at the regular time; to appoint trustees to fill vacancies; to appoint the first trustees for any new district; provided however, that when a new district is organized, such of the trustees of the old district as reside within the limits of the new [illegible]

26. And be it enacted, That he shall have power to withhold that part of the state appropriation derived from the revenue of the state from any district in which the inhabitants fail to provide a suitable school building and outhouses, or in which the existing building shall be pronounced by him and a majority of the trustees unfit for use, and for that purpose he may serve a notice on the township collector to withhold the payment of the same from such district.

27. And be it enacted, That it shall be [illegible] such time and place as the state superintendent may appoint [illegible] candidates for state scholarship at the agricultural college, who may present themselves, and the candidates shall be subject to such examination as the faculty of the said college and the state superintendent shall prescribe [illegible]

ARTICLE IV.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

[illegible]

(third) specifying the day, time, object and place of such meeting, in at least three public places [illegible] at least five days previous to the time of meeting; and no person shall be eligible to the office of trustee, unless he is a resident in the district.

32. And be it enacted, That in all districts in which elections have been previously held [illegible] term of three years, and if there are vacancies [illegible]

33. And be it enacted, That in new districts [illegible] trustees appointed [illegible] shall be elected [illegible] any trustee which would otherwise expire in April of any year, shall expire on the first Monday in September of the same year.

34. And be it enacted, That each board of trustees shall, within ten days after the annual election, meet at the school house or some other convenient place, and proceed to elect one of their number clerk of the board, who shall be known and referred to as "district clerk"; and on their failure to do so, the county superintendent shall appoint said clerk.

35. And be it enacted, That he shall record in a suitable book, all proceedings of the board, and of the annual school meetings, and of special school meetings; and pay out, by orders on township collectors, in the manner prescribed by law, all school moneys for the district, whether received from the state, township or district; he shall keep a correct and detailed account of all expenditures of school moneys in his district, and report the same to the county superintendent, and also the township committee; at each annual school meeting he shall present his record book and his accounts for public inspection and shall make a statement of the financial condition of the district and of the action of the trustees.

36. And be it enacted, That he shall take annually in the month of August between the first and twentieth day of said month, an exact census of all the children residing in the district between the ages of five and eighteen, not including the children who may be inmates of poor houses, asylums or alms houses, and shall specify the names and age of such children and the names of the parents or guardians; (all children who may be absent from home, attending college, boarding schools, and private seminaries of learning, shall be included in the census list of the city, town or district in which their parents or guardians reside, and not be taken by the district clerk of the city, town or district where they are attending such institutions of learning); and that he shall make a full report thereof, verified by him under oath or affirmation, that the same is correct and true, on the blanks furnished for that purpose, to the county superintendent, on or before the first day of September next after his appointment, and keep a copy of the same for the school trustees, and shall receive for his services such compensation as the board of trustees may allow.

37. And be it enacted, That he shall keep the school buildings in repair, he shall provide the necessary fuel, and obtain for the school such supplies of crayons for blackboards for the use of the pupils as are necessary in carrying out the course of study prescribed therein, which repairs and supplies shall be paid for out of the moneys raised by the district.

38. And be it enacted, That every school district shall be known by the name and number assigned to it by the county superintendent in accordance with the general regulations of the state board of education, and the trustees thereof shall be a body corporate, to be called and known by the name of "The Trustees of School District Number — in the county of ——" and shall be capable of [illegible] of purchasing, holding and conveying real and personal property for the use [illegible] of the schools [illegible] a corporate seal.

39. And be it enacted, That the board of trustees of any school district shall have power, and it shall be their duty

I. To employ and dismiss teachers, janitors [illegible] and order, pay their salaries and [illegible] compensations;

II. To make and enforce rules and regulations [illegible] with the general regulations of state board of education [illegible]

[illegible] the state board of education, and to confer with the county superintendent to [illegible] the course of study to be pursued [illegible] text books [illegible] under their charge;

VII. To suspend or expel pupils from [illegible]

IX. To require all pupils to be furnished with suitable books as a condition of membership in the school.

X. To require every teacher to keep a [illegible]

[illegible] in violation of this section, shall have no force or effect as against the trustees.

45. And be it enacted, That every teacher shall have power to hold every pupil accountable in school for any disorderly conduct on the way to or from school, or on the playgrounds of the school, or during recess; and to suspend from school any pupil for good cause; provided, that such suspension shall be reported by the teacher to the trustees as soon as practicable; and if such action is not sustained by them, the teacher may appeal to the county superintendent, whose decision shall be final.

46. And be it enacted, That in case of the dismissal of any teacher before the expiration of any contract entered into between such teacher and trustees the teacher shall have the right of appeal to the county superintendent, and if the county superintendent shall decide that the removal was made without good cause, said teacher shall be entitled to compensation for the full time for which the contract was made; but it shall be optional with the trustees whether he or she shall or shall not teach for the unexpired term.

ARTICLE VI.

PUPILS.

47. And be it enacted, That pupils of the public school shall comply with the regulations established in pursuance of law for the government of such schools; shall pursue the course of study, and use the series of text books prescribed by the trustees and county superintendent, and shall submit to the authority of the teachers; continued and wilful disobedience, or open defiance of the authority of the teacher, the use of habitual profanity or obscene language, shall constitute good cause for suspension or expulsion from school; any pupil who shall in any way, cut, deface, or otherwise injure any school house, fences, or out buildings thereof, shall be liable to suspension and punishment; and the parents of such pupil shall be liable for damages to the amount of injury, on complaint of the teacher, the amount to be determined by the trustees, and collected by the district clerk, by an action in debt therefor, in any court having jurisdiction, in his name as district clerk, together with the costs of said action.

ARTICLE VII.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

48. And be it enacted, That there shall be a state board of examiners, consisting of the state superintendent of public instruction and the principal of the state Normal School; they shall have power, and it shall be their duty, to hold examinations of teachers, and to grant certificates or revoke the same, under such rules and regulations as the state board of education may prescribe; and a certificate thus granted shall entitle the holder, without further examination, to teach in any part of the state, so long as the certificate remains valid by the terms thereof, and in any school not of a higher grade than for which the certificate represents him as qualified.

49. And be it enacted, That there shall be in each county a county board of examiners, which shall be composed of the county superintendent [illegible] chairman, and of a number of teachers, not to exceed three, to be appointed by him, who shall hold office for one year from the time of their respective appointments; but no person shall be appointed as county examiner unless he holds either a state or a first grade county certificate; the county superintendent shall fill vacancies that occur from absence or other causes, but if he cannot find any teacher in his county qualified under the provisions of this section willing to serve, he shall conduct the examination himself; the board shall meet at such times and places as may be designated by the chairman, and shall hold [illegible] for travelling expenses [illegible] the county collector on the order of the county superintendent; provided that this compensation shall be paid only for the regular quarterly examinations, and that whenever said board shall hold sessions at any other time, no compensation shall be allowed from the county; but in cases of special examinations, the said board may charge each applicant a fee [illegible] not exceeding two dollars; the county board of examiners shall have power to conduct examinations and to grant certificates of different grades [illegible] general regulations [illegible] by the state board of education [illegible] so long as this certificate remains valid and in any school not of a higher grade than that for which the certificate represents the holder as qualified [illegible] lower than the highest grade will only entitle the holder to teach a school of a corresponding grade [illegible] certificate was granted.

50. And be it enacted, That in every city having a board of education governed by special laws, there shall be a city board of examiners [illegible] said board of education [illegible] subject to such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the city board of education, to grant certificates of qualification which shall be valid for all schools of that city and no teacher shall be employed to [illegible]

[illegible] eighteen hundred and sixty eight and five [illegible] the Senate shall appoint [illegible] hold office [illegible] term of two years [illegible] in case of any vacancy, by death, resignation, or otherwise, a successor for the unexpired term, shall in like manner be appointed, the state superintendent of public instruction shall be ex officio a member of said board of trustees.

53. And be it enacted, That the said trustees [illegible] the expenses [illegible] appropriated for the support of said school.

54. [illegible] of the Normal School [illegible] the appointment of teachers and the power of removing the same, the power to prescribe the studies and exercises of the school and rules for its management; to grant diplomas; to appoint some suitable person [illegible] of the board, and to frame and modify at pleasure such by-laws as they may deem necessary for their own government, and they shall report annually to the legislature their own doings and the progress and condition of the school.

55. And be it enacted, That the number of pupils shall not exceed three for each member of the senate and general assembly; and each county shall be entitled to fill three times as many seats in the school as it has representatives in the legislature; the applicants shall give on admission a written declaration signed by their own hands, that their object in seeking admission to the school is to qualify themselves for the employment of public school teachers, and that it is their intention to engage in that employment in this state for at least two years.

56. And be it enacted, That at the opening of each term of the Normal School, the principal with all his assistants, shall proceed to examine applicants, and to admit to the school such as appear to be possessed of the proper qualifications to the number to which each county may be entitled.

57. And be it enacted, That in case any county is not fully represented, additional candidates may be admitted from other counties on sustaining the requisite examination.

58. And be it enacted, That the board of trustees shall appoint and procure the number of teachers which may be necessary to carry out, in the best and highest sense, the purposes and designs of this act, and shall furnish for the use of the pupils the necessary apparatus and text books, so far as the funds hereafter to be named and appropriated for the support of the school will allow; and the tuition in the normal school shall be gratuitous.

59. And be it enacted, That the board of trustees are authorized to maintain a model school under permanent teachers, in which the pupils of the normal school shall have opportunity to observe and practice the modes of instruction and discipline inculcated in the normal school, and in which pupils may be prepared for the normal school.

60. And be it enacted, That for the support of the normal school, and to carry out the purposes and designs of this act, there is appropriated hereby the annual sum of ten thousand dollars, to be paid out of the treasury of the state upon the warrant of the comptroller.

GRADED SCHOOLS.

61. And be it enacted, That any two or more districts, by a majority vote of the inhabitants at a meeting regularly called or advertised by the county superintendent, or superintendents of the county or counties in which said districts are situated, may cause to be established and maintained a graded school, which shall be entitled, according to the number of children in attendance, to its proper share of the state and township school taxes belonging to the districts which have caused said graded school to be erected; and a school thus established shall be governed by a board, composed of the trustees of the combining districts, and subject to such regulations as they may prescribe.

DISTRICT SCHOOLS.

62. And be it enacted, That the inhabitants of every school district shall be required to provide a suitable school building and outhouse for the accommodation of [illegible] children [illegible] such buildings are not provided [illegible] the county superintendent and a majority of the trustees [illegible] said district unfit for the purposes for which they are [illegible] such district shall be deprived of the benefit of that part of the state appropriation derived from the revenue of the state until suitable buildings shall be erected.

63. And be it enacted, That no school district shall be entitled to receive any part of the state appropriation which shall not have maintained a public school for at least five months during the then next preceding school year; provided that any new district, or a district in which the school is discontinued on account of the repairing of an old, or the erection of a new school building, shall not be deprived of its full share of the public school funds on account of the restrictions of this section.

64. And be it enacted, That the school year shall begin on the first day of September and end on the last day of August.

ARTICLE IX.

[illegible]

STATE APPROPRIATION.

65. And be it enacted, That the governor of this state, the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of assembly, the attorney general, the secretary of state, and the comptroller, and their successors in office, be and they are hereby constituted and appointed trustees of the fund for the support of public schools in this state, arising either from appropriations heretofore made or which may hereafter be made by law, or which may arise from the gift, grant, bequest or devise of any person or persons whatsoever, which trustees shall be known by the name, style and title of "The Trustees [illegible] provided that it shall not be lawful for any teacher, trustee or trustees, to introduce into or have performed in any school receiving a proportion of the public money any [illegible]

[illegible] any law of this state and the amount of all gifts, grants, bequests or devises hereafter [illegible] shall be invested [illegible] the United States, or of New Jersey, or [illegible] secured by mortgage on land in New Jersey, the interest thereof to be applied to the support of public schools, [illegible] which may hereafter be directed by law, and to no other purpose whatsoever; an account of the management of the said fund shall be laid before the legislature, with the annual statement of the treasurer's accounts, and no compensation shall be paid to said trustees or treasurer for any services performed in pursuance of the direction of this act, and all investments of money and property belonging to said fund now held or existing in the name of The Trustees for the Support of Free Schools" are hereby, and shall hereafter be vested in and held, and any proceedings or action whatever relating thereto may be taken, had, made, and maintained by said [illegible] support of public schools.

68. And be it enacted, That the treasurer of this state shall annually make and furnish to the board of trustees for the support of public schools, on the first day of the stated annual meeting of the legislature, and at such other times as the majority of the said trustees shall require the same, a fund, with the dates of investment, their value, and the interest arising from each denomination of securities, together with an account of the moneys in the treasury belonging to said fund.

69. And be it enacted, That the secretary of state be and he is hereby constituted and appointed secretary of the said board of trustees, whose duty it shall be to record, in a book to be kept for that purpose, the proceedings of the said board, and the accounts to be furnished by the treasurer as hereinbefore directed.

70. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the trustees of the school fund of this state on or before the first Monday of April in every year, to appropriate out of the annual income for the support of the public schools the sum of forty thousand dollars; and if the annual income of said fund shall not have been received in full, or shall be insufficient for that purpose, then the said trustees are hereby authorized and empowered to draw for any sum necessary to make up the deficiency, by warrant, signed by the comptroller upon the treasurer of the state, who is directed to pay the same; which sum so drawn from the treasury aforesaid, shall be replaced by the annual income of said school fund so soon as the same shall be received.

71. And be it enacted, That from the revenue of the state the sum of sixty thousand dollars per annum shall be appropriated, in addition to the sum of forty thousand dollars from the annual income of the school fund, as mentioned in the preceding section of this act.

72. And be it enacted, That the trustees of the school fund of this state shall have authority to divide the aforesaid sum of one hundred thousand dollars into two or more annual instalments, which shall be paid by the state treasurer to the several county collectors on the warrants of the state comptroller.

73. And be it enacted, That for the purpose of defraying the expenses of teachers' institutes, the procuring of teachers and lectures for said institutes, and other necessary expenses of the same, the state superintendent of public schools may draw upon the treasurer of his state for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for any one institute, and the said amount may be paid annually thereafter, in like manner, to one teachers' institute in any county, or in any two or more adjoining counties of this state, the same to be paid by the treasurer out of the revenue of the state.

74. And be it enacted, That the state comptroller annually, after having received from the state superintendent of public instruction a statement of the apportionment of the state appropriation among the several counties, shall draw his warrant on the state treasurer in favor of the county collector of any county for the [illegible] whenever such county collector shall present an order for the same drawn by the state superintendent of public instruction in favor of such county.

75. And be it enacted, That the county collector of each county shall receive and hold in trust that part of the state appropriation belonging to his county, and shall pay out the same to the collectors of the several townships, and the city treasurers of the cities of his county only on the orders of the county superintendent; *provided*, that in townships where there are less than two hundred children between the age of five and eighteen, the inhabitants may raise such a sum per child as will [illegible] maintain their schools.

TOWNSHIP TAX.

76. And be it enacted, That the inhabitants of each township are hereby authorized and required, at their annual town meetings, to raise by tax [illegible] the amount apportioned to their use, such further sums of money as they may deem proper for the support of public schools, said sum not to be less than two nor more than four dollars for every child in the township, between the age of five and eighteen, as ascertained by the last annual report of the state superintendent; which said money shall be assessed and collected at the time and in the manner that other township moneys are assessed and collected; if the inhabitants of any township, at their annual town meeting, fail to provide for the raising of such tax, then the county superintendent of the county in which such township is situated shall be required to withhold from said township that part of the state appropriation derived from the revenue of the state, and distribute the same to the other townships of the county.

77. And be it enacted, That the several townships in this state are authorized and required to appropriate the interest of the surplus revenue received by them, and from other funds not raised by tax, such sums for the support of public schools as they shall order and direct at their annual town meetings, in addition to the amount receivable from the state appropriation and the amount which they raise by tax.

78. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the township collector of each township to receive and hold in trust all school moneys belonging to the township or to any of the districts thereof, whether received from the state appropriation, from township or district tax [illegible]

[illegible] county superintendent, and another copy of the same he shall file with the clerk of the township, and as compensation for such services the said township collector shall be entitled to receive three tenths of one per centum on all school funds received and paid out by him, for such purposes during the year to be paid by the township committee from the funds of the township.

79. And be it enacted, That not more than twenty dollars annually of the state or township school moneys received for any school district, shall be used for any other purpose than the payment of teacher's salaries.

DISTRICT SCHOOL TAX.

80. And be it enacted, That the legal voters of each district are hereby authorized and required to meet on the Tuesday of the week following the annual town meeting, for the purpose of determining what additional school tax, if any, shall be levied on the district; said meeting shall be held at some convenient public place within the district, and notice thereof, setting forth the time, place, and object of such meeting, shall be given by the district clerk, and set up [illegible] district, ten days before the day of meeting; and the said inhabitants so met shall have power, by the consent of two thirds of those present, to authorize the trustees of said district to purchase land for school purposes, to build, enlarge or repair a school house or school houses, and to raise by taxation for these purposes or to pay a debt of the district incurred for such purpose, and for the current purposes of the school or schools, such sum of money as two thirds of the inhabitants so assembled shall agree to; and in case any money shall be ordered by a vote of two-thirds of said meeting, to be raised by taxation, the district clerk shall make out and sign a certificate thereof, under oath or affirmation, that the same is correct and true, and deliver the same to the assessor or assessors of the township or townships in which said district is situate, and to the county superintendent, which said assessor or assessors shall assess on the inhabitants of said school district and their estates, and the taxable property therein, in the same manner as township taxes are assessed, such sum of money as shall have been ordered to be raised by the said meeting in the manner aforesaid; and said money shall be assessed, levied and collected, at the time and in the manner that other township moneys are assessed, and collected; and it shall be the duty of the collector or collectors of the township or townships in which said district is situate, to pay over all money by him received, which shall have been assessed by virtue of such vote of a district meeting as aforesaid, on the order of the district clerk of said district, to be used for the purposes directed by the district meeting so held as aforesaid.

81. And be it enacted, That no teacher shall be permitted to inflict corporal punishment upon any child in any school in this state.

82. And be it enacted, That all acts and parts of acts heretofore passed of a general character on the subject of public schools and of the Normal School and its appropriations, are hereby repealed.

83. And be it enacted, That this act shall go into effect immediately.

Approved March 21, 1867.

Special Notices.

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh, Treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 519 PINE Street, PHILAD'A.—Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice.—ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain. No charge for examination. mar. 17 '66-1y

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes. It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected and the forsaken loved. [illegible] send their address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer 21, Troy, N. Y.
Feb 9 '67—m6

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court of Atlantic, N. J. will be sold at Public Vendue, on

Monday, the 22d day of April, 1867, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the [illegible] Somers Arams at May's Landing, All the following described tract of [illegible] land situate in Washington township and Hamilton township, Atlantic and Camden counties and State of New Jersey. Beginning at a pine knot in the road leading from Malaga to the Weymouth road and corner in the Weymouth or Society line thence running along the said road South eighty five degrees west forty chains and seventy links to a pine knot corner, thence by the late Nicholas land (2d) north ten degrees [illegible] thirty minutes west forty one chains and fifty links to a pine knot, thence (3d) north [illegible] degrees thirty minutes east fifty chains and seventy links to a corner near Fairway Branch thence (4th) by land of Society or Weymouth south ten degrees thirty minutes east sixty-one chains and fifty links to the place of beginning, containing Two Hundred and Fifty one acres and sixty-four hundredths of an acre be the same more or less.

Seized as the property of William C. Shoemaker Taken in execution at the suit of Rachel Gentle, and to be sold by

TIMOTHY HENDERSON, Sheriff.
Dated Feb. 20th 1867. tor—4

HAINES BRO'S. PIANOS.

THE PIANO OF AMERICA.

THESE PIANOS are universally acknowledged by competent judges to be the best Piano made. For references they have many thousand city and country residents including large numbers of the High Schools, Seminaries, &c.

These Pianos have not only stood the continual use and Heavy practice of one Year, but have been used the last Fifteen years to the utmost satisfaction of those using them.

They have taken PREMIUMS AND MEDALS WHEREVER EXHIBITED. Such has been the demand for these Pianos, that Messrs. HAINES BRO'S. have been compelled to enlarge their works [illegible]

Having now one of the most extensive and complete Factories in the United States. [illegible]

They are undoubtedly the cheapest first class Piano in the market. Fully guaranteed for 5 years. Send for Illustrated Circular.

HAINES BRO'S.
[illegible]

PELOUBET ORGANS AND MELODEONS

[illegible]

A large assortment constantly on hand at our General Wholesale and Retail Warerooms 841 Broadway.

Our Illustrated Circular and Price List with our new styles are now ready. Send for a circular.

PELOUBET, PELTON & CO.
Manufacturers No 841 Broadway N. Y. City
Mar 30 '67—m2

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE
PITKIN & CO.

5,000 New and Second-Hand Team Harness.
10,000 bridals and collars.
3,000 saddles, all styles—2½ to $8.
300 four-horse Government Wagons.
2,000 wagon covers, all sizes, new and worn.
4,000 blankets and horse covers.

Also, a large stock of reins, Lead lines, whips, buggy and ambulance Harness. Portable forge, Chains, Swingletrees, Lead Bars, etc., etc.

Wheel team Harness—little worn—all oak tanned leather and serviceable, cleaned and oiled, $5 per horse or mule, including bridle. Lead do., $4. Wagon bridles, $1. Collars, 1 to $2. Extra heavy artillery [illegible] do. 2¾ and $3.

Single reins 1.75 to $2.25. Lead lines $1. Halters, 6 to $12 per doz. Officers new saddles, $18, with plated bridle, $21; good as new, $12, with bridle, $14; valise saddles for boys, $8.

Wagon covers, made to fit any wagon,—heavy linen, 3 to $4; superior cotton duck, 6 to $8; 12 oz. duck 9 to $12.

Hospital tents, new and good as new, 12 oz. duck, 14 feet square—$8 to $40.

Officers' A Tent, 7 feet square, from 5 to $8.

10,000 bags, from 12 oz. duck, first quality, two bushel, $9; 2½ bus. $10; 3 bus. $11 per doz.; 3d quality, $7.50, $8.50 and $9.50.

Small orders sent by express, "C. O. D."

PITKIN & CO.,
No. 337 & 339 north Front st., Philadelphia, Pa.
No. 5 Park Place, New York.
No. 483 9th st., Washington D. C.
☞ Price-list sent on application.
March 30, 1867—m2wi

THE DEMOCRAT.

EGG HARBOR CITY, MARCH 30, 1867

THE STORM.

The terrible "nor'easter," which commenced on Wednesday night of last week, and continued with much severity for several days, did considerable damage, especially in the vicinity of Atlantic city, which was cut off from the shore from Wednesday till the forepart of this week. No mail reached that place until Saturday night, which was conveyed across by the aid of a hand car, with a great deal of labor and no little risk. The track between Absecon and Atlantic City was torn up in several places, and a great quantity of seaweed had drifted upon that which remained stationery. Several persons were storm-bound both in Absecon and on the shore,—the bay being so rough, and the wind blowing such a gale, that it was unsafe to venture upon water.

The tide was higher than known for many years—the sea covering the broad expanse of marsh from the beach to the main land; and the Island looking from the shore like a dark speck upon the ocean. The wind drove the water with great force against the beach at the mouth of the Inlet, and completely surrounded the hotel of Mr. A. Homan, sweeping away outhouses, chicken-coops, and everything that came in its way. He was quite indisposed at the time, and unable to take those precautions which naturally occur to so experienced a waterman as he is known to be. Himself and family were forced to leave the premises for safety, and now nothing but the house remains, which was only saved from the fact that it was elevated on large cills, and the water passed under it.

Farther down, below Mr. Sharp's cottage, the sea made another dash over the beach and poured into the lower part of the city, creating inland lakes, and completely surrounding many houses. A large portion of the inlet and sea front was washed away, and trees within twenty yards of Sharp's cottage, which also [illegible] barely escaped—the water forcing in his front palings and dashing over his grounds.

But the greatest damage was effected on the point where the inlet empties into the sea, and on which Mr. Wooten's Light House Cottage is situated. A large portion of the soil was taken away, and inroads made until it began to sweep away the rear buildings of this edifice, which yielded piece by piece to the waves, until all was gone but the two main buildings. Much of the debris was carried out to sea, and other portions lodged in the flats in front of the city. Mr. Wooten's loss cannot fall much short of $10,000. He will make every effort however, to repair damages, and set his house in order by the time the season opens. Bath houses were upset, and the [illegible] blown off from several.

The next serious damage occurred among the attractive colony of bath houses belonging to the United States Hotel. The entire front row, with others, were swept away—some going out to sea, others displaced and sent below, and several much broken. The shore was a sad scene of scattered debris, floating boards, timber, &c. All work was suspended for several days, and much inconvenience experienced for the want of articles usually brought by the train.

We also learn that the bridges at Lower and Green bank were carried away by the high tides.

It is proper to state that the citizens of Atlantic City were prompt in their efforts to render assistance where it was needed.—Quite a number worked hard to rescue Mr. Wooten's furniture, some of which had to be taken out in a hurry, and exposed to the storm; other portions were placed in the [illegible] of the White House for temporary safety.

List of Jurors

Drawn to serve at the April term of the Atlantic county Courts, commencing on Tuesday, April 9th, 1867.

GRAND JURORS

[illegible]

PROTECTION TO THE LIGHT HOUSE.—An appropriation has been made by Congress for the purpose of building a guard on the Sea and Inlet front, at Atlantic City, which is designed to protect the Light House from being approached by the sea. It will be constructed principally of cedar brush and other material added, and will extend from Rhode Island or Massachusetts Avenue on the sea, to Atlantic Avenue on the inlet. The effect of the recent storm proves that this precaution has not been adopted any too soon.

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

NEW SPRING STYLES. "OUR OWN MAKE."

EMBRACING every New and Desirable size, style and shape of Plain and Trail Hoop Skirts, 2, 2¼, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3¼, 3½ and 4 yards, round every length and size waist; in every respect First Quality, and especially adapted to meet the wants of First Class and most fashionable trade.

"Our Own Make" of Hoop Skirts, are lighter, more elastic, more durable, and Really Cheaper than any other make of either Single or double Spring Skirt in the American market. They are warranted in every respect, and wherever introduced give universal satisfaction. They are now being extensively sold by Retailers, and every Lady should try them.

Ask for "Hopkin's Own Make," and see that each Skirt is Stamped "W. T. Hopkins, Manufacturer, 628 Arch street, Philadelphia." No others are genuine. A Catalogue containing Style, Size and Retail prices, sent to any address. A uniform and liberal discount allowed to Dealers. Orders by mail promptly and carefully filled—Wholesale and Retail, at Manufactory and Sales-rooms,

No. 628 Arch street, Philadelphia.

SKIRTS made to order, altered and repaired.

Terms Net Cash. One Price Only.
March 30, '67 10m. WM. T. HOPKINS.

Cheapest Carpets in Philadelphia.

WHERE TO BUY THEM.

ALMOST every one has heard of EVANS' CHEAP CARPET STORE, where you can buy your goods lower than at any other establishment and make your selections from one of the largest and finest stocks of Brussels, Three Ply Ingrain Stair and Rag Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Window Shades, &c., &c.

We are selling Carpets, two yards wide, only $1. Don't buy without examining our low prices and be certain that you get in the right store.

JOHN M. EVANS
No. 317 North 2d street, above Vine and directly opposite to Wood street, Philadelphia.
March 30, '67—m2w

ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans Court of the County of Atlantic, made at the December Term, 1866, the subscriber will Sell at Public Sale, on

Saturday, the 27th day of April, 1867, on the premises at Weekstown, in the township of Mullica county of Atlantic, the

REAL ESTATE

of Fredrick Marquardt, deceased, viz: Lot No 1 with a house and five acres of land, situated in Mullica township, county of Atlantic and State of New Jersey, adjoining lands of Isaac Weeks and others. Lot No 2 is a Town Lot situated in Egg Harbor City N. J.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock p. m. on said day. Attendance given and conditions made known by

FREDRICA MARQUARDT.
Dated February 25, '67 t4 Administratrix

Annual Statement.

THE TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE OF GALloway Township make the following report of finances of said township, for the fiscal year ending March 13th, 1867:

DR

To amount in hands of Zephaniah Scull collector as per report March 13th, 1867,		$1527 29
Whole amount Assessed on Real and Personal Property for the year 1866, is as follows		
Township bounty,	$34599 32	
County bounty,	914 00	
County tax,	1761 64	
State tax,	376 19	
Township Expenses	800 00	
Roads,	700 00	
Schools,	1000 00	
Assessed for Lossage,	1982 50	
Extra Assessment by Commissioners of Appeal,	44 45	
		$42178 05

CR

By sundry bills		$1527 29
By amount paid on orders on township bonds,	$20783 44	
County bounty,	944 00	
County tax,	1461 61	
State tax,	376 19	
School fund,	765 00	
Abatement bill,	215 20	
Township bills,	490 60	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
Balance uncollected on duplicate	16496 97	
		$42 178 05

DR

To Roads		
First District	$1525 53	
Second District	1293 18	
Third District	787 73	
Fourth District	91 12	
		$3,704 56

CR

By Roads		
First District	$230 00	
Second District	268 05	
Third District	110 00	
Fourth District	86 96	
		[illegible]

WAR DEBT

Whole amount assessed on Township Bonds being two thirds of Principal and Interest due	$34,589 32
Amount of Bond Orders passed by Committee	$29 591 02

GEORGE L. HOLTON,
Clerk of Galloway township
Absecon, March 18, 1867

GLAD NEWS

FOR THE UNFORTUNATE

BELL'S SPECIFIC REMEDIES

ARE warranted in all cases, for the speedy and permanent cure of all diseases arising from sexual excesses or YOUTHFUL INDISCRETION, Seminal Loss, Night Emissions and Sensual Dreams, Genital, Physical and Nervous Debility, Impotence, Gleet, Sexual Diseases, &c., &c., &c.

No Change of Diet is Necessary.

They can be used without detection, and never fail to effect a Cure if used according to instructions.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS,

Price $1 per Box, or six boxes for $5, also large boxes, containing four small, price $3.

From four to six boxes are generally required to cure ordinary cases of Seminal Weakness and Emissions though benefit is derived from using a single box. In chronic cases, and particularly when Impotence or general debility with nervous prostration has affected the system

BELL'S TONIC PILLS

are recommended as the most efficacious, rejuvenating and invigorating remedy in the world. A Package price $5 will last a month and is generally sufficient. In extreme cases of debility and impotence

BELL'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

price $2 sufficient for a month can be used to good advantage. It gives strength to the organs and, with the Pills will restore them to their normal condition. A Pamphlet of 100 pages, on the Errors of Youth, designed as a lecture and caution to Young Men, sent free, ten cents required to pay postage.

Caution.—The above remedies have now been before the Public many years and [illegible] great success in the alleviation of human misery [illegible] name of "Specific Pills" [illegible] advertisements [illegible] worthless compounds [illegible] the purchaser. If you cannot purchase Bell's Specific Remedies of your Druggist, take [illegible]

More Valuable than Gold!

BRYAN'S LIFE PILLS

PURIFY THE BLOOD, remove headache, dizziness, giddiness, drowsiness, unpleasant dreams, dimness of sight, indigestion, cleanse the stomach and bowels, insure new life to the debilitated and [illegible]

Restores the Sick to Perfect Health.

PURELY VEGETABLE. Try them; they only cost 25 cents, and if you cannot get them of your Druggist, send the money to

Dr. JAS. BRYAN, Consulting Physician,
819 Broadway, New York.
and they will be sent by return of mail, post paid.

TO LADIES.

IF YOU require a reliable remedy to restore you, and remove Irregularities or Obstructions,

WHY NOT USE THE BEST?

Every lady knows that the slightest irregularities of nature is liable to bring on headache, giddiness, low spirits, fainting, hysterics, &c.; then the bloom of health fades, the appetite fails, and other symptoms more distressing commence,—weakness, spinal complaint, the whites, prolapsus, &c. A Never-failing Remedy will be found in

Dr. Harvey's Female Pills.

The experience of thirty years has proved they have no equal for removing Obstructions and Irregularities, no matter from what cause they arise. They are safe and sure in every case. Upwards of 50,000 boxes are sold annually, and no complaint of their efficacy is ever heard, for they accomplish what they are represented to do.

Sold in Boxes containing 60 Pills. Price $1

Dr. Harvey's Golden Pills

Is a remedy four degrees stronger than the above, and intended for special cases of long standing.

Price Five Dollars per Box.

A Private Circular to Ladies, with fine Anatomical Engravings, sent free on receipt of directed envelope and stamp.

Send for Dr. Harvey's Private Medical Adviser, addressed to Females—64 pages—giving full instructions and information, 10 cents required for postage.

If you cannot purchase the Pills of your Druggist, they will be sent by mail, post paid, secure from observation, on receipt of the money, by

Dr. JAS. BRYAN, Consulting Physician,
[July 26, 66y1 819 Broadway, New York.

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas will be sold at Public Vendue on

Friday, the 12th day of April, 1867,

at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the Hotel of James F. Collins at Absecon All the right title and interest of Charles B. Vansant, in and to all the following described tracts or pieces of land

First: The House and lot of Land which Daniel Vansant deceased formerly lived, situate in the township of Galloway in the county of Atlantic and State of New Jersey and bounded by Nacote Creek and lands of James Hickman the heirs of William Vanhark deceased and [illegible]

Second: Is a lot of Meadow on Nacote Creek situate as aforesaid, Containing Twenty-five acres more or less

Third: Is a Lot of Woodland situate as aforesaid and bounded by the Moss Mill Road, the lands of the Gloucester Farm and Town Association, and James L. Endicott, Containing Twenty-five acres more or less.

Fourth: Is a Lot of Bush-land, situate as aforesaid, and lays on the south side of the May's Landing road

Seized as the property of Charles B. Vansant, taken in execution at the suit of Joseph Garwood, and to be sold by

TIMOTHY HENDERSON, Sheriff.
Dated Feb. 11th, 1867 mr8ts

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and Improved Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE,

THE

VALUABLE FARM

KNOWN AS THE

AMASA MATHIS PLACE,

SITUATED IN BASS RIVER TOWNSHIP, Burlington county, N. J., containing

One Hundred and Sixty-Six Acres,

Fifty of which is in a good state of cultivation, and balance meadow and wood land.

It is highly adapted for cultivating grain, fruit, &c., and has superior advantages for raising stock. Gunning and fishing in abundance. There is a landing on the place, and the steamer "Eureka" is now plying between there and New York.

The improvements consist of a good house, barn, and other out buildings. This farm will be sold low, and on accommodating terms, or would be leased for a term of years.

The subscriber also offers

One Hundred and Ninety Acres

of salt and black grass Meadows, adjoining the above Farm. Those desirous of viewing the farm, will be shown the same, by Levi Darby, residing thereon, or Franklin Adams, proprietor of the Bass [illegible] purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage if desired. Any further information desired, may be had by applying or addressing the owner,

HOWARD P. HARRIS.
mar16m1] No. 17 North Fifth st., Phila

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNsafe Remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.

REMOVAL.

C. HENRY WERLE

has removed his

FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERING

AND PAPERHANGING STORE from Norfolk Avenue to

PHILADELPHIA AVENUE,

two doors from Brill's Tailor Store, where will always be found a large assortment of Sofas, Lounges, Bureaus, Tables and Chairs, Spring, Hair, and other Mattresses, Window Shades, Wall Paper, all kinds of Gilt and Plain Frames, &c. &c. cheap for Cash [march 16, '67—m4

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUtions of both sexes Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well.

Desirable Residence AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the new two-story and attic residence situated near the railroad depot at Absecon. The House is 22x33, with celar under the same, and contains eight finished rooms, with Kitchen attached, under which is a large cistern. The lot is 125x150 with the railroad in front, and streets on one side and in the rear. The lot is fenced with pickets, and on the [illegible] front is a stone wall four feet high [illegible] It would make a handy residence for a waterman, or a fine summer residence. The premises can be viewed by calling on Absalom Cordery, Jr., Absecon, or any information will be given by addressing

O. A. DOUGLAS,
March 16 '67tf Bridgeton, N. J.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

WANTED!

Ten Young Men to Learn Telegraphing

THE Subscriber will open an Office in Absecon, N. J. for the purpose of Teaching

Theoretical and Practical Telegraphing,

[illegible] management of any office, book keeping, working of batteries, &c. Price, $35 in advance. Address,

THOS. W. SCULL
March 6, '67—2w Absecon, N. J.

FOR NON RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, [illegible] of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel, brick dust deposits [illegible] Use Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu.

[illegible]

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity, or epileptic fits ensue.

NEW LUMBER YARD

IN CAMDEN.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have opened a Lumber Yard at the foot of Cooper Street, [illegible] near the Market Street Ferry and keep constantly on hand the various qualities of

WHITE PINE BOARDS
WHITE PINE SIDING, planed and tongued ready to put on. WHITE PINE FLOORING
SPRUCE FLOORING, SPRUCE TIMBER,
PLASTERING LATH, &c., &c.
Eastern CEDAR, PINE & SPRUCE SHINGLES.

We have well seasoned White Pine Boards as low as $25 per thousand

☞ All orders from the Country promptly attended to PERRY & PACKARD
Camden, N. J., Jan 5, 1867—y1

JOSEPH H. RISLEY | ALFRED J. CREIGHTON

RISLEY & CREIGHTON

Ship Brokers, Gen'l Com. Merchants,

AND

Importers of West India Produce,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Consignments of Vessels and Cargoes Solicited

CHARTERS MADE & FREIGHT PROCURED

☞ Orders for Cotton, Rice, Naval Stores, Pitch Pine Timber and Lumber promptly filled.
January 6, 1867.—m3.

BLACKSMITHING.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has reopened his

Blacksmith and Wagon Shop!

and is prepared to pay full attention to every kind of work in this line, in person, and on reasonable terms.

January 5, 1867—y1. PETER GOERBEL.

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *fieri facias* to me directed, issued out of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey will be sold at Public Vendue on

Monday, the 8th day of April, 1867,

at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the Hotel of Jacob Keim at Atlantic City. All the following described lot of land and premises, situate in the city of Atlantic, in the county of Atlantic and state of New Jersey. Beginning at a point in the south side of Pacific Avenue about ninety feet west of New York Avenue and running thence (1) south two hundred and twenty feet more or less, thence (2) west fifty feet to a corner, thence (3) [illegible] being the same premises which Daniel Morris, by deed dated July 11th, A. D. 1858 and recorded in the Clerk's Office of Atlantic county in Liber J of deeds, folio 309, &c., granted and conveyed to Jacob Creely in fee simple.

Seized as the property of Jacob Creely et al defendants. Taken in execution at the suit of Hugh McDonald et ux., complainant, and to be sold by

TIMOTHY HENDERSON, Sheriff.
Dated February 4, 1867 mr8ts

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of John Hogan and Edmund L. B. Wales Executors of Daniel E. Estell, dec'd, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic on Tuesday, the ninth day of April next.

JOHN HOGAN,
EDMUND L. B. WALES,
Dated February 4, 1867. Executors.

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of Keziah Steelman, Executrix of Jesse Steelman, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic on Tuesday, the ninth day of April next.

KEZIAH STEELMAN, Executrix
Dated February 4, 1867.

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of Jacob G. Campbell, Administrator *de bonis non* of Philip Emmell, dec'd, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic, on Tuesday, the ninth day of April next.

JACOB G. CAMPBELL, *Adm'r de bonis non.*
Dated February 4, 1867

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of Daniel E. Iszard, Administrator *de bonis non* of Joseph Hedrick, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic on Tuesday, the ninth day of April next

DANIEL E. ISZARD, *Adm'r de bonis non.*
Dated February 4, 1867.

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of Archabald Campbell and Joseph E. P. Abbott, Administrators of Jacob Campbell, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic, on Tuesday, the ninth day of April next.

ARCHABALD CAMPBELL,
JOSEPH E. P. ABBOTT,
Dated February 4, 1867. Administrators

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of Jane Ann Somers, Administratrix of John Somers, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic on Tuesday, the ninth day of April next.

JANE ANN SOMERS, Administratrix
Dated February 4, 1867

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of Mary Smith and John W. Smith Administrators of John H. Smith deceased will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic on Tuesday, the ninth day of April next.

MARY SMITH,
JOHN W. SMITH,
Dated February 4, 1867. Administrators

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of James S. Smith, Guardian of Henry S. English, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic on Tuesday the ninth day of April next

JAMES S. SMITH
Guardian of Henry S. English, dec'd
Dated February 4, 1867

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of Simon Lake, Executor of David S. Connely, deceased will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic on Tuesday, the ninth day of April next.

SIMON LAKE Executor
Dated February 4, 1867

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of Francis Thirion, Administrator of Philip Lehner deceased will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Atlantic on Tuesday the ninth day of April next.

FRANCIS THIRION Administrator
Dated February 4, 1867

Notice of Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of [illegible] Administrator of Kasimir Forsterer deceased [illegible]

JACOB MUELLER'S

Cabinetmaker & Furniture Ware Room

Egg Harbor City, N. J.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlantic county and vicinity that he has [illegible] at the LOWEST PRICES, a large Stock of

Furniture of all Kinds.

[illegible]

☞ Old Furniture repaired and varnished. ☞ All orders promptly attended to. [illegible] Mueller's New Jersey Furniture Ware Room, Egg Harbor City N. J.

JACOB MUELLER
Egg Harbor City, Jan 26, '67 tf

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

and all diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE

from whatever cause originating and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS

and

that of Posterity, depends upon the prompt use of a reliable remedy.

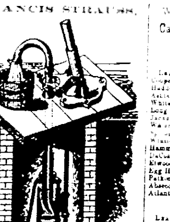
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,
DRUGGIST,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Feb. 23, '67—1y

$2,000 A YEAR made by any one with $15—Stencil Tools. No experience necessary. The Presidents, Cashiers, and Treasurers of 3 Banks indorse the circular. Sent free with samples. Address the American Stencil Tool Works, Springfield, Vermont. [illegible]

FRANCIS STRAUSS,



MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,

AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF WINDOW GLASS,

Force and Lift Pumps,

Wrought Iron, Galvanized, Wood and Lead Pipes, &c., &c.,

Liverpool Avenue, betw. Agassiz & Arago sts.,

EGG HARBOR CITY, N. J.

☞ Also, constantly on hand all the latest improved Air Tight, Parlor, Hall, and Cooking Stoves, a general assortment of Tin Ware, Stove Pipe, Zinc, &c. &c. Gutters and Leaders put up.

Egg Harbor City, Dec. 29, 1866—1y

POUDRETTE.

(Seventeen Years Fair Trial)

THERE is no better MANURE in the market for all kinds of Crops.

POUDRETTE at 40 Cents per bushel or $16 per ton, delivered at Railroad and Steamboat Depots in Philadelphia. Manufactory, Gray's Road, above the Arsenal, Phila., PEYSON'S Farm, Gloucester, N. J., Woodbury Railroad.

Dealers—French Richards & Co., 4th & Callowhill sts., Philadelphia, and for sale by Seed and Agricultural Implement dealers generally.

Office:—Liberty Street, No. 420, back of the new Post Office, Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal Discount to Dealers. [feb23m3w

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

NATIVE WINE.

THE subscriber has on hand about 1000 gallons of Native Wine, made from grapes grown in Egg Harbor City, which he

Warrants Perfectly Pure.

Parties wishing a good article are requested to try it. Sold by the bottle, gallon or quantity.

BERNARD GRAWE.
Egg Harbor City, August 11, 1866.—tf

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

FLOUR & FEED STORE.

BERNARD GRAWE would inform the citizens of Atlantic county that having added to his stock, he may now be found in his new building

Corner Phila. avenue and Berger street,

EGG HARBOR CITY, N. J.

They can find a full assortment of GROCERIES and PROVISIONS, as well as FLOUR and FEED, which he will sell

At the Lowest Cash Prices.

Also, LUMBER, RAILS, SHINGLES,
LATH, SIDING, &c., &c.

Parties in want of anything in his line would do well to give him a call.

Egg Harbor City, Aug. 11, 1866.—tf

WAGON MAKING

AND

BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS!

EGG HARBOR CITY, N. J.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform his old friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to accommodate all who give him their custom.

His facilities are such that he can guarantee to all, the most perfect satisfaction

All descriptions of

Carriages, Wagons, Sulkys, &c.,

Manufactured to order. Jobbing promptly done.

In connection with the above Wagon Making business he is prepared to do all kinds of

BLACKSMITHING WORK.

HORSESHOEING and JOB WORK promptly attended to on reasonable terms.

My old customers and friends are invited to give me a call at my place of business

JACOB NATTER.
Egg Harbor City, August 18, 1866. tf

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

L. HERZOG,

Corner Phila. Ave. and Agassiz Street,

EGG HARBOR CITY, N. J.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Atlantic county and vicinity, that he is prepared to furnish them with the BEST FURS of all [illegible] of the latest styles [illegible]

[illegible]

EUGENE SCHWINGHAMMER

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

[illegible]

LIQUORS,

[illegible]

Harrison's Plant Fertilizer,

[illegible]

EGG HARBOR CITY N. J.

[illegible] goods are furnished at the lowest market prices. Prompt and honest dealing is my motto

Egg Harbor City, July 14, 1866tf

OYSTER SALOON

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlantic county that he has opened an Oyster Saloon [illegible] Atlantic Avenue, opposite the Depot [illegible] from the New York Hotel,

Egg Harbor City,

where he will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor him with a call.

☞ Families and Parties supplied at short notice.

Oysters by the Bushel, 1000 or 100, on reasonable terms.

C. F. SCHMITZ
October 27, 1866 tf

LOUIS KUEHNLE,

NEW YORK HOTEL,

Corner Atlantic and Liverpool Avenues, (opposite Railroad Depot,) Egg Harbor City.

L. KUEHNLE is prepared to accommodate permanent or transient boarders. Meals furnished at all hours. AMPLE STABLES are connected with the Hotel, and every attention paid to travelers.

5-1-ly

JOHN P. WEAVER,

PENN MARBLE WORKS

CALLOWHILL STREET,

(Between Front & Second.)

PHILADELPHIA

☞ The patronage of the citizens of Atlantic County desiring anything in his line is respectfully solicited feb-1y

UNITED STATES HOTEL

OPPOSITE THE

N. Y. & New [illegible] Western R. R. Depot

BEACH STREET, BOSTON.

By F. M. PRATT,

[illegible]

WINTER ARRANGMEETS

Camden and Atlantic Railroad,

ON AND AFTER

THURSDAY NOV. 1, 1866.

DOWN TRAINS

Leave	Mail	Exp.	Accom.	Freight
	A. M.			P. M.
Cooper's Point	[illegible]			[illegible]
Haddonfield	[illegible]			[illegible]
Ashland	[illegible]			
White Horse	8 26			4 36
Long-a-Coming	[illegible]			[illegible]
Jackson	[illegible]			[illegible]
Waterford	[illegible]			[illegible]
Spring Garden	[illegible]			
Winslow	[illegible]			[illegible]
Hammonton	10 15			5 29
DaCosta	[illegible]			5 36
Elwood	10 34			5 51
Egg Harbor	[illegible] 09			6 03
Pethoek	11 35			6 19
Absecon	12 03			6 26
Atlantic	12 30			6 55

UP TRAINS

Leave	Mail	Accom.
	P. M.	A. M.
Atlantic	1 35	6 13
Absecon	2 06	6 37
Pethoek	2 20	6 50
Egg Harbor	2 46	7 06
Elwood	2 02	7 15
DaCosta	3 31	7 30
Hammonton	3 32	7 37
Winslow	3 48	7 46
Spring Garden	3 57	7 54
Waterford	4 11	8 02
Jackson	4 23	8 13
Long-a-Coming	4 44	8 21
White Horse	5 04	8 36
Ashland	5 12	..
Haddonfield	5 27	8 49
Cooper's Point	5 50	9 06

HUDSON COUNTY

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office—No. 1, Exchange Place,

JERSEY CITY.

ORGANIZED - - - 1849.

Insures all descriptions of Property for one year for CASH only, or FIRST-CLASS RISKS, for a TERM OF YEARS, at the very Lowest Paying Rates.

The following Table exhibits the progress of the Company for the last eight years:

ASSETS,	MARCH 1, 1852	$232,361 77
	MARCH 1, 1859	$400,452 93
	MARCH 1, 1860	$551,918 72
	MARCH 1, 1861	$575,731 86
	MARCH 1, 1862	[illegible]
	MARCH 1, 1863	$467,173 19
	MARCH 1, 1864	$812,946 50
	MARCH 1, 1865	$1,132,430 80
	MARCH 1, 1866	[illegible]

The Assets of the Company are believed to be greater in proportion to the amount at risk, than any other company in the United States.

DIRECTORS:

Erastus Randall,	Merchant,	Jersey City
Jacob R. Wortendyke,	Counsellor,	Jersey City
Isaac I. Vanderbeek,	Merchant,	Jersey City
Bradbury B. Betts,		Jersey City
John W. Schenck,	Merchant,	Jersey City
Theodore F. Randolph,		Jersey City
William A. Newell,		Allentown, Monmouth Co
John H. Lyon,		Jersey City
Henry Harms,	Grocer,	Hoboken
James Bishop,		New Brunswick
Cornelius C. VanReipen,		Bergen
Daniel Talmadge,		Bound Brook, Somerset Co
John Post,		Jersey City
James S. Noyes,		Jersey City
Orestes Cleveland,	Mayor,	Jersey City
William Keeney,		Lafayette
Charles Inglis,		Paterson
John Buck,		Lambertville
Augustus W. Cutler,		Morristown
Menzies R. Case,		Jersey City
David Mulford,		Elizabeth

ERASTUS RANDALL, President.
JOHN H. LYON, Vice-President.
JAMES GOPSILL, Secretary.

Agents.—HERMAN & LURCH, Egg Harbor City, N. J.
JOHN T. CORDERY, Absecon, N. J.
oct28'65y1]

GROVESTEEN & Co.,

PIANO FORTE

MANUFACTURERS,

499 Broadway, - - New York.

THE ATTENTION of the public and the trade is invited to our New Scale of 7 Octave Rosewood Piano Fortes, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements, French Grand Action, Harp Pedal, Iron Frame, Overstrung Bass, etc., and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. Grovesteen, who has had a practical experience of over 35 years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "GROVESTEEN PIANO FORTES" received the Award of Merit over all others at the Celebrated World's Fair,

where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and also at the American Institute for five successive years, the gold and silver medals from both of which can be seen at our ware-room.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano Forte, and by manufacturing largely, with a strictly cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude all competition.

TERMS.—Net Cash in Current Funds.
Descriptive Circulars sent Free.
December 29, '66m3.eow.

EGG HARBOR CITY HOUSE,

Atlantic Av., bet. London & Washington Ave.,

EGG HARBOR CITY, N. J.

P. HINDHAMER, Proprietor.

THE EGG HARBOR CITY HOUSE is pleasantly located near the depot of the Camden & Atlantic Railroad. [illegible] by the day, week or month [illegible]

A. HOHENLEITNER,

MANUFACTURER OF

TIN WARE,

AND DEALER IN

Stoves, Lamps, Coal Oil, &c.,

[illegible]

EGG HARBOR CITY, N. J.

Egg Harbor City, September 22, '66 [illegible]

LOUIS STEUER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND

Dealer in Dry Goods,

Philadelphia Av. bet. Agassiz & Arago Sts.,

EGG HARBOR CITY, N. J.

WOULD inform the citizens of Atlantic County and vicinity, that he has on hand a large assortment of FRENCH and AMERICAN CASSIMERES, as good as they can be found in Market or Chestnut streets Philadelphia, all of which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

Suits Ready made Clothing from $8 to $25.

All goods will be made in the best style and the latest fashion. New patterns received every month. The public generally, are invited to examine his stock.

Egg Harbor City, April 16th, 1866. apr14

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

J. M. KRUG,

Corner of Cincinnati Avenue and Camp streets, Egg Harbor City.

HAS constantly on hand a full assortment of Side and Sole Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, Morocco, Kid, &c. Also, Findings of every description, at Philadelphia prices.

☞ Also, Builders' Hardware, Nails, &c., &c., constantly on hand

☞ Shoemakers in the County are invited to give me a call, as they will find it to their advantage. [illegible]

ANDREW GOTBROD,

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,

Corner St. Louis Ave. and Agassiz sts.,

EGG HARBOR CITY, N. J.

☞ Particular attention paid to Dyeing Shawls, Silks, Merinos, Pants, Vests, &c.

Egg Harbor City, Oct 27, 1866.—1y

W. H. BOLTE,

Philadelphia avenue, between Agassiz and Arago streets, Egg Harbor City,

DEALER in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Fancy Articles, &c.

☞ Repairing done with promptness, [illegible]

MEDICAL.

DR. POWER'S ELIXIR FOR RELAXATION exhaustion [illegible] secondary symptoms impurities of the blood, skin eruptions, [illegible] weak eyes, lowness of spirits, loss of power and every form of general and nervous debility and has restored bodily vigor to thousands of persons who now enjoy perfect health. In all cases ever where all other treatment has failed it eradicates the virus of disease, clears the complexion quickens the blood, and performs a cure in a wonderful short time. Please be so kind as to write me a simple full statement of your symptoms and by return mail you will get a reply, with every information and advice necessary free—only [illegible] stamp to pay postage. Have no fear in revealing any secret to me for they are kept safe in my possession secure from the world. I repeat, those who live at a distance, and cannot see me in person, write me. I can prescribe and send medicines to any part of the world. No danger in sending letters, or money in letters, for they always come safely and speedily to me. Please hand this to your friends and acquaintances who may be sick, thereby you may do much good, and save valuable lives. Prevail on them to come and see me, or write at once. Office, 195 Elm st., N. Y.

HASTEN TO DR. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm st., New York. He makes the greatest cures known, being the discoverer of the only sure remedies for diseases of a private character. The treatment adopted by him is that which has the approval of the most distinguished Surgeons of Paris, London and New York, and its universal success has proved, beyond a doubt, that a permanent cure for the worst cases of constitutional syphilis, gonorrhea, strictures, enlargement of the prostrate glands, diseases produced by a certain solitary practice, etc., etc., can now be obtained to a moral certainty, if application can be made to those whose intelligence, skill, and experience can be relied on. Since Dr. Kennedy opened in this city, all the many cases that have come under his care have been cured, without a single exception. Some of these were of years' standing. Special attention paid to all diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, [illegible] rhea, gleet, gravel, strictures in every form, diseases of the kidneys, bladder and prostate gland, mercurial affections, and diseases of the skin, also comprising primary, secondary, tertiary, and hereditary syphilis. Old Dr. Kennedy's treatment of gonorrhea and gleet is the most perfect ever yet discovered. It is the shortest, safest, and best. The patient takes no copavia, cubebs, turpentine, or other nauseous doses, but a cure is obtained in one or two days, without pain, inconvenience or change of diet.

DR. POWER'S FRENCH PERIODICAL DROPS.—Positively the only sure remedy for either single or married ladies in removing all obstructions and always successful as a preventative. Therefore every lady should use them. Designed expressly for obstinate cases; also warranted as represented in every respect. This great Female Regulator, possessing virtues unknown to anything of the kind, is the very best thing known for the purpose, as it will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause. Positively unfailing, no lady should ever be without them. [illegible] put up, with full directions for using, and sent by express, closely sealed, to all parts of the country. Beware of imitations! None genuine unless purchased of Dr. POWER'S, 195 Elm street, New York. Convenient rooms for ladies who desire care and medical treatment during nursing.

TO UNFORTUNATE FEMALES.—DR. POWERS' French Periodical Drops are the only Medicines. Infallible in removing all obstructions and always successful as a preventative. The only remedy for woman's peculiar Affliction, whether in married or single state, [illegible] They are positively unrivaled in removing all [illegible] To married ladies they are peculiarly suited. They will bring on the monthly period no matter what the difficulty may be; and, although a powerful remedy, do not contain anything hurtful. [illegible] to any part of the country. Call, send, or write for Dr. POWERS' French Periodical Drops and take nothing else. Cut this out for reference. Office No. 195 Elm street, near Broome, N. Y. Elegant rooms for ladies requiring nursing.

POWERS' ELIXIR RESTORES THE CONSTITUTION, impaired by excess, habitual weakness, or maltreatment. Wonderfully efficacious in removing Impotency, Incontinence, &c., &c., and their miserable consequences. Persons who have been addicted in early youth, and perhaps in riper years, to a secret destructive habit [illegible] till they find the generative organs well nigh destroyed, which will speedily restore the wasted [illegible] and avert a total and premature decay. Persons, too, whose matrimonial alliances have not been productive of those desirable results which usually attend the connubial state, and have come to fear that their youthful aberrations are being visited upon the most tender relations of human life, should [not] despair, but procure Powers' Elixir, which will surely remedy the cause of your infelicity; then shall the dream of your happiness be [illegible] forever. A trial of Powers' Elixir will convince the most incredulous of its surprising efficacy, even in cases the most desperate, where hope has already abandoned the victim to melancholy and hopeless imbecility. All persons, whether single, laboring under seminal affections, of whatever nature, will be restored to manly vigor, by making immediate use of this potent remedy. [illegible] Dr. P. may be confidentially consulted at his office, 195 Elm street, New York, in all cases of this nature. N. B.—Letters postpaid will be honorably attended to. Advice and the Elixir forwarded to the writer's address in the city or country.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—Dr. Powers' Unfailing French Drops and Pills cure Suppression, from whatever cause, and prevent, if taken two or three days before the monthly period. Relief guaranteed without injury. Extract from a letter to Dr. Power:

"Eleven months after I was married, I gave birth to a daughter, but my sufferings were so great that the Faculty despaired of my recovery. This made me dread the thought of having any more children. I tried everything to prevent a repetition of my sufferings, but without success. Two years after marriage, I was again confined, but my sufferings were so great that [illegible] told by my physician that if I had any more, he feared my life would be endangered. I used Dr. Powers' French Drops. His remedies had the desired effect. Yours, sincerely, etc., [illegible]"

Ladies who are suffering, no matter what the complaint, can address Dr. Powers confidentially. They may rely upon relief. His office is at 195 Elm street, New York.

INTELLIGENCE WORTH KNOWING.—When age has brought on physical disability, or when youthful indiscretion produces [illegible] Dr. Kennedy's Magical Invigorator in the form of Pills, will, in fifteen minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if years had never been retarded or debilitated. Dr. Kennedy's Invigorators are sure and immediate [illegible] a complete restoration of the animal functions [illegible] To the married or single, [illegible] 196 Elm street, between Broome and Spring, New York. Call or write for circular.

DR. POWERS' ELIXIR OF LIFE; and Regulator for Nervous Weakness, [illegible]

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH are regained by using Dr. Powers' [illegible] Life; or, Physical regulator. [illegible]

[illegible]

WEST JERSEY

PAINT & PAPER STORE

No. 117 East Commerce Street,

Bridgeton, N. J.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING,

GRAINING,

GLAZING, GILDING,

Fancy and Ornamental Painting

Paper Hanging, &c.

Paint, Oils,

Varnish,

Brushes,

Spts. Turpentine.

Japan Drying.

Window Glass.

Putty, &c.

PAINTS OF ALL COLORS MIXED TO ORDER

Call and examine our stock of

WALL PAPERS.

WINDOW SHADES, &c.

JOS. M. WARE.

"HOME AGAIN"

Mulford, Dunnett & Co.

HAVE RETURNED TO THEIR

Beautiful New Store,

FOOT OF MAIN STREET.

FRENCH MERINOES.

FRENCH MOHAIRS.

PLAIN and FIGURED

ALPACAS.

CASHMERES, &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HARDWARE.

GROCERIES.

ROPES AND TWINES.

COTTON FLANNELS.

WOOLEN YARNS.

CASSIMERS.

Mulford, Dunnett & Co.,

MILLVILLE, N. J.

Nov. 22, '66—tf

Removal! New Firm!!

DUNN & MAUL.

DUNN & MAUL

Ready-made or made to Order.

DUNN & MAUL.

CHEAPER DRY GOODS!

Flour, Feed & Lumber

McKEEN & BINGHAM,

STEAM

Saw, Grist Mill, and

Front, above Cooper

CAMDEN, N. J.

GEORGE W. ELWELL

Carriage Painting,

Warren, between Laurel & Fe

Bridgeton.

WINDOW BLINDS.

PULMONIC ELIXIR

FOR

Chrysolite & Anderson,

STOVES!

The Unrivaled Cook Stove,

BARLEY SHEAF!

IRON CLAD!

GREAT

JOS. M. WARE.

WONDERS

Yoke Store for Bargains,

Grossenor's Building.

New Balmoral Skirts.

New Hoop Skirts.

Men and Boys Wear

1862. 1867.

Still Ahead.

Low Prices.

New Spring Goods.

New pring Goods.

TREMENDOUS STOCK!

Great Bargains in New Goods.

High Prices Rubbed Out.

New Goods at Old Prices.

BUYERS SAVE MONEY BY

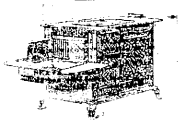
Buying Your Goods

AT McEAR & BROTHERS

CHEAP CASH

STORE!

LEATHER! LEATHER! The Greatest of the Great!



ENLARGED FACILITIES

Leather Dealing

Philadelphia

AND WAY PLACES.

Schuyler Bullfrog,

Veterinary Surgeon,

Camden and Atlantic